

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 20-Oct-2023

Revision Number 5

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

### Product identifier

**Product Name** QUICK STRIP  
**Product Code(s)** 000000008797

### Other means of identification

**UN number** 1814

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Recommended use** Heavy Duty Cleaner.  
**Uses advised against** No information available

### Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd  
ABN: 51 600 546 512  
Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street  
Melbourne 3000  
Australia

Telephone Number: +61 3 9906 3000

### Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number **1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)**

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

<b>Corrosive to metals</b>	Category 1
<b>Acute toxicity - Oral</b>	Category 4
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Category 1 Sub-category A
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Category 1

### **SIGNAL WORD**

Danger

### Label elements

Corrosion  
Exclamation mark



#### Hazard statements

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

#### Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep only in original container

Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

#### Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

#### Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner

#### Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

##### General Hazards

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

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### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	10-30%
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1-10%
D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides	110615-47-9	0-1%
Non hazardous component(s)	-	to 100%

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

##### General advice

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

	Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.
<b>Skin contact</b>	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. A physician should see the patient promptly if contact with the product has resulted in blistering of the dermal surface or in deep tissue freezing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

<b>Symptoms</b>	Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). Burning.
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**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

<b>Note to physicians</b>	Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.
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**5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES****Suitable Extinguishing Media**

<b>Suitable Extinguishing Media</b>	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.
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<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	No information available.
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**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Corrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.
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**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

<b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b>	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.
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<b>Hazchem code</b>	2R
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**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

<b>Personal precautions</b>	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.
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<b>For emergency responders</b>	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.
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**Environmental precautions**

**Environmental precautions** Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

**Methods for containment** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

**Methods for cleaning up** Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling**

**Advice on safe handling** Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep out of reach of children.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

**Storage Conditions** Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from foodstuffs. Do not store in aluminium or galvanised containers nor use die-cast zinc or aluminium bungs; steel bungs should be used. Keep container closed when not in use.

This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.

**Incompatible materials** Acids. Ammonium salts. Sodium hypochlorite. Aluminium. Tin. Zinc.

**Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)** 6

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Control parameters**

**Exposure Limits** No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

2-Butoxyethanol: 8hr TWA = 96.9 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (20 ppm), 15 min STEL = 242 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (50 ppm), Sk  
Potassium hydroxide: Peak Limitation = 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

'Sk' (skin) Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

Peak Limitation - a maximum or peak airborne concentration of a particular substance determined over the shortest analytically practicable period of time which does not exceed 15 minutes.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

### Appropriate engineering controls

#### Engineering controls

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.



#### Eye/face protection

Tight sealing safety goggles. If splashes are likely to occur: Face protection shield.

#### Skin and body protection

Rubber boots. Apron. Overalls.

#### Hand protection

Elbow-length impervious gloves.

#### Respiratory protection

If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

#### Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	No information available
Color	Dark red / Black
Odor	Odourless
Odor threshold	No information available

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
pH	13-14	None known
pH (as aqueous solution)	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	0°C	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	100°C	None known
Flash point	Not applicable	None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known

<b>Flammability Limit in Air</b>		None known
<b>Upper flammability or explosive limits</b>	Not applicable	
<b>Lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	Not applicable	
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Vapor density</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Relative density</b>	1.30 @20°C	None known
<b>Water solubility</b>	Miscible in water	None known
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Autoignition temperature</b>	Not applicable	None known
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Kinematic viscosity</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Dynamic viscosity</b>	No data available	None known

Other information**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**Reactivity

**Reactivity** Reacts violently with acids. Corrosive to metals.

Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

**Sensitivity to mechanical impact** None.

**Sensitivity to static discharge** None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Reacts readily with various reducing sugars (i.e. fructose, galactose, maltose, dry whey solids) to produce carbon monoxide. Take precautions including monitoring the tank atmosphere for carbon monoxide to ensure safety of personnel before vessel entry. May react with ammonium salts resulting in evolution of ammonia gas.

Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid** Do not contaminate food or feed stuffs.

Incompatible materials

**Incompatible materials** Acids. Ammonium salts. Sodium hypochlorite. Aluminium. Tin. Zinc.

Hazardous decomposition products

**Hazardous decomposition products** None known based on information supplied.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Acute toxicityInformation on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information** No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Contact causes severe skin irritation and possible burns.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach. Harmful if swallowed.
<b>Symptoms</b>	Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). Burning.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Refer to component information below.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Potassium hydroxide	= 284 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	-
2-Butoxyethanol	= 470 mg/kg ( Rat )	= 435 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 450 ppm ( Rat ) 4 h = 486 ppm ( Rat ) 4 h
D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides	>5000 mg/kg (OCDE 401)	>2000 mg/kg (OCDE 402)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes severe burns. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>	Not classified.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	Not classified.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Not classified.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Not classified.
<b>STOT - single exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not classified.

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Ecotoxicity

**Ecotoxicity** Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
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			microorganisms	
Potassium hydroxide	-	LC50: =80mg/L (96h, <i>Gambusia affinis</i> )	-	-
2-Butoxyethanol	-	LC50: =1490mg/L (96h, <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> ) LC50: =2950mg/L (96h, <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> )	-	EC50: >1000mg/L (48h, <i>Daphnia magna</i> ) EC50: 1698 - 1940mg/L (24h, <i>Daphnia magna</i> )
D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides	EC50: 5-38 mg/l (72hrs, fresh water, <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i> )	LC50: 2.95-5.9 mg/l (96 hrs, fresh water, <i>Danio rerio</i> )	-	LC50: 7-14 mg/l (48hrs, fresh water, <i>Daphnia magna</i> ) NOEC: 1- 4 mg/l (21days, Fresh water, <i>Daphnia magna</i> )

**Persistence and degradability**

**Persistence and degradability** No information available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Component Information**

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Potassium hydroxide	0.83
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81
D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides	<=0.07

**Mobility**

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

**Other adverse effects****13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste treatment methods**

**Waste from residues/unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

**Contaminated packaging** Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION****ADG**

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN number** 1814  
**Proper shipping name** POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION  
**Hazard class** 8  
**Packing group** II  
**Hazchem code** 2R

**IATA**

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.



**UN number** 1814  
**UN proper shipping name** POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION  
**Transport hazard class(es)** 8  
**Packing group** II

**IMDG**

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN number** 1814  
**UN proper shipping name** POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION  
**Transport hazard class(es)** 8  
**Packing group** II  
**IMDG EMS Fire** F-A  
**IMDG EMS Spill** S-B  
**Marine pollutant** No

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**National regulations**

**Australia**

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

**Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)**

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

**Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)** 6

**National pollutant inventory**

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
2-Butoxyethanol - 111-76-2	20 MWH Threshold category 2b total 60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total 1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total 25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total 400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total 2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

**International Inventories**

**AIIC**

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals or are exempt.

**Legend:**

**AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals**

**International Regulations**

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 07/ 2021

**Reason(s) For Issue:** 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

**Issuing Date:** 20-Oct-2023

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

**Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

**Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet**

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
C	Carcinogen		

**Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS**

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)  
 Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))  
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act  
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals  
 Food Research Journal  
 Hazardous Substance Database  
 International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)  
 Japan GHS Classification  
 Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)  
 NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)  
 National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)  
 National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)  
 National Toxicology Program (NTP)  
 New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)  
 Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications  
 Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program  
 Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set  
 RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)  
 World Health Organization

**Disclaimer**

**This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.**

**If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.**

**Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.**

**End of Safety Data Sheet**