SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 01-Jun-2023



Revision Number 4

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier			
Product Name	TOLONATE D2		
Product Code(s)	00000018941		
Other means of identification			
UN number	1866		
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use			
Recommended use	Manufacture of paints and varnishes.		
Uses advised against	No information available		

Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd ABN: 51 600 546 512 Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street Melbourne 3000 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 3 9906 3000

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Category 2

SIGNAL WORD Danger

Label elements

Flame Health hazard Exclamation mark Environment



Hazard statements

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H340 May cause genetic defects
- H350 May cause cancer
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection Use personal protective equipment as required Avoid release to the environment **Precautionary Statements - Response** If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS) IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish. Collect spillage **Precautionary Statements - Storage** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification AUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking General Hazards

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 6

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer,	85940-94-9	>60
methylethylketone oxime blocked		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	10-<30
Hexamethylene diisocyanate	822-06-0	<0.1

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction.
	Redness. Rashes. Hives. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Coughing and/ or
	wheezing. Difficulty in breathing. Aspiration risk: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Aspiration may cause
	pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASU Suitable Extinguishing Media	RES	
Suitable Extinguishing Media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam. Dry chemical or CO2.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Water.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Flammable. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Cool drums with water spray. Pay attention to flashback.	
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.	
Hazchem code	•3Y	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapors. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.		
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.		
Environmental precautions			
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.		
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.		
Methods for cleaning up	Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Recover the cleaning water for subsequent disposal. For large amounts, pump off product. Use non-sparking tools.		

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep out of reach of children.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from moisture. Keep/store only in original container. Store away from foodstuffs and sources of heat or ignition. Keep container closed when not in use. This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.
Packaging materials	Do not store in copper or copper alloy containers. Do not store in tin containers.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Bases. Oxidizing agents. Copper. Tin.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 6

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Isocyanates, all (as -NCO): 8hr TWA = 0.02 mg/m³, 15 min STEL = 0.07 mg/m³, Sen

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

Sen' Notice - sensitiser. The substance can cause a specific immune response in some people. An affected individual may subsequently react to exposure to minute levels of that substance and should not be further exposed to the substance.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.

Eye/face protection	Goggles.
Skin and body protection	Overalls. Wear suitable protective clothing. Boots.
Hand protection	Impervious gloves.
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour/particulate respirator or an air supplied mask meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. When using a spray-gun, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical propertiesPhysical stateLiquidAppearanceClear

Physical state	
Appearance	
Color	
Odor	
Odor threshold	

Clear Colourless to Slightly Yellow Solvent -like No information available

Property pH pH (as aqueous solution) Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas)	Values Not applicable No data available No data available 162-178°C 49°C No data available No data available	Remarks • Method None known None known None known CC (closed cup) None known None known
Flammability Limit in Air	7.1/10/	None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	7 Vol %	
Lower flammability or explosive	0.6 Vol %	
limits	0.0 001 /0	
Vapor pressure	5 hPa @20°C	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	1.06 @25°C	None known
Water solubility	Reacts with water	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	450°C	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	3500 mPa.s @25°C	None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity			
Reactivity	Reacts with strong acids. Reacts with strong bases. Reacts with strong oxidising agents.		
Chemical stability			
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.		
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.			
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reacts with acids. bases, oxidizing agents, with a great release of carbon dioxide (CO2), and hence a risk of a pressure build-up in confined areas, and forms an insoluble solid precipitate.		
Conditions to avoid			
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge).		
Incompatible materials			
Incompatible materials	Acids. Bases. Oxidizing agents. Copper. Tin.		
Hazardous decomposition products			

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:	
Inhalation	Irritating to respiratory system. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.	
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.	
Symptoms	Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing. Aspiration risk: may cause lung damage if swallowed.	

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Refer to component information below.

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	= 8400 mg/kg(Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 3400 ppm (Rat)4 h
Hexamethylene diisocyanate	= 738 mg/kg (Rat)	= 593 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 0.06 mg/L (Rat)4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure			
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	May cause sensitization by skin contact.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.		
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data. The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.		
	as a carcinogen.		
Chemical name	as a carcinogen.	Australia	
Chemical name Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light ard	J	Australia Carc. 1A	
	J		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light are	omatic - 64742-95-6 Not classified.		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light are	omatic - 64742-95-6 Not classified. May cause respiratory irrit Causes damage to organs	Carc. 1A	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	LC50: =9.22mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	EC50: =6.14mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

Material does not bioaccumulate.

Mobility

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1866
Proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard class	3
Packing group	111
Hazchem code	•3Y

<u>IATA</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1866
UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	111

IMDG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1866
UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	111
IMDG EMS Fire	F-E
IMDG EMS Spill	S-E
Marine pollutant	Yes

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

<u>Australia</u>

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

(ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) **Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)** 6

International Inventories AIIC

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Legend: AlIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 05/ 2019 TOLONATE is a registered mark of Vencorex.

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Issuing Date: 01-Jun-2023

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section	<u>8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSON</u>	IAL PROTECTION	
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet