SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 02-Jul-2024



Revision Number 2

Section 1: Identification		
Product identifier		
Product Name	STRAWBERRY MILKSHAKE STRONG FAIA00420AA	
Product Code(s)	00000026081	
Other means of identification		
UN number or ID number	3082	
Pure substance/mixture	Mixture	
Recommended use of the chemical	and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	Fragrances.	
Uses advised against	No information available.	
Details of manufacturer or importer		
Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Ja ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia	acobs division) - incorporated in Australia	
Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929 Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611		
Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone number	1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)	
Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this S	Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.	
Section 2: Hazard identification	ation	

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 4
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 2
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2

Label elements

Exclamation mark Environment



Signal word WĂRNING

Hazard statements

H227 - Combustible liquid

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. **Precautionary Statements - Response**

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS). IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish..

Collect spillage.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Causes mild skin irritation.

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Oxiranecarboxylic acid, 3-methyl-3-phenyl-, ethyl	77-83-8	10-<30
ester		
Benzyl benzoate	120-51-4	10-<30
Ethyl butyrate	105-54-4	1-<10
Ethyl formate	109-94-4	1-<10

Benzyl salicylate	118-58-1	1-<10
Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance

Section 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. May cause an allergic skin reaction. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see a physician.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician.
Self-protection of the first aider	Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Itching. Rashes. Hives. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation.
Effects of Exposure	No information available.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	
Note to physicians	May cause sensitization by skin contact. Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

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Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal protein foam can be used.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.
Specific hazards arising from the c	hemical
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Combustible liquid. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Product is or contains a sensitizer. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Environmentally hazardous. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
Hazardous combustion products	Ovideo of earbon

Hazardous combustion products Oxides of carbon.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.
precautions for fire-fighters	Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code

•3Z

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.
Other information	Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods and material for containme	ent and cleaning up
Methods for containment	Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
Methods for cleaning up	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handlingUse personal protection equipment. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open
flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static
discharges. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid
contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable
respiratory equipment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off
contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.General hygiene considerationsDo not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not
be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is
recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities_

Storage ConditionsKeep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from
foodstuffs and sources of heat or ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers. Store in
accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local

regulations. Keep container closed when not in use.

Classified as a C1 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and transport requirements.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV
Ethyl formate	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm
109-94-4	TWA: 303 mg/m ³	TWA: 303 mg/m ³	

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
Ethyl formate	-	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm
109-94-4		TWA: 308 mg/m ³	TWA: 310 mg/m ³
		STEL: 150 ppm	Peak: 100 ppm
		STEL: 462 mg/m ³	Peak: 310 mg/m ³
		_	Sk*

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.

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Eye/face protection	Goggles.
Skin and body protection	Overalls. Wear suitable protective clothing. Boots.
Hand protection	Impervious gloves.
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.
Thermal hazards	No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance Color Odor Odor threshold	Liquid Clear Pale Yellow to Yellow Fruity, Milky, Sweet, Musk No information available	
Property	Values	Remarks • Method
pH	No data available	None known
pH (as aqueous solution)	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	63 °C	CC (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	0.9750 - 0.9950	@ 20 °C
Water solubility		None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	
Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impact Sensitivity to static discharge	None. Yes.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	_

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

Section 11: Toxicological information	
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Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation of respiratory tract.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation. May cause redness, itching, and pain.
Skin contact	May cause sensitization by skin contact. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. Causes mild skin irritation.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Symptoms	Itching. Rashes. Hives. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning.

Acute toxicity_.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document
ATEmix (oral)>5,000mg/kg

Component Information			
Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50

Oxiranecarboxylic acid,	= 5470 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-
3-methyl-3-phenyl-, ethyl ester			
Benzyl benzoate	= 1600 mg/kg (Rat)	= 4000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Ethyl butyrate	= 13 000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Ethyl formate	= 1850 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Benzyl salicylate	= 2227 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes mild skin irritation. Classification based on data available for ingredients.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation. Classification based on data available for ingredients.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Classification based on data available for ingredients.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	Australia	European Union	IARC
Ethyl formate - 109-94-4	-	-	Group 2A

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans

Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity Avoid contaminating waterways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Oxiranecarboxylic acid, 3-methyl-3-phenyl-, ethyl ester	-	LC50: =4.2mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	-

Benzyl benzoate	-	LC50: =2.32mg/L (96h,	-	-
		Danio rerio)		
Benzyl salicylate	-	LC50: =1.03mg/L (96h,	-	-
		Danio rerio)		

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Oxiranecarboxylic acid, 3-methyl-3-phenyl-, ethyl ester	2.8
Benzyl benzoate	3.97
Ethyl butyrate	2.433
Ethyl formate	1.504
Benzyl salicylate	4

<u>Mobility</u>

Mobility	No information available.
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Other adverse effects

No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

See section 8 for more information

Section 14: Transport information		
ADG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.	
	Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.	
UN number or ID number	3082	

Proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Environmental hazard Hazchem code	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS BENZYL BENZOATE AND OXIRANECARBOXYLIC ACID, 3-METHYL-3-PHENYL-, ETHYL ESTER) 9 III Yes •3Z
<u>IATA</u>	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group	3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS BENZYL BENZOATE AND OXIRANECARBOXYLIC ACID, 3-METHYL-3-PHENYL-, ETHYL ESTER) 9 III
IMDG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group IMDG EMS Fire IMDG EMS Spill	3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS BENZYL BENZOATE AND OXIRANECARBOXYLIC ACID, 3-METHYL-3-PHENYL-, ETHYL ESTER) 9 III F-A S-F

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No information available

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

<u>Australia</u>

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Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

No poisons schedule number allocated

Poison Schedule Number Not applicable

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

00000026081 - STRAWBERRY MILKSHAKE STRONG FAIA00420AA

Chemical name	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Oxiranecarboxylic acid, 3-methyl-3-phenyl-, ethyl ester - 77-83-8	Present	-
Benzyl benzoate - 120-51-4	Present	-
Ethyl butyrate - 105-54-4	Present	-
Ethyl formate - 109-94-4	Present	-
Benzyl salicylate - 118-58-1	Present	-

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

National pollutant inventory

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Benzyl benzoate - 120-51-4	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total
Ethyl butyrate - 105-54-4	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total
Ethyl formate - 109-94-4	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories	All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial
AllC	Chemicals.
NZIoC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
KECL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

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- **ENCS** Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
- **IECSC** China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
- **KECL** Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

Section 16: Other information

Reason(s) For Issue:	5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification Change in Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Update in Toxicological Information
Prepared By	This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).
Revision date:	02-Jul-2024

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration
LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA Ceiling C	TWA (time-weighted average) Maximum limit value Carcinogen	STEL *	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) Skin designation	
Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS				

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) Environmental Protection Agency Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

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Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet