

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name:

BTC 888

Recommended Use of the Chemical	Biocidal product.
and Restrictions on Use	For industrial use only.
Supplier: ABN: Street Address:	Ixom Operations Pty Ltd 51 600 546 512 Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street East Melbourne Victoria 3002 Australia
Telephone Number:	+61 3 9906 3000
Emergency Telephone:	1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

Classification of the chemical:

Flammable liquids - Category 3 Acute Oral Toxicity - Category 4 Skin Corrosion - Sub-category 1B Eye Damage - Category 1

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Category 1 Chronic Aquatic Toxicity - Category 1

SIGNAL WORD: DANGER



Hazard Statement(s): H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.



Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground or bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

Response:

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

P321 Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on Safety Data Sheet).

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish.

Storage:

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): S6 Poison.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Proportion	Hazard Codes
Di-(C8-10)-alkyl dimethyl ammonium chlorides	68424-95-3	30-60%	H302 H314 H400
(C12-C16) Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride	68424-85-1	30-60%	H302 H314 H318 H400
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	10-<30%	H225
Other ingredient(s)	-	to 100%	-

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation:

Remove victim from area of exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If patient finds breathing difficult and develops a bluish discolouration of the skin (which suggests a lack of oxygen in the blood - cyanosis), ensure airways are clear of any obstruction and have a qualified person give oxygen through a face mask. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the chemical. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device if patient is not breathing. Seek immediate medical advice.



Skin Contact:

If spilt on large areas of skin or hair, immediately drench with running water and remove clothing. Continue to wash skin and hair with plenty of water (and soap if material is insoluble) until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Eye Contact:

Immediately wash in and around the eye area with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held apart. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance. Transport promptly to hospital or medical centre.

Ingestion:

Immediately rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. Seek immediate medical assistance.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal protein foam can be used.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Solid water jet/stream may scatter and spread the fire.

Hazchem or Emergency Action Code: · 3W

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Flammable liquid. Avoid all ignition sources. All potential sources of ignition (open flames, pilot lights, furnaces, spark producing switches and electrical equipment etc) must be eliminated both in and near the work area. Do NOT smoke. May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.

Environmentally hazardous.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

On burning will emit toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency procedures/Environmental precautions:

Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Do not allow container or product to get into drains, sewers, streams or ponds. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Personal precautions/Protective equipment/Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact and breathing in vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. Use non-sparking tools. After cleaning, flush away any residual traces with water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE



This material is a Scheduled Poison S6 and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in vapour, mists and aerosols. Keep out of reach of children. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store between 10°C and 48°C. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters: No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Ethyl alcohol: 8hr TWA = 1880 mg/m³ (1000 ppm)

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure ventilation is adequate and that air concentrations of components are controlled below quoted Workplace Exposure Standards. Keep containers closed when not in use.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.





Wear overalls, chemical goggles, face shield, elbow-length impervious gloves, splash apron or equivalent chemical impervious outer garment, and rubber boots. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:	Clear Liquid
Colour:	Pale Yellow
Odour:	Amine
Solubility:	Miscible in water.
Specific Gravity:	0.91
Relative Vapour Density (air=1):	>1 (estimated)
Vapour Pressure (20 °C):	Not available
Flash Point (°C):	48.9 (PMCC)
Flammability Limits (%):	Not available
Autoignition Temperature (°C):	Not available
Melting Point/Range (°C):	-12.22 (Pour Point)
Boiling Point/Range (°C):	Not available
Decomposition Point (°C):	Not available
pH:	7.5-8.5 (10% aqueous solution)
Viscosity:	360 cPs @25°C
Evaporation Rate:	<1 (ethyl ether=1) (estimated)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	Non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	None known.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Avoid contact with foodstuffs.
Incompatible materials:	Incompatible with strong oxidising agents , anionic surfactants .
Hazardous decomposition products:	Oxides of nitrogen. Ammonia. Oxides of carbon. Low molecular weight hydrocarbons.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Ingestion:	Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain and chemical burns to the gastrointestinal tract.
Eye contact:	A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes; contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury. May cause blindness.



Skin contact:	Contact with skin will result in severe irritation. Corrosive to skin - may cause skin burns.
Inhalation:	Breathing in mists or aerosols may produce respiratory irritation.
Acute toxicity: Average Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix, oral): >300 - 2,000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (rabbit): >2000 mg/kg	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	No information available.
Chronic effects: Not listed as carcinogenic according to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	Not applicable.
(STOT) - single exposure: Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure:	Not applicable.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not applicable.

Ecotoxicity	Avoid contaminating waterways.
Persistence/degradability:	The material is readily biodegradable.
Bioaccumulative potential:	No information available.
Mobility in soil:	No information available.
Aquatic toxicity:	Very toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:

Aspiration hazard:

Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of material through a licensed waste contractor. Advise flammable nature.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.



UN No: Transport Hazard Class: Subrisk 1: Packing Group: Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: 2920 8 Corrosive 3 Flammable Liquid II CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS DI-(C8-10)-ALKYL DIMETHYL AMMONIUM CHLORIDES AND ETHANOL)



Hazchem or Emergency Action $\,\cdot\,3W$ Code:

Marine Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No:	2920
Transport Hazard Class:	8 Corrosive
Subrisk 1:	3 Flammable liquid
Packing Group:	II
Proper Shipping Name or	CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS DI-(C8-10)-ALKYL
Technical Name:	DIMETHYL AMMONIUM CHLORIDES AND ETHANOL)
IMDG EMS Fire:	F-E
IMDG EMS Spill:	S-C

Air Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No:	2920
Transport Hazard Class:	8 Corrosive
Subrisk 1:	3 Flammable Liquid
Packing Group:	
Proper Shipping Name or	CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS DI-(C8-10)-ALKYL
Technical Name:	DIMETHYL AMMONIUM CHLORIDES AND ETHANOL)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Classification:

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

Classification of the chemical:

Flammable liquids - Category 3 Acute Oral Toxicity - Category 4 Skin Corrosion - Sub-category 1B Eye Damage - Category 1

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Category 1 Chronic Aquatic Toxicity - Category 1

Hazard Statement(s):

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): S6 Poison.

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION



Supplier Safety Data Sheet; 05/ 2018. BTC is a registered trademark of Stepan Company.

This safety data sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd Toxicology & SDS Services.

Reason(s) for Issue:

5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.