SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 06-Oct-2022

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

| Product identifier | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|
| Product Name | LAVANDE-ROMARIN 00182AA | |
| Product Code(s) | 00000025781 | |
| Other means of identification | | |
| UN number | 3082 | |
| Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use | | |
| Recommended use | Fragrances. | |
| Uses advised against | No information available. | |
| Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia | | |

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929 Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

| Flammable liquids | Category 4 |
|-------------------|------------|
| Aspiration hazard | Category 1 |





| Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2 |
| Skin sensitization | Category 1 |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | Category 2 |
| Acute aquatic toxicity | Category 2 |
| Chronic aquatic toxicity | Category 2 |

SIGNAL WORD Danger

Label elements

Environment Health hazard Exclamation mark



Hazard statements

- H227 Combustible liquid
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Wash hands thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eve protection / face protection Avoid release to the environment **Precautionary Statements - Response** Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS) If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish. Collect spillage **Precautionary Statements - Storage** Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards which do not result in classification Toxic to aquatic life May be harmful if swallowed

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

None allocated

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Mixture</u>

| Chemical name | CAS No. | Weight-% |
|---|-----------|----------|
| 1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool) | 78-70-6 | 10-<30 |
| Coumarin | 91-64-5 | 10-<30 |
| Lavandin oil | 8022-15-9 | 10-<30 |
| Rosemary Oil | 8000-25-7 | 1-<10 |
| Galaxolide | 1222-05-5 | 1-<10 |
| Diethyl phthalate | 84-66-2 | 1-<10 |
| Ingredients determined not to be hazardous | - | to 100 |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

| General advice | For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. | |
|---|---|--|
| Emergency telephone number | | |
| Inhalation | Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Call a physician if symptoms occur. | |
| Eye contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. | |
| Skin contact | Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. | |
| Ingestion | Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. Call a physician immediately. | |
| Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | | |
| Symptoms | Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives. Aspiration risk: may cause lung damage if swallowed. | |
| Indication of any immediate medica | al attention and special treatment needed | |
| Note to physicians | May cause sensitization by skin contact. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Treat symptomatically. | |

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

| Suitable Extinguishing Media | Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal protein foam can be used. | |
|---|--|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | No information available. | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Combustible liquid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Environmentally hazardous. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. | |
| Hazardous combustion products | Oxides of carbon. | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | | |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment. | |
| Hazchem code | •3Z | |

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Personal precautions | Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use personal protective equipment as required. | |
|--|--|--|
| Other information | Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. | |
| For emergency responders | Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. | |
| Environmental precautions | | |
| Environmental precautions | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Prevent product from entering drains. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. | |
| Methods and material for containment and cleaning up | | |
| Methods for containment | Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. | |
| Methods for cleaning up | Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use non-sparking tools. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers. | |

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure adequate ventilation. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,

| | open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use personal protection equipment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use according to package label instructions. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| General hygiene considerations | Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. |
| Conditions for safe storage, includ | ing any incompatibilities |
| Storage Conditions | Store locked up. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Protect from sunlight. Keep container closed when not in use. Store at around 15°C. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. |
| | Classified as a C1 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and transport requirements. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. |
| Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) | None allocated |

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Diethyl phthalate: 8hr TWA = 5 mg/m³

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

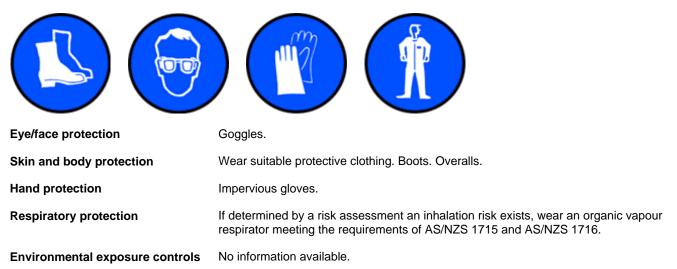
Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controlsEnsure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to
comply with the occupational exposure limits.If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded,
the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and
the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering
controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal
Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to
determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical state | Liquid | |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Appearance | Clear | |
| Color | Colourless to Pale Yellow | |
| Odor | Aromatic, Fougere, Musky, Sweet | |
| Odor threshold | No information available. | |
| Property | Values | Remarks • Method |
| pH | No data available | None known |
| pH (as aqueous solution) | No data available | None known |
| Melting point / freezing point | No data available | |
| Boiling point / boiling range | No data available | |
| Flash point | 76 °C | CC (closed cup) |
| Evaporation rate | No data available | None known |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | No data available | None known |
| Flammability Limit in Air | | None known |
| Upper flammability or explosive limits | No data available | |
| Lower flammability or explosive limits | No data available | |
| Vapor pressure | No data available | |
| Vapor density | No data available | |
| Relative density | 0.964 - 0.984 @20°C | |
| Water solubility | No data available | |
| Solubility(ies) | No data available | None known |
| Partition coefficient | No data available | None known |
| Autoignition temperature | No data available | |
| Decomposition temperature | No data available | None known |
| Kinemetie viegesity | No data available | None known |
| Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity | No data available | None known |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | |
|------------|--|
| | |

| <u></u> | |
|---|---|
| Reactivity | No information available. |
| Chemical stability | |
| Stability | Stable under normal conditions. |
| Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impac | t None. |
| Sensitivity to static discharge | Yes. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | None under normal processing. |
| Conditions to avoid | |
| Conditions to avoid | Heat, flames and sparks. Direct sunlight. |
| Incompatible materials | |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | <u>5</u> |

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Product Information | No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are: |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Inhalation | May cause irritation. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact. |
| Ingestion | May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Symptoms | Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives. Aspiration risk: may cause lung damage if swallowed. |
| Numerical measures of toxicity - F | Product Information |
| ATEmix (oral) | >2 000 mg/kg (calculated, based on data from components) |

Component Information

| Chemical name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Coumarin | = 293 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rat) | - |
| Lavandin oil | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | - |
| Rosemary Oil | = 5000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 10 000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | - |
| Galaxolide | > 3250 mg/kg (Rat) | > 3250 mg/kg (Rabbit) | - |
| Diethyl phthalate | = 8600 mg/kg (Rat) | > 11200 mg/kg (Rat) | > 4.64 mg/L (Rat)6 h |

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious eye irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | May cause sensitization by skin contact. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | Suspected of causing genetic defects. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data. |
| Carcinogenicity | No information available. |
| Reproductive toxicity | No information available. |
| STOT - single exposure | No information available. |
| STOT - repeated exposure | No information available. |
| Aspiration hazard | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration). |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Avoid contaminating waterways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Chemical name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish | Toxicity to microorganisms | Crustacea |
|-------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Diethyl phthalate | EC50: =23mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: =21mg/L (96h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: 42 - 255mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 2.11 - 4.29mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella | LC50: =17mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =16.8mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =22mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =16.7mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =12mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) | - | EC50: 36 - 74mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: =86mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) |

| subcapitata) | | |
|--------------|--|--|

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No ir

No information available.

Component Information

| Chemical name | Partition coefficient |
|---|-----------------------|
| 1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool) | 2.84 - 3.1 |
| Diethyl phthalate | 2.35 |

<u>Mobility</u>

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information

| Chemical name | EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List | EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances | Endocrine disrupting potential |
|-------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Diethyl phthalate | Group III Chemical | - | - |

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

| Waste from residues/unused products | Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation. |
|--|---|
| Contaminated packaging | Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. |

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

| 3082 |
|---|
| ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS |
| GALAXOLIDE) |
| 9 |
| III |
| •3Z |
| |

IATA

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

| UN number 3082 | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| UN proper shipping name ENVIRC | NMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS |
| GALAX | DLIDE) |
| Transport hazard class(es) 9 | |
| Packing group III | |

<u>IMDG</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

| UN number | 3082 |
|----------------------------|---|
| UN proper shipping name | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS |
| | GALAXOLIDE) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 9 |
| Packing group | |
| IMDG EMS Fire | F-A |
| IMDG EMS Spill | S-F |
| Marine pollutant | Yes |
| | |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

| International Inventories | |
|---------------------------|--|
| AIIC | All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial |
| | Chemicals. |

Legend: AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification

Issuing Date:

06-Oct-2022

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

| Legend | Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL | PROTECTION |
|---------|---------------------------------------|------------|
| TWA | TWA (time-weighted average) | STEL |
| Ceiling | Maximum limit value | * |
| С | Carcinogen | |

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) Skin designation

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet