SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 22-Jul-2022

Revision Number 2

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name BERGAMOT FRAGRANCE (FCIA00173AF)

Product Code(s) 000000025772

Other means of identification

UN number 1266

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Fragrances.

Uses advised against No information available.

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929

Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2	
Skin sensitization	Category 1	
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1	
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1	

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Label elements

Flame
Health hazard
Exclamation mark
Environment



Hazard statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take action to prevent static discharges

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish.

Collect spillage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Very toxic to aquatic life

General Hazards

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 5

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
d-Limonene	5989-27-5	10-<30
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	78-70-6	10-<30
Aldehyde(s)	-	10-<30
Lemon oil	8008-56-8	10-<30
Oils, lime	8008-26-2	1-<10
Geranyl acetate	105-87-3	1-<10
Allyl cyclohexanepropionate	2705-87-5	1-<10
Citral	5392-40-5	1-<10
Terpinolene	586-62-9	1-<10
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	1-<10
Galaxolide	1222-05-5	1-<10
Linalyl acetate	115-95-7	1-<10
D,L-Citronellol	106-22-9	1-<10
2,6-ditertbutylhydroxytoluene	128-37-0	1-<10
Fragrance ingredients present at non-hazardous concentrations	-	to 100

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation Call a physician if symptoms occur. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial

respiration. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Do

not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. Call a physician

immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction.

Redness. Rashes. Hives. Aspiration risk: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians May cause sensitization by skin contact. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Treat

symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal

protein foam can be used.

Unsuitable extinguishing media CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Flammable. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. Environmentally hazardous. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

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Hazardous combustion products Oxides of carbon.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code •3Y

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use personal protective equipment as required. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be

grounded.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection

recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.

Prevent product from entering drains. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and

8. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce

vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches

and waterways. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.

Methods for cleaning up

Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use non-sparking tools. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use personal protection equipment. Use according to package label instructions. Keep out of reach of children.

General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Store locked up. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Keep in properly labelled containers. Store away from foodstuffs and sources of heat or ignition. Protect from direct sunlight. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10.

This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Diethyl phthalate: 8hr TWA = 5 mg/m³

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol: 8hr TWA = 10 mg/m³

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working

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day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to

comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

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Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.









Eye/face protection Goggles.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Antistatic boots. Overalls.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour

respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties Physical state

Appearance Clear, free from sedimentation

Pale Yellow to Yellow Color

Citrus . Aldehydic . Floral and Musk Odor

Liquid

No information available. Odor threshold

Property Values Remarks • Method

No data available None known Hq No data available None known pH (as aqueous solution) Melting point / freezing point No data available None known Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known Flash point 60 °C CC (closed cup)

Evaporation rate No data available None known

Flammability (solid, gas)
No data available
None known
None known
None known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

No data available Vapor pressure None known Vapor density No data available None known Relative density 0.8690 - 0.8890 @20°C None known Water solubility No data available None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known **Partition coefficient** No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** No data available None known **Decomposition temperature** No data available None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known Dynamic viscosity No data available None known

Other information

Refractive Index 1.4570 - 1.4770 @20°C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Heating can cause expansion or decomposition of the material, which can lead to the

containers exploding.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Avoid contact with

combustible substances. Direct sunlight. Do not contaminate food or feed stuffs.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May be fatal

if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Symptoms Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction.

Redness. Rashes. Hives. Aspiration risk: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

ATEmix (oral) >5000 mg/kg (calculated, based on data from components)

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
d-Limonene	= 5200 mg/kg(Rat) = 4400 mg/kg(Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	= 2790 mg/kg (Rat)	= 5610 mg/kg (Rat)	-
Lemon oil	= 2840 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Oils, lime	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Geranyl acetate	= 6330 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Allyl cyclohexanepropionate	= 585 mg/kg(Rat)	-	-
Citral	= 4960 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2250 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Terpinolene	= 4390 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Diethyl phthalate	= 8600 mg/kg (Rat)	> 11200 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4.64 mg/L (Rat)6 h
Galaxolide	> 3250 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3250 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Linalyl acetate	= 14550 mg/kg(Rat) = 13934 mg/kg(Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
D,L-Citronellol	= 3450 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2650 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
2,6-ditertbutylhydroxytoluene	> 890 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on

component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based

on component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause sensitization by skin contact. Classification is based on mixture calculation

methods based on component data.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposureNo information available.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by

aspiration).

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
d-Limonene	-	LC50: 0.619 - 0.796mg/L	-	-
		(96h, Pimephales		
		promelas) LC50:		
		=35mg/L (96h,		
		Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
1,6-Octadien-3-ol,	EC50: =88.3mg/L (96h,	LC50: =27.8mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: =20mg/L (48h,
3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	Desmodesmus	Oncorhynchus mykiss)		Daphnia magna)
	subspicatus)	LC50: 22 - 46mg/L (96h,		
		Leuciscus idus)		
Allyl	-	LC50: =0.13mg/L (96h,	-	-
cyclohexanepropionate		Pimephales promelas)		
Citral	EC50: =16mg/L (72h,	LC50: 4.6 - 10mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: =7mg/L (48h,
	Desmodesmus	Leuciscus idus)		Daphnia magna)
	subspicatus) EC50:			
	=19mg/L (96h,			
	Desmodesmus			
	subspicatus)			
Terpinolene	-	LC50: =0.805mg/L (96h,	-	-
		Danio rerio)		
Diethyl phthalate	EC50: =23mg/L (72h,	LC50: =17mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: 36 - 74mg/L (48h,
	Desmodesmus	Pimephales promelas)		Daphnia magna) EC50:
	subspicatus) EC50:	LC50: =16.8mg/L (96h,		=86mg/L (48h, Daphnia
	=21mg/L (96h,	Pimephales promelas)		magna)
	Desmodesmus	LC50: =22mg/L (96h,		
	subspicatus) EC50: 42 -	Lepomis macrochirus)		
	255mg/L (72h,	LC50: =16.7mg/L (96h,		
	Pseudokirchneriella	Lepomis macrochirus)		
	subcapitata) EC50: 2.11 -	LC50: =12mg/L (96h,		
	4.29mg/L (96h,	Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
	Pseudokirchneriella			
	subcapitata)			
Linalyl acetate	EC50: 68mg/L (72h,	LC50: =11mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: 59mg/L (48h,
	Pseudokirchneriella	Cyprinus carpio)		Daphnia magna)

	subcapitata)			
2,6-ditertbutylhydroxytolu ene	EC50: =6mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: >0.42mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: =5mg/L (48h, Oryzias latipes)	-	-

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Component Information

Component information			
Chemical name	Partition coefficient		
d-Limonene	4.23		
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	2.84 - 3.1		
Citral	2.76		
Diethyl phthalate	2.35		
2,6-ditertbutylhydroxytoluene	4.17		

Mobility

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information

	Chemical name	Chemical name EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List		Endocrine disrupting potential
Diethyl phthalate Group III Chemical		-	-	

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local

products regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld

containers. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1266

Proper shipping name PERFUMERY PRODUCTS

Hazard class 3
Packing group III
Environmental hazard Yes
Special Provisions 223, 163
Hazchem code •3Y

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Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air: DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1266

UN proper shipping name PERFUMERY PRODUCTS

Transport hazard class(es) 3 Packing group Ш

IMDG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea: DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1266

PERFUMERY PRODUCTS **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Ш **IMDG EMS Fire** F-E **IMDG EMS Spill** S-D Marine pollutant Yes

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that license requirements are met

Hazardous chemical Threshold quantity (T) 50 000

Liquids that meet the criteria for Class 3 Packing Group II or III

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Subject to reporting requirement	
Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
d-Limonene - 5989-27-5	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/vr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories

AIIC All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

Legend:

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason(s) For Issue: Revised Primary SDS

Change in Formulation Change in Exposure Controls Change to Product Name

Issuing Date: 22-Jul-2022

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet