

## **1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

Product Name:

#### **DSP 314**

**Recommended Use of the Chemical** Mineral flotation collector. **and Restrictions on Use** 

Telephone Number:	+61 3 9906 3000
Emergency Telephone:	1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)
Supplier: ABN: Street Address:	Ixom Operations Pty Ltd 51 600 546 512 Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street East Melbourne Victoria 3002 Australia

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

#### Classification of the chemical:

Skin Corrosion - Sub-category 1B Eye Damage - Category 1 Skin Sensitisation - Category 1

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Category 2 Chronic Aquatic Toxicity - Category 2

#### SIGNAL WORD: DANGER



Hazard Statement(s): H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary Statement(s):**

#### Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.



#### **Response:**

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P321 Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on Safety Data Sheet).
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
Continue rinsing.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P391 Collect spillage.

#### Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

#### **Other Hazards:**

AUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): None allocated.

### **3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Components	CAS Number	Proportion	Hazard Codes
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-dibutyl ester, sodium salt	36245-44-0	30-60%	H314
Sodium mercaptobenzothiazole (NaMBT)	2492-26-4	10-<30%	H314 H317 H410
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous	-	to 100%	-

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

#### Inhalation:

Remove victim from area of exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If patient finds breathing difficult and develops a bluish discolouration of the skin (which suggests a lack of oxygen in the blood - cyanosis), ensure airways are clear of any obstruction and have a qualified person give oxygen through a face mask. Apply artificial respiration if patient is not breathing. Seek immediate medical advice.

#### Skin Contact:

If spilt on large areas of skin or hair, immediately drench with running water and remove clothing. Continue to wash skin and hair with plenty of water (and soap if material is insoluble) until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

#### Eye Contact:

Immediately wash in and around the eye area with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held apart. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance. Transport promptly to hospital or medical centre.



Immediately rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. Seek immediate medical assistance.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Not combustible, however, if material is involved in a fire use: Fine water spray, normal foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

#### Hazchem or Emergency Action Code: 2X

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Non-combustible material. Corrosive chemical. Environmentally hazardous.

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Decomposes on heating emitting toxic fumes, including those of hydrogen sulfide, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulfur, oxides of phosphorus. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to products of decomposition.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Emergency procedures/Environmental precautions:**

Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Do not allow container or product to get into drains, sewers, streams or ponds. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

#### Personal precautions/Protective equipment/Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing in vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. Wash area down with excess water.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in vapour, mists and aerosols.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Control Parameters:** No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia.

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Use in well ventilated areas. Keep containers closed when not in use.

IXO



#### Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.



Wear overalls, chemical goggles, face shield, elbow-length impervious gloves, splash apron or equivalent chemical impervious outer garment, and rubber boots. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Yellow to Light Brown
Odour:	Pungent
Solubility:	Soluble in water.
Specific Gravity:	1.11
Relative Vapour Density (air=1):	Not available
Vapour Pressure (20 °C):	Not available
Flash Point (°C):	Not applicable
Flammability Limits (%):	Not applicable
Autoignition Temperature (°C):	Not applicable
Boiling Point/Range (°C):	100
Decomposition Point (°C):	Not available
pH:	>11.5

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity:	Reacts with acids. Reacts with mineral acids.
Chemical stability:	No information available.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Reacts with mineral acids evolving flammable and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Avoid contact with foodstuffs.
Incompatible materials:	Incompatible with acids , organic chemicals , oxidising agents , aluminium , zinc , mineral acids .
Hazardous decomposition products:	Hydrogen sulfide. Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur. Oxides of phosphorus.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

sensitisation:



No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Ingestion:	Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain and chemical burns to the gastrointestinal tract.
Eye contact:	A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes; contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury.
Skin contact:	Contact with skin will result in severe irritation. Corrosive to skin - may cause skin burns. A skin sensitiser. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to allergic contact dermatitis.
Inhalation:	Material may be irritant to the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract (airways).
Acute toxicity:	
Skin corrosion/irritation: Serious eye damage/irritation: Respiratory or skin	Severe irritant. Severe irritant. A skin sensitiser.

Chronic effects: No information available for the product.

Aspiration hazard: No information available.

Although toxicological data on the specific dithiophosphate esters and their salts is scarce, as a group of chemicals they are considered to be harmful on contact with skin and if swallowed and corrosive to both the skin and eyes.

On contact with acids most dithiophosphate acid esters and salts produce the toxic compound hydrogen sulfide (rotten egg gas).

No specific toxicological data found for the sodium salt of mercaptobenzothiazole, however mercaptobenzothiazole itself has been known to cause skin sensitisation in test guinea pigs. It is corrosive to both skin and eyes.

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity	Avoid contaminating waterways.
Persistence/degradability:	No information available.
Bioaccumulative potential:	No information available.
Mobility in soil:	Low mobility in soil.
Aquatic toxicity:	Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
48hr LC50 (fish): Terrestrial toxicity:	2 mg/L. Expected to be harmful to terrestrial species.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**



#### **Disposal methods:**

Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

3267

#### Road and Rail Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.



UN No: **Transport Hazard Class: Packing Group:** Proper Shipping Name or **Technical Name:** Hazchem or Emergency Action 2X Code:

### 8 Corrosive Ш CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM DIBUTYL PHOSPHORODITHIOATE AND SODIUM MERCAPTOBENZOTHIAZOLE)

#### Marine Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No:	3267
Transport Hazard Class:	8 Corrosive
Packing Group:	II
Proper Shipping Name or	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM DIBUTYL
Technical Name:	PHOSPHORODITHIOATE AND SODIUM MERCAPTOBENZOTHIAZOLE)
IMDG EMS Fire:	F-A
IMDG EMS Spill:	S-B

#### Air Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No:	3267
Transport Hazard Class:	8 Corrosive
Packing Group:	
Proper Shipping Name or	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM DIBUTYL
Technical Name:	PHOSPHORODITHIOATE AND SODIUM MERCAPTOBENZOTHIAZOLE)

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **Classification:**

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.



#### Classification of the chemical:

Skin Corrosion - Sub-category 1B Eye Damage - Category 1 Skin Sensitisation - Category 1

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Category 2 Chronic Aquatic Toxicity - Category 2

#### Hazard Statement(s):

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): None allocated.

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety - Web Info Service. 2002. In: 'The Dictionary of Substances and their Effects'. Ed.Gangolli S. Royal Society of Chemistry, 1999.

#### Reason(s) for Issue:

5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.