

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 29-Apr-2025

Revision Number 5

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name ACTION D435 WATER BASED DEGREASER
Product Code(s) 000000050188
Recommended use Degreaser.

Supplier

Ixom Central Pacific Ltd
Company Number: 1030
Street Address: Lots 3&4 Wailada Industrial Estate
Lami
Fiji
Telephone Number: +67 9 336 1144
Facsimile: +67 9 336 1500

Emergency telephone number +61 3 9663 2130 (International, Australia, All Hours)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

GHS Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2

Label elements

Exclamation mark



Signal word

WARNING

Hazard statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS).

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

No storage statements.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

No disposal statements.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl cellosolve)	111-76-2	<10%
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	<2%
Non hazardous component(s)	-	to 100%

Description of first aid measures

General advice

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.

Skin contact

Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

Clean mouth with water. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

Erythema (skin redness). May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Irritation.

Effects of Exposure

No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians

Treat symptomatically.

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Non-combustible.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal.

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from foodstuffs.

This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Incompatible materials None known based on information supplied.

Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV
2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl cellosolve) 111-76-2	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 96.9 mg/m ³ STEL: 50 ppm STEL: 242 mg/m ³	-	TWA: 20 ppm
Sodium hydroxide 1310-73-2	Peak: 2 mg/m ³	Ceiling 2 mg/m ³	-

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl cellosolve) 111-76-2	-	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 123 mg/m ³ STEL: 50 ppm STEL: 246 mg/m ³ Sk*	TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 49 mg/m ³ Peak: 20 ppm Peak: 98 mg/m ³ Sk*

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH	European Union
2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl cellosolve) 111-76-2	-	200 mg/g creatinine	-

2-Butoxyethanol: 8hr TWA = 96.9 mg/m³ (20 ppm), 15 min STEL = 242 mg/m³ (50 ppm), Sk

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

`Sk' (skin) Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

Peak Limitation - a maximum or peak airborne concentration of a particular substance determined over the shortest analytically practicable period of time which does not exceed 15 minutes.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



Eye/face protection	Goggles.
Skin and body protection	Overalls. Wear suitable protective clothing. Boots.
Hand protection	Impervious gloves.
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.
Thermal hazards	No information available.

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	Clear
Color	Yellow
Odor	Mild Solvent
Odor threshold	No information available

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
pH	11.0-13.0 @20°C	None known
pH (as aqueous solution)	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	Not applicable	None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	1.030-1.070	None known
Water solubility	Miscible	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	Not applicable	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

Reactivity**Reactivity** No information available.**Chemical stability****Stability** Stable under normal conditions.**Explosion data****Sensitivity to mechanical impact** None.**Sensitivity to static discharge** None.**Possibility of hazardous reactions****Possibility of hazardous reactions** None under normal processing.**Hazardous polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.**Conditions to avoid****Conditions to avoid** None known based on information supplied.**Incompatible materials****Incompatible materials** None known based on information supplied.**Hazardous decomposition products****Hazardous decomposition products** Carbon oxides.**Information on likely routes of exposure****Product Information** No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:**Inhalation** May cause irritation.**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.**Skin contact** Causes skin irritation.**Ingestion** Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.**Symptoms** Erythema (skin redness). May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Irritation.**Acute toxicity****Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information**

No information available

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl cellosolve)	= 470 mg/kg (Rat)	= 435 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h = 486 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Sodium hydroxide	= 325 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

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See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	Australia	European Union	IARC
2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl cellosolve) - 111-76-2	-	-	Group 3

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Chronic effects: 2-Butoxyethanol has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a Group 3 agent. Group 3 - The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Long term exposure to 2-butoxyethanol can cause blood changes, including anaemia, in rats. Both 2-butoxyethanol and its metabolite, butoxyacetic acid, can cause breakdown of red blood cells, however, in vitro and in vivo tests have shown that human red blood cells are comparatively insensitive to this effect. Animal studies have shown that exposure to 2-butoxy ethanol during pregnancy produced no teratogenic effects in the offspring. In the rat, foetotoxic effects were only observed at concentrations that also produced maternal toxicity (ie 200 ppm). Also, 2-butoxy ethanol did not produce testicular atrophy in male rats. Not genotoxic in a range of in vitro studies.

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl	-	LC50: =1490mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: >1000mg/L (48h,

cellosolve)		Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =2950mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	Daphnia magna)
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Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl cellosolve)	0.81

Mobility

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of material through a licensed waste contractor.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

See section 8 for more information

ADG

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

IATA

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

IMDG

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations**Australia**

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Poison Schedule Number 5

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

Chemical name	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl cellosolve) - 111-76-2	Present	Specific information requirement: Obligations to provide information apply. You must tell us within 28 days if the circumstances of your importation or manufacture (introduction) are different to those in our assessment.
Sodium hydroxide - 1310-73-2	Present	-

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl cellosolve) - 111-76-2	20 MWh Threshold category 2b total 60000 MWh Threshold category 2b total 1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total 25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total 400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total 2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories**AIIC**

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

NZIoC

All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

TSCA

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

DSL/NDSL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

EINECS/ELINCS

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

ENCS

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

IECSC

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

KECL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

PICCS

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

AIIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals**NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals****TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances**KECL** - Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances**International Regulations****The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer** Not applicable**The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** Not applicable**The Rotterdam Convention** Not applicable**Reason(s) For Issue:** 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS
Change in Physical Properties**Prepared By** This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).**Revision date:** 29-Apr-2025**Revision Note:**

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet**Legend**

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances

vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
C	Carcinogen		

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGl(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)
 National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
 Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)
 Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)
 NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
 National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)
 National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)
 U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)
 New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
 Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications
 Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program
 Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set
 World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since IXOM Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their IXOM representative or IXOM Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

IXOM Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet

Region	Template name	Revision Note:
Australia	UGHS	2.0

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Poison Schedule Number

5

Chemical name	Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)	Poison Schedule Number
2-Butoxyethanol (Butyl cellosolve) - 111-76-2	6: except in plant growth regulator preparations containing <=20% of such substances, or in other preparations containing <=10% of such substances	6
Sodium hydroxide - 1310-73-2	5: <=5 % except its salts and derivatives;in preparations being: solid preparations the pH of which in a 10 g/L aqueous solution is >11.5;liquid or semi-solid preparations the pH of which is >11.5 except in food additive preparations for domestic use 6: except its salts and derivatives;except: [a] when included in Schedule 5 or Schedule 10, [b] in preparations containing <=5% of Sodium hydroxide being: [i] solid preparations, the pH of which in a 10 g/L aqueous solution is <=11.5, or [ii] liquid or semi-solid preparations the pH of which is <=11.5 10: Prohibited;except its	10 5 6

	derivatives and salts;in liquid or semi-solid food additive preparations, for domestic use, the pH of which is >11.5	
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Auth Group Chemicals
Generic Supplier IXOM Operations Pty Ltd
PPE Code C:OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.
Deletion Flag (Y=Deleted, N=Active) N
Haz Indicator Aus Y

IXOM Label Data

Signal word WARNING
SAFETY DIRECTIONS Avoid contact with skin and eyes and avoid breathing dust/vapour or spray mist. Wear overalls, impervious gloves and chemical goggles. Ensure adequate ventilation when using. If inhalation risk exists wear suitable mist respirator. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place. Store away from foodstuffs. Keep containers closed when not in use.
FOR SPILLS Slippery when spilt. Wear protective equipment. Absorb with sand or soil. Collect and seal in properly labelled drums or other suitable containers.
CONTAINS AU <10% 2-BUTOXYETHANOL; <2% SODIUM HYDROXIDE.
Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS
 Change in Physical Properties
Additional Info Statement ADDITIONAL INFORMATION IS LISTED IN THE SAFETY DATA SHEET.

Pictograms

Physical Hazards



Hazard statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Scanned SDS Data

Revision date: 29-Apr-2025
Poison Schedule Number 5

Australia SDS version information - UGHS

UL release:
 GHS Revision 7
 2023 Q4

Australia Label version information - AULB

UL release:
 2023 Q4

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)