SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 27-Jul-2022



Revision Number 6

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier	
Product Name	IXOSURF PPSA
Product Code(s)	00000017832
Other means of identification	
UN number	1803
Synonyms	Phenol sulfonic acid solution; para-Phenol sulfonic acid solution; 4-Hydroxybenzene sulfonic acid solution.
Recommended use of the chemical	and restrictions on use
Recommended use	Cleaner additive.
Uses advised against	No information available.
Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd ABN: 51 600 546 512 Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street Melbourne 3000 Australia Telephone Number: +61 3 9906 3000	

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Label elements



Hazard statements

H290 - May be corrosive to metals H302 - Harmful if swallowed H312 - Harmful in contact with skin H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep only in original container Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection **Precautionary Statements - Response** Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS) Specific measures (see First aid on this label) IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell Absorb spillage to prevent material damage Precautionary Statements - Storage Store locked up Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable Other hazards which do not result in classification

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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<u>Mixture</u>

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Phenolsulphonic acid	1333-39-7	>60%
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	0-2.8%
Phenol	108-95-2	0-0.8%
Other component(s)	-	to 100%

Description of first aid measures

<u>Decemption of mot ala measures</u>			
General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.		
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.		
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.		
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.		
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical advice/attention.		
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed			
Symptoms	Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness).		
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed			
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.		
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASU	RES		
Suitable Extinguishing Media			
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.		
Specific hazards arising from the c	hemical		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Corrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Non-combustible.		
Special protective actions for fire-f	ighters		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.		
Hazchem code	2X		
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES			
0. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE			

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautionsDo not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate
personnel to safe areas. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through
spilled material. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after
handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.		
Environmental precautions			
Environmental precautions	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.		
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.		
Methods for cleaning up	Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal.		

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep out of reach of children.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep at temperatures below 60°C / 140°F. Store away from foodstuffs. Keep container closed when not in use.
	This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.
Incompatible materials	Strong alkalis. Most. Metals.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 6

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Phenol: 8hr TWA = 4 mg/m 3 (1 ppm), Sk Sulfuric acid: 8hr TWA = 1 mg/m 3 , 15 min STEL = 3 mg/m 3

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

Sk' (skin) Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

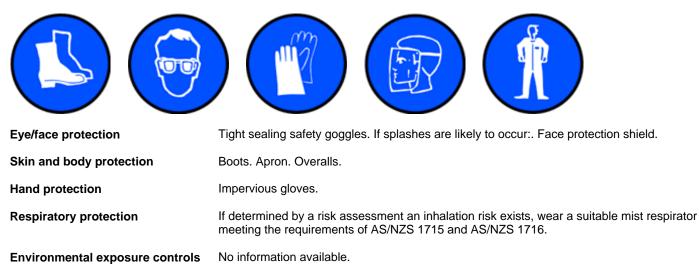
Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Boiling point / boiling range

Flash point

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	No information available.
Color	Henna
Odor	Product specific
Odor threshold	No information available.
Property	Values
pH	<2
pH (as aqueous solution)	No data available
Melting point / freezing point	3°C

120-125°C

No data available

Remarks • Method None known None known None known None known None known

Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limit in Air	No data available No data available	None known None known None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	No data available	None known
Water solubility	Miscible in water	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	
Reactivity	Reacts with strong alkalis.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impac	t None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	None.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Corrosive to metals.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Heat.
Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Strong alkalis. Most. Metals.
Hazardous decomposition products	<u>5</u>

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of sulfur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation	May cause irritation.
Eye contact	Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness.
Skin contact	Contact causes severe skin irritation and possible burns.
Ingestion	Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach.
Symptoms	Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness).

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Refer to component information below.

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Phenolsulphonic acid	= 1900 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Sulfuric acid	= 2140 mg/kg (Rat)	-	85 - 103 mg/m³(Rat)1 h
Phenol	= 340 mg/kg(Rat) = 317 mg/kg(Rat)	= 630 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 316 mg/m³(Rat)4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes burns. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Sulfuric acid	-	LC50: >500mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: =29mg/L (24h,

		—		
		Brachydanio rerio)		Daphnia magna)
Phenol	EC50: =46.42mg/L (96h,	LC50: 11.9 - 50.5mg/L	-	EC50: 4.24 - 10.7mg/L
	Pseudokirchneriella	(96h, Pimephales		(48h, Daphnia magna)
	subcapitata) EC50:	promelas) LC50: 20.5 -		EC50: 10.2 - 15.5mg/L
	0.0188 - 0.1044mg/L	25.6mg/L (96h,		(48h, Daphnia magna)
	(96h, Pseudokirchneriella	Pimephales promelas)		
	subcapitata) EC50: 187 -	LC50: =32mg/L (96h,		
	279mg/L (72h,	Pimephales promelas)		
	Desmodesmus	LC50: 5.449 - 6.789mg/L		
	subspicatus)	(96h, Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss) LC50: 7.5 -		
		14mg/L (96h,		
		Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
		LC50: 4.23 - 7.49mg/L		
		(96h, Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss) LC50: =27.8mg/L		
		(96h, Brachydanio rerio)		
		LC50: =0.00175mg/L		
		(96h, Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: 33.9 - 43.3mg/L		
		(96h, Oryzias latipes)		
		LC50: 23.4 - 36.6mg/L		
		(96h, Oryzias latipes)		
		LC50: 5.0 - 12.0mg/L		
		(96h, Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss) LC50: =13.5mg/L		
		(96h, Lepomis		
		macrochirus) LC50: 11.9		
		- 25.3mg/L (96h, Lepomis		
		macrochirus) LC50:		
		=11.5mg/L (96h, Lepomis		
		macrochirus) LC50:		
		34.09 - 47.64mg/L (96h,		
		Poecilia reticulata) LC50:		
		=31mg/L (96h, Poecilia		
		reticulata)		

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Phenol	1.5

Mobility

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with

products

environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1803
Proper shipping name	PHENOLSULPHONIC ACID, LIQUID
Hazard class	8
Packing group	II
Hazchem code	2X

<u>IATA</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1803
UN proper shipping name	PHENOLSULPHONIC ACID, LIQUID
Transport hazard class(es)	8
Packing group	II

IMDG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1803
UN proper shipping name	PHENOLSULPHONIC ACID, LIQUID
Transport hazard class(es)	8
Packing group	II
IMDG EMS Fire	F-A
IMDG EMS Spill	S-B
Marine pollutant	No

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)6

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement	
Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Phenolsulphonic acid - 1333-39-7	20 MW Threshold category 2b total 60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total 25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
Phenol - 108-95-2	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total 10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1

International Inventories

AIIC

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Legend:

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Material Safety Data Sheet 07/2022

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Issuing Date: 27-Jul-2022

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section	8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSO	NAL PROTECTION	
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		-

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet