SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 13-Sep-2023



Revision Number 2

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier		
Product Name	Bis(7-methyloctyl) phthalate	
Product Code(s)	00000017137	
Other means of identification		
CAS No.	68515-48-0	
Synonyms	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9 rich.	
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use		
Recommended use	PVC, plastic, rubber, ink, adhesive, paint, lubricating oil additives.	
Uses advised against	Do not use for purposes other than those recommended.	
Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd ABN: 51 600 546 512 Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street Melbourne 3000 Australia		

Telephone Number: +61 3 9906 3000

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG)

Not classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

Label elements

Hazard statements

Other hazards which do not result in classification

General Hazards

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9 rich	68515-48-0	100

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	

Symptoms No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.	
Small Fire	Dry sand, dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, water spray, regular foam, carbon dioxide.	
Large Fire	Water spray or fog. Regular foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	High volume water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Combustible liquid. Containers may explode when heated.	
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon oxides.	

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout
fire-fighters	gear. Use personal protection equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).	
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for containment	Dike to collect large liquid spills.	
Methods for cleaning up	Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal.	

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Conditions for safe storage, includ	ing any incompatibilities
Storage Conditions	Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.
	Classified as a C2 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and transport requirements.
Incompatible materials	Combustible material.
Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)	None allocated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, supplier recommended Workplace Exposure Standard(s):

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH TLV
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched	TWA = 5 mg/m ³	

alkyl esters, C9 rich	
68515-48-0	

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

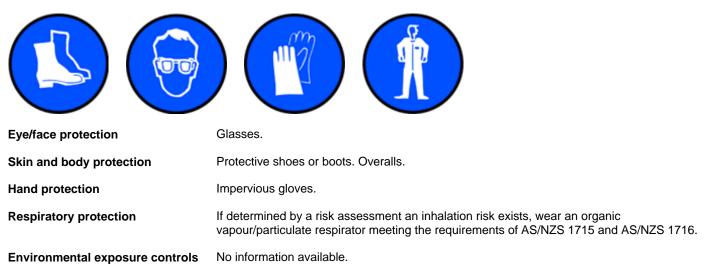
Engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical propertiesPhysical stateLiquidAppearanceNo information availableColorColourlessOdorMildOdor thresholdNot determined

Property pH pH (as aqueous solution) Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limit in Air Upper flammability or explosive limits Lower flammability or explosive	Values 6-7 No data available -48°C 244-252°C (6.6 hPa) 224°C No data available No data available No data available No data available	Remarks • Method None known None known None known Cleveland Open Cup None known None known None known
limits Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Water solubility Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity	<0.001 hPa @ 38° C >1 (air=1) $0.975 \pm 0.003 @ 20^{\circ}$ C No data available No data available log Kow = 8.8 260° C No data available No data available No data available 90 mPa.s @ 20° C	None known None known None known None known None known None known None known None known None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>Reactivity</u>	
Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impac	t None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	None.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge).
Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Combustible material.
Hazardous decomposition products	3
Hazardous decomposition products	s Carbon oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation.
Eye contact	Not expected to cause eye irritation.
Skin contact	Not expected to cause skin irritation.
Ingestion	May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large amounts.
Symptoms	No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9 rich	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Not classified.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not classified.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
STOT - single exposure	Not classified.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not classified.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic	EC50: >2.8mg/L (96h,	LC50: =0.42mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: >0.086mg/L (48h,
acid, di-C8-10-branched	Pseudokirchneriella	Ictalurus punctatus)		Daphnia magna)

		_	
alkyl esters, C9 rich	subcapitata)	LC50: >0.16mg/L (96h,	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
		LC50: >0.19mg/L (96h,	
		Pimephales promelas)	
		LC50: >0.14mg/L (96h,	
		Pimephales promelas)	
		LC50: >0.17mg/L (96h,	
		Lepomis macrochirus)	

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulation	This chemical shows a low bioaccumulation potential.
<u>Mobility</u>	
Mobility in soil	No information available.
Other adverse effects	

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Chemical name	EU - Endocrine Disrupters	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Endocrine disrupting potential
	Candidate List	Evaluated Substances	
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters,	Group III Chemical	-	-
C9 rich			

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>ADG</u>

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

<u>IATA</u>

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

IMDG

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG)

Not classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

 International Inventories
 This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

 Legend:
 International Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

AllC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 06/ 2021

Reason(s) For Issue: Reissue of an obsolete SDS Change to Product Name

Issuing Date:	13-Sep-2023
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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Sec	tion 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL	PROTECTION	
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet