# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 21-Mar-2022

**Revision Number** 8

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Product identifier** 

Product Name NITRIC ACID 65-70%

**Product Code(s)** 000034074301

**Recommended use** Acid for metal treatment and for use in dairy and food industries.

USE DIRECTIONS: Rinse equipment thoroughly with water. For CIP Regimes: Dilute Nitric Acid to between 0.3-2% w/v Nitric Acid and circulate at a temperature between 60°C and 80°C. For manual soaking systems: Dilute Nitric Acid to between 0.3-2%w/v with hot water and soak for 5-10 minutes. Rinse product contacting surface with potable water after use.

**Supplier** 

Ixom Central Pacific Ltd Company Number: 1030

Street Address: Lots 3&4 Wailada Industrial Estate

Lami Fiji

Telephone Number: +67 9 336 1144

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+61 3 9663 2130 (International, Australia, All Hours)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

| Oxidizing liquids                    | Category 3                |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Corrosive to metals                  | Category 1                |
| Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors) | Category 3                |
| Skin corrosion/irritation            | Category 1 Sub-category A |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation    | Category 1                |

# **SIGNAL WORD**

Danger

## Label elements

Corrosion Flame over circle Skull and crossbones



### **Hazard statements**

H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles

Keep only in original container

Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray

Wear respiratory protection

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

Specific treatment is urgent (see First aid on this SDS)

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

# **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner

### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

# Other hazards which do not result in classification

AUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract

**General Hazards** 

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 6

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## <u>Mixture</u>

| Chemical name | CAS No.   | Weight-% |
|---------------|-----------|----------|
| Nitric acid   | 7697-37-2 | 65-70    |
| Water         | 7732-18-5 | to 100   |

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### **Description of first aid measures**

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Immediate medical attention is required. Show this

safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**Inhalation** If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Get immediate medical

advice/attention.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep

eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

**Skin contact** IF ON CLOTHING: Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water

before removing clothes. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical

advice/attention.

**Self-protection of the first aider** Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. See section 8 for more information.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause blindness.

Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated.

Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure. Can cause corneal burns. Effects from exposure to decomposition products including nitrogen dioxide (possible decomposition component) can include chest discomfort, shortness of breath and possible pulmonary oedema, the onset of which may be delayed. The exposed person should be kept under medical surveillance for 24 hours for delayed onset of pulmonary

oedema.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Corrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Oxidizer. These substances will accelerate burning when involved in a fire. May ignite combustibles (wood paper, oil, clothing, etc.). Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Most vapors are heavier than air. Vapors may spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks).

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Oxidizer. May ignite combustibles (wood paper, oil, clothing, etc.). Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn.

Hazchem code 2R

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Attention! Corrosive material. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and cloth

Attention! Corrosive material. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Use

personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information.

Other information Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc) away from spilled material. DO NOT GET

WATER INSIDE CONTAINERS. Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in

Sections 7 and 8.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions** Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Do not flush into

surface water or sanitary sewer system. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Should not be released into the environment. Do not

allow to enter into soil/subsoil.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Dike far ahead of spill; use dry sand to contain the flow of material. Absorb or cover with

dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Stop leak if

you can do it without risk.

Methods for cleaning up

Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and

place into a container for later disposal. With clean shovel place material into clean, dry container and cover loosely; move containers from spill area. After cleaning, flush away

traces with water. Prevent product from entering drains.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not eat, drink

or smoke when using this product. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear

suitable respiratory equipment. Use personal protection equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When diluting, always add the product to water. Never add water to the product.

**General hygiene considerations** 

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep in properly

labelled containers. Keep out of the reach of children. Store locked up. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in accordance with the particular national

regulations.

This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in

accordance with the relevant regulations.

Incompatible materials Combustible material. Organic material. Alkalis. Carbides. Chlorates. Reducing agents.

Metals.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 6

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Control parameters**

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace

Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Nitric acid: 8hr TWA =  $5.2 \text{ mg/m}^3$  (2 ppm),  $15 \text{ min STEL} = 10 \text{ mg/m}^3$  (4 ppm)

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

# **Engineering controls** Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Ventilation systems. Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Workplace Exposure Standards. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational

exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, RUBBER BOOTS, AIR MASK, GLOVES (Long), APRON.

NOTE: Chemical goggles and face shield are not required if wearing an air-supplied mask.













Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles. If splashes are likely to occur:. Face protection shield.

Boots. Long sleeved clothing. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Chemical Skin and body protection

resistant apron. Overalls.

Elbow-length impervious gloves. Hand protection

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an air supplied respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** Liquid

**Appearance** No information available. Colourless to Pale Yellow Color

Odor Sharp Irritating

No information available. **Odor threshold** 

**Property** Values

Not applicable

Not applicable

0.8 (1% w/v solution) No data available pH (as aqueous solution)

Melting point / freezing point -34°C

Boiling point / boiling range No data available

Flash point Not applicable **Evaporation rate** No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability or explosive

limits

Lower flammability or explosive

limits

Vapor pressure No data available Vapor density No data available Relative density 1.40-1.42 @20°C Remarks • Method

None known

None known

None known None known

None known None known

Water solubility Miscible in water Solubility(ies) No data available

Partition coefficient
No data available
Autoignition temperature
No data available

Decomposition temperatureNo data availableNone knownKinematic viscosityNo data availableNone knownDynamic viscosity2 cP @20°C

Other information

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

**Reactivity** Reacts with alkalis. Oxidizer.

**Chemical stability** 

**Stability** May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer. Decomposes on exposure to light.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions 
Nitric acid reacts with metals liberating flammable hydrogen gas. May cause fire in contact

with organic materials such as wood, cotton or straw, evolving toxic nitrogen oxides gases

None known

None known

(brown fumes). Reacts vigorously with alkalis evolving heat.

**Hazardous polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

**Conditions to avoid** Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to air. Exposure to light.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Combustible material. Organic material. Alkalis. Carbides. Chlorates. Reducing agents.

Metals.

**Hazardous decomposition products** 

Hazardous decomposition products Nitrogen oxides.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Acute toxicity**

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

**Inhalation** Toxic by inhalation. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Inhaled corrosive substances can

lead to a toxic edema of the lungs. Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may cause coughing, choking, headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased

blood pressure, and increased heart rate. Pulmonary edema can be fatal.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage

including blindness. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.

**Skin contact** Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion** Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach. Large exposures may be fatal.

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause blindness.

Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing.

### Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) ca. 2.65-2.85 mg/L

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe burns. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on

component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based

on component data.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

**Carcinogenicity** No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

**STOT - single exposure** Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

**STOT - repeated exposure**No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** No information available.

Chronic effects: Chronic overexposure to vapour, fumes or aerosols may produce adverse effects on the

lungs and erosion of the teeth.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Ecotoxicity**

**Ecotoxicity** Keep out of waterways.

| Chemical name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish                | Toxicity to microorganisms | Crustacea |
|---------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| Nitric acid   | -                    | LC50: =72mg/L (96h, | -                          | -         |
|               |                      | Gambusia affinis)   |                            |           |

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** There is no data for this product.

**Component Information** 

| Chemical name | Partition coefficient |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| Nitric acid   | -2.3                  |

**Mobility** 

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and

Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 2031

Proper shipping name NITRIC ACID

Hazard class 8
Subsidiary hazard class 5.1
Packing group II
Hazchem code 2R

#### IATA

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air: DANGEROUS GOODS.

TRANSPORT PROHIBITED under the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air in Passenger and Cargo Aircraft; may be transported by Cargo Aircraft Only.

UN number 2031

UN proper shipping name NITRIC ACID

Transport hazard class(es) 8
Subsidiary hazard class 5.1
Packing group II

#### **IMDG**

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 2031

UN proper shipping name NITRIC ACID

Transport hazard class(es) 8
Subsidiary hazard class 5.1
Packing group || IMDG EMS Fire F-A

IMDG EMS Spill S-Q Marine pollutant No

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **National regulations**

#### Australia

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 6

# Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that license requirements are met

Hazardous chemical Threshold quantity (T)

Oxidizing material listed in Appendix A to the ADG Code 50
Oxidizing materials that meet the criteria for Division 5.1 Packing 200

Group I or II

Materials that meet the criteria for Toxic in table 15.3

### National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

| Chemical name           | National pollutant inventory     |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Nitric acid - 7697-37-2 | 10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1 |

# **International Inventories**

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

**NZIoC**All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

#### Legend:

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

# **International Regulations**

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason(s) For Issue: Revised Primary SDS Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification

Issuing Date: 21-Mar-2022

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

#### **Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

C Carcinogen

### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their lxom representative or lxom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**