SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 29-Jul-2024

Revision Number 4

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

DIMETHYLAMINE AQUEOUS SOLUTIONS **Product Name**

00000018991 Product Code(s)

Other means of identification

UN number or ID number 1160

Synonyms Dimethyl amine 60% solution; DMA 60; DMA60-150.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Laboratory reagent.

No information available. Uses advised against

Details of manufacturer or importer

Supplier

IXOM Operations Pty Ltd ABN: 51 600 546 512 Level 8. 1 Nicholson Street Melbourne 3000

Australia

Telephone Number: +61 3 9906 3000

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail: DANGEROUS GOODS.

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3

Label elements

Flame

Corrosion



Signal word DANGER

Hazard statements

H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating / lighting/ .? / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

Wear respiratory protection.

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment is urgent (see First aid on this SDS).

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Rinse mouth.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish...

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Dimethylamine % in water	124-40-3	>=60
Non hazardous component(s)	-	to 100

Section 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If patient finds breathing difficult and develops a bluish discolouration

of the skin (which suggests a lack of oxygen in the blood - cyanosis), ensure airways are clear of any obstruction and have a qualified person give oxygen through a face mask. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Call a physician or poison control center

immediately.

Eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids.

Consult a physician.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness).

Burning. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing.

Effects of Exposure No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physiciansTreat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, fine

water spray or water fog can be used.

Unsuitable extinguishing mediaDo not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Extremely flammable. Vapours can form an explosive mixture with air. Pay attention to flashback. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code •2WE

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Attention! Corrosive material. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not breathe vapor

or mist. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Pay attention to flashback. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with product system. All equipment should be non-sparking. All equipment may need to be explosion-proof based on

a risk assessment.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up

Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Use a non-combustible material like

vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later

disposal. Use non-sparking tools.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not eat, drink or

smoke when using this product. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with product system. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after

handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from

sources of heat or ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Acids. Acrylaldehyde. Permanganates. Fluorine. Chlorine. Mercury. Oxidizing agents.

Maleic anhydride. Some plastics. Rubber.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace

Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name Australia New Zealand ACGIH TLV

Dimethylamine % in water	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm
124-40-3	TWA: 3.8 mg/m ³	TWA: 3.8 mg/m ³	STEL: 15 ppm
	STEL: 6 ppm	1	dermal sensitizer
	STEL: 11 mg/m ³		Į.

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
Dimethylamine % in water	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm
124-40-3	TWA: 3.8 mg/m ³	TWA: 3.8 mg/m ³	TWA: 3.7 mg/m ³
	STEL: 5 ppm	STEL: 6 ppm	Peak: 4 ppm
	STEL: 9.4 mg/m ³	STEL: 11 mg/m ³	Peak: 7.4 mg/m ³

Dimethylamine: 8hr TWA = 3.8 mg/m³ (2 ppm), 15 min STEL = 11 mg/m³ (6 ppm)

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.



Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles. If splashes are likely to occur:. Face protection shield.

Skin and body protectionAntistatic boots. Chemical resistant apron. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Overalls.

Hand protection Elbow-length impervious gloves.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Thermal hazards No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state
Appearance
Color
Color
Odor
Ammonia

Odor threshold No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH >7

pH (as aqueous solution) No data available None known

Melting point / freezing point

No data available

Relling point / heiling range

36°C (60% solution)

Boiling point / boiling range 36°C (60% solution)
Flash point -18°C

Flash point -18°C None known
Evaporation rate No data available None known
Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known
Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive 14.4%

limits

Lower flammability or explosive 2.8%

limits

Vapor pressureNo data availableNone knownVapor densityNo data availableNone known

Relative density 0.83-0.93

Water solubility No data available

Solubility(ies) None known No data available **Partition coefficient** No data available None known 430°C None known **Autoignition temperature** No data available **Decomposition temperature** None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known Dynamic viscosity No data available None known

Other information

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Reactivity Reacts violently with acids.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions
None under normal processing.

Hazardous polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Acids. Acrylaldehyde. Permanganates. Fluorine. Chlorine. Mercury. Oxidizing agents.

Maleic anhydride. Some plastics. Rubber.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product InformationNo adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety

Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is

mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory system. Harmful by inhalation.

Eve contact Causes serious eye damage.

Skin contact Causes severe burns.

Ingestion Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach. Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness).

Burning. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing.

Acute toxicity .

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

No information available

Inhalation LC50

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Dimethylamine % in water	= 698 mg/kg (Rat)	= 3900 mg/kg (Rat)	= 7340 ppm (Rat) 20 min

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritationCauses severe burns. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on

component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based

on component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity Not listed as carcinogenic according to IARC.

(IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer).

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods

based on component data.

STOT - repeated exposureNo information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Chronic effects: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis. May cause conjunctivitis. May

cause lung disorders.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Dimethylamine % in water	EC50: =9mg/L (96h,	LC50: 111 - 125mg/L	-	EC50: =88.7mg/L (48h,
	Pseudokirchneriella	(96h, Oncorhynchus		Daphnia magna Straus)
	subcapitata)	mykiss)		
		LC50: =120mg/L (96h,		
		Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
		LC50: =210mg/L (96h,		
		Poecilia reticulata)		
		LC50: 127 - 349mg/L		
		(96h, Poecilia reticulata)		
		LC50: =396mg/L (96h,		
		Brachvdanio rerio)		

Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Dimethylamine % in water	-0.274

Mobility

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

See section 8 for more information

Section 14: Transport information

ADG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code

(ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number or ID number 1160

Proper shipping name DIMETHYLAMINE AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary hazard class 8
Packing group II
Hazchem code •2WE

IATA Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1160

UN proper shipping name DIMETHYLAMINE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary hazard class 8
Packing group

IMDG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1160

UN proper shipping name DIMETHYLAMINE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary hazard class 8
Packing group II
IMDG EMS Fire F-E
IMDG EMS Spill S-C

Marine pollutant Not applicable

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

No poisons schedule number allocated

Poison Schedule Number Not applicable

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Dimethylamine % in water - 124-40-3	Present	-

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Dimethylamine % in water - 124-40-3	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

NZIoC Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **TSCA DSL/NDSL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **KECL PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

Section 16: Other information

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Updated Formulation

Prepared By

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Revision date: 29-Jul-2024

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since IXOM Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their IXOM representative or IXOM Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

IXOM Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet