SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 22-Mar-2022

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

| Product identifier | | |
|---|---|--|
| Product Name | COSME-PHYTAMI CABBAGE ROSE FLOWER | |
| Product Code(s) | 00000025253 | |
| Other means of identification | | |
| Pure substance/mixture | Mixture | |
| Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use | | |
| Recommended use | Cosmetics applications. | |
| Uses advised against | No information available. | |
| Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Ja | acobs division) - incorporated in Australia | |

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929 Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG)

Not classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

SIGNAL WORD None

Label elements





Hazard statements

Other hazards which do not result in classificationPoisons Schedule (SUSMP)None allocated

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

| Chemical name | CAS No. | Weight-% |
|--|---------|----------|
| Glycerol | 56-81-5 | >=95 |
| Ingredients determined not to be hazardous | - | to 100 |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

| General advice | For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. |
|----------------|--|
| Inhalation | Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms occur. |
| Eye contact | Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Skin contact | Wash skin with soap and water. Call a physician if symptoms occur. |
| Ingestion | Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

| Symptoms | No information available. |
|----------|---------------------------|
|----------|---------------------------|

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| Note to physicians | Treat symptomatically. |
|--------------------|------------------------|
|--------------------|------------------------|

| 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES | | |
|--|---|--|
| Suitable Extinguishing Media | | |
| Suitable Extinguishing Media | Water spray. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | High volume water jet. | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Combustible liquid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. | |

Hazardous combustion products Oxides of carbon.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for
fire-fightersFirefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout
gear. Use personal protection equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Personal precautions | Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. See section 8 for more information. | |
|--|--|--|
| For emergency responders | Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. | |
| Environmental precautions | | |
| Environmental precautions | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. | |
| Methods and material for containment and cleaning up | | |
| Methods for containment | Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation. | |
| Methods for cleaning up | Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use personal protective equipment as required. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers. After cleaning, flush away traces with water. | |

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

| Advice on safe handling | Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. | |
|--|--|--|
| General hygiene considerations | Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. | |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | | |
| Storage Conditions | Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep container closed when not in use. | |
| | Classified as a C2 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and transport requirements. | |

Incompatible materials

Strong bases. Oxidizing agents.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

| Chemical name | Australia | ACGIH TLV |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Glycerol | 8hr TWA = 10 mg/m ³ (mist) | |
| 56-81-5 | | |

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.



| Hand protection | Impervious gloves. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Respiratory protection | If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists due to processing vapours, wear an organic vapour respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. |
| Environmental exposure controls | No information available. |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| internation on saole phycical and t | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| Physical state | Liquid | |
| Appearance | Viscous | |
| Color | Light Orange to Orange | |
| Odor | No information available. | |
| Odor threshold | No information available. | |
| | | |
| Property | Values | Remarks • Method |
| рН | No data available | None known |
| pH (as aqueous solution) | No data available | None known |
| Melting point / freezing point | No data available | None known |
| Boiling point / boiling range | 290 °C | None known |
| Flash point | >100 °C | None known |
| Evaporation rate | No data available | None known |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | No data available | None known |
| Flammability Limit in Air | | None known |
| Upper flammability or explosive | No data available | |
| limits | | |
| Lower flammability or explosive | No data available | |
| limits | | |
| Vapor pressure | No data available | None known |
| Vapor density | No data available | None known |
| Relative density | >1 @ 20°C | None known |
| Water solubility | No data available | None known |
| Solubility(ies) | Miscible in water | None known |
| Partition coefficient | No data available | None known |
| Autoignition temperature | No data available | None known |
| Decomposition temperature | No data available | None known |
| Kinematic viscosity | No data available | None known |
| Dynamic viscosity | No data available | None known |
| | | |

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity

No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

| Sensitivity to static discharge | Yes. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | None under normal processing. |
| Conditions to avoid | |
| Conditions to avoid | Heat. Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Avoid contact with combustible substances. Direct sunlight. |
| Incompatible materials | |
| Incompatible materials | Strong bases. Oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | <u>5</u> |

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Product Information | No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are: | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Inhalation | May cause irritation. | |
| Eye contact | May cause irritation. | |
| Skin contact May cause irritation. | | |
| Ingestion | May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large amounts. | |
| Symptoms | No information available. | |

<u>Numerical measures of toxicity</u> - Product Information No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Component Information

| [| Chemical name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|---|---------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | Glycerol | = 12600 mg/kg (Rat) | > 10 g/kg (Rabbit) | > 570 mg/m³(Rat)1 h |
| | | | | |

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| Skin corrosion/irritation | No information available. |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | No information available. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | No information available. |

| Germ cell mutagenicity | No information available. |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Carcinogenicity | No information available. |
| Reproductive toxicity | No information available. |
| STOT - single exposure | No information available. |
| STOT - repeated exposure | No information available. |
| Aspiration hazard | No information available. |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Avoid contaminating waterways.

| Chemical name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish | Toxicity to microorganisms | Crustacea |
|---------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Glycerol | - | LC50: 51 - 57mL/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) | - | EC50: >500mg/L (24h, Daphnia magna) |

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability F

For the major component. Biodegradation: >60% (28 days).

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Component Information

| Chemical name | Partition coefficient |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| Glycerol | -1.76 |

Mobility

Mobility in soil

For major constituent: 54,000 mg/L (96hr LC50 (rainbow trout)).

Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

| Waste from residues/unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation. |
|--|---|
| Contaminated packaging | Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. |

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>ADG</u>

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and

Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

<u>IATA</u>

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

IMDG

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG)

Not classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

| International Inventories | |
|---------------------------|---|
| AIIC | All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals. |

Legend: AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 03/ 2017 COSME-PHYTAMI is a registered tradename.

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Issuing Date: 22-Mar-2022

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

| Legend S | ection 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL | PROTECTION | |
|----------|--------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| TWA | TWA (time-weighted average) | STEL | STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) |
| Ceiling | Maximum limit value | * | Skin designation |
| С | Carcinogen | | - |

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet