# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 24-Sep-2024



**Revision Number** 2

| Section 1: Identification  |  |
|--|--|
| Product identifier   |  |
| Product Name   | MANGO FLAVOUR NATURAL (FAMAN48953)   |
| Product Code(s)  | 00000026141  |
| Other means of identification  |  |
| UN number or ID number   | 1197   |
| Pure substance/mixture   | Mixture  |
|  |  |
| Recommended use of the chemical  | and restrictions on use  |
| Recommended use  | Flavour.   |
| Uses advised against   | No information available.  |
| Details of manufacturer or importer  | _  |
| <b>Supplier</b><br>Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & J<br>ABN:51 600 546 512<br>70 Marple Avenue<br>Villawood NSW 2163<br>Australia | acobs division) - incorporated in Australia  |
| Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929<br>Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611  |  |
| Emergency telephone number   |  |
| Emergency telephone number   | 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)  |
| Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this S   | Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet. |
| Section 2: Hazard identific  | ation  |
|  | n accordance with the exiteria of Cofe Mark Australia - Clabelly Harmoniand Custom (CHC)       |

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

| GHS Classification                |            |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Flammable liquids                 | Category 3 |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2 |

Label elements Flame Exclamation mark



Signal word WARNING

#### Hazard statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating / lighting/ .? / equipment.
Use non-sparking tools.
Take action to prevent static discharges.
Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
Precautionary Statements - Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish...

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Causes mild skin irritation.

### Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

| Chemical name                        | CAS No. | Weight-% |
|--------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| Propylene glycol                     | 57-55-6 | >60      |
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)              | 64-17-5 | 10-<30   |
| Flavour ingredients at non-hazardous | -       | to 100   |
| concentrations                       |         |          |

#### Additional information

Contains propylene glycol.

#### Section 4: First aid measures

#### **Description of first aid measures**

**General advice** 

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

| Inhalation   | Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Eye contact  | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.   |  |  |  |
| Skin contact   | Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.  |  |  |  |
| Ingestion  | Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.  |  |  |  |
| Self-protection of the first aider                             | Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.  |  |  |  |
| Most important symptoms and effe                               | cts, both acute and delayed   |  |  |  |
| Symptoms   | May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation.   |  |  |  |
| Effects of Exposure  | No information available.   |  |  |  |
| Indication of any immediate medica                             | al attention and special treatment needed   |  |  |  |
| Note to physicians   | Treat symptomatically.  |  |  |  |
| Section 5: Firefighting me                                     | asures  |  |  |  |
| Suitable Extinguishing Media                                   |   |  |  |  |
| Suitable extinguishing media                                   | Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.   |  |  |  |
| Specific hazards arising from the c                            | hemical   |  |  |  |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical                     | Flammable. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sourc of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. In the event of fire, cool tanks with wate spray. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. |  |  |  |
| Hazardous combustion products                                  | Oxides of carbon.   |  |  |  |
| Special protective actions for fire-f                          | ighters   |  |  |  |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters | Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.<br>Use personal protection equipment.   |  |  |  |
| Hazchem code   | 3Y  |  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |

# Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate

|                                   | ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Other information                 | Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.  |
| For emergency responders          | Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.   |
| Environmental precautions         |   |
| Environmental precautions         | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.<br>See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.  |
| Methods and material for containm | ent and cleaning up   |
| Methods for containment           | Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.                             |
| Methods for cleaning up           | Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Use non-sparking tools.<br>Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.   |

# Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Advice on safe handling                | Use personal protection equipment. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| General hygiene considerations         | S Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should n<br>be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is<br>recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.<br>Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.   |  |  |
| Conditions for safe storage, including | ng any incompatibilities  |  |  |
| Storage Conditions                     | Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep container closed when not in use. Protect from direct sunlight.  |  |  |
| Incompatible materials                 | Oxidizing agent.  |  |  |

# Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Exposure Limits**

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

| Chemical name           | Australia                   | New Zealand                  | ACGIH TLV      |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| Propylene glycol        | TWA: 150 ppm                | TWA: 150 ppm                 | -              |
| 57-55-6                 | TWA: 474 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | TWA: 474 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   |                |
|                         | TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    |                |
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) | TWA: 1000 ppm               | TWA: 200 ppm                 | STEL: 1000 ppm |
| 64-17-5                 | TWA: 1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | TWA: 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   |                |
|                         |                             | STEL: 800 ppm                |                |
|                         |                             | STEL: 1520 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |                |
|                         |                             | oto                          |                |

| Chemical name           | European Union | United Kingdom               | Germany DFG                  |
|-------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Propylene glycol        | -              | TWA: 150 ppm                 | -                            |
| 57-55-6                 |                | TWA: 474 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   |                              |
|                         |                | TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    |                              |
|                         |                | STEL: 450 ppm                |                              |
|                         |                | STEL: 1422 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |                              |
|                         |                | STEL: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   |                              |
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) | -              | TWA: 1000 ppm                | TWA: 200 ppm                 |
| 64-17-5                 |                | TWA: 1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | TWA: 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   |
|                         |                | STEL: 3000 ppm               | Peak: 800 ppm                |
|                         |                | STEL: 5760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Peak: 1520 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

Propane-1,2-diol (propylene glycol) (total: vapour & particulates): 8hr TWA = 474 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (150 ppm); (particulates only): 8hr TWA = 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

Peak Limitation - a maximum or peak airborne concentration of a particular substance determined over the shortest analytically practicable period of time which does not exceed 15 minutes.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

 Engineering controls
 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

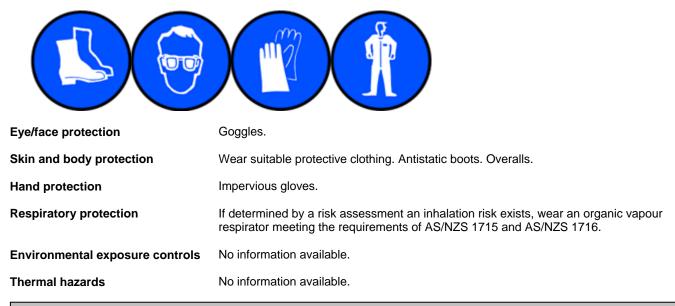
 If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

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OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical state<br>Appearance<br>Color<br>Odor<br>Odor threshold | Liquid<br>No information available<br>Pale Yellow to Yellow<br>Mango<br>No information available |                  |
|---|--|------------------|
| Property  | Values   | Remarks • Method |
| H   | No data available  | None known       |
| pH (as aqueous solution)  | No data available  | None known       |
| Melting point / freezing point                                  | No data available  | None known       |
| Boiling point / boiling range                                   | No data available  | None known       |
| Flash point   | 43 °C  | CC (closed cup)  |
| Evaporation rate  | No data available  | None known       |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                                       | No data available  | None known       |
| Flammability Limit in Air                                       |  | None known       |
| Upper flammability or explosive                                 | No data available  |                  |
| limits  |  |                  |
| Lower flammability or explosive<br>limits                       | No data available  |                  |
| Vapor pressure  | No data available  | None known       |
| Vapor density   | No data available  | None known       |
| Relative density  | 0.9888 - 1.0288  | @ 20 °C          |
| Water solubility  | No data available  | None known       |
| Solubility(ies)   | Miscible in water  | None known       |
| Partition coefficient   | No data available  | None known       |
| Autoignition temperature  | No data available  | None known       |
| Decomposition temperature                                       | No data available  | None known       |
| Kinematic viscosity   | No data available  | None known       |
| Dynamic viscosity   | No data available  | None known       |
|   |  |                  |

Other information

### Section 10: Stability and reactivity **Reactivity** Reactivity No information available. Chemical stability Stability Stable under normal conditions. **Explosion data** Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge Yes. Possibility of hazardous reactions Possibility of hazardous reactions Heating can cause expansion or decomposition of the material, which can lead to the containers exploding. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Direct sunlight. Incompatible materials Incompatible materials Oxidizing agent. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

### Section 11: Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

| Product Information | No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:  |
|---------------------|--|
| Inhalation          | May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Breathing in vapour can result in headaches,<br>dizziness, drowsiness, and possible nausea. Breathing in high concentrations can produce<br>central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of coordination, impaired<br>judgement and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness. |
| Eye contact         | Causes serious eye irritation. May cause redness, itching, and pain.   |
| Skin contact        | Causes mild skin irritation.   |
| Ingestion           | Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.  |
| Symptoms            | May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.   |
|                     |  |

Acute toxicity .

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information
No information available

#### **Component Information**

| Component Information                 |  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Chemical name                         | Oral LD50  | Dermal LD50                | Inhalation LC50             |  |  |  |  |
| Propylene glycol                      | = >20 000 mg/kg (Rat)  | = >2000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )   | = >317042 mg/m³/2H ( Rabbit |  |  |  |  |
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)               | = 7060 mg/kg ( Rat )   | -                          | = 124.7 mg/L ( Rat ) 4h     |  |  |  |  |
| See section 16 for terms and abbrevia |  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
|                                       |  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| Delayed and immediate effects as v    | vell as chronic effects from sh  | ort and long-term exposure | _                           |  |  |  |  |
| Skin corrosion/irritation             | Causes mild skin irritation. Classification based on data available for ingredients.   |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation     | Causes serious eye irritation. Classification based on data available for ingredients.   |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization     | No information available.  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| Germ cell mutagenicity                | No information available.  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| Carcinogenicity                       | No information available.  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
|                                       |  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| Reproductive toxicity                 | No information available.  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| STOT - single exposure                | No information available.  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| STOT - repeated exposure              | No information available.  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| Aspiration hazard                     | No information available.  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| Chronic effects:                      | For Ethanol: Repeated or prolonged exposure to this material could result in effects on the liver, kidneys, gastrointestinal tract, and heart muscle. Ethanol may cause adverse reproductive effects. Ingestion by pregnant women may cause serious effects in their newborn babies called 'foetal alcohol syndrome'. A study of the effects of ethanol inhalation in humans found that at between 5000-10000 ppm subjects experienced coughing and smarting of the eyes and nose, with symptoms disappearing within minutes. People exposed at 15000 ppm experienced continuous lacrimation and coughing. Irritation of the eyes and respiratory tract were not noted at concentrations below 5000 ppm. |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |

# Section 12: Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

#### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways.

| Chemical name    | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish                    | Toxicity to    | Crustacea             |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
|                  |                      |                         | microorganisms |                       |
| Propylene glycol | EC50: =19000mg/L     | LC50: =51600mg/L        | -              | EC50: >1000mg/L (48h, |
|                  | (96h,                | (96h, Oncorhynchus      |                | Daphnia magna)        |
|                  | Pseudokirchneriella  | mykiss)                 |                |                       |
|                  | subcapitata)         | LC50: 41 - 47mL/L (96h, |                |                       |

|                         | Oncorhynchus mykiss)<br>LC50: =51400mg/L<br>(96h, Pimephales<br>promelas)<br>LC50: =710mg/L (96h,<br>Pimephales promelas)  |  |    |
|-------------------------|--|--|----|
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) | - LC50: 12.0 - 16.0mL/L<br>(96h, Oncorhynchus<br>mykiss)<br>LC50: >100mg/L (96h,<br>Pimephales promelas)<br>LC50: 13400 -<br>15100mg/L (96h,<br>Pimephales promelas) | - LC50: 9268 -<br>14221mg/L (48h,<br>Daphnia magna)<br>EC50: =2mg/L (48r<br>Daphnia magna) | ٦, |

#### Terrestrial ecotoxicity

| Chemical name | Earthworm   | Avian | Honeybees |
|---------------|---|-------|-----------|
|               | Acute Toxicity: LC50 0.1 - 1<br>mg/cm2 (Eisenia foetida 48 h<br>filter paper)<br>Source: IUCLID |       | -         |

#### Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

#### Bioaccumulative potential

#### **Bioaccumulation**

#### **Component Information**

| Chemical name           | Partition coefficient |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Propylene glycol        | -1.07                 |
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) | -0.35                 |

#### <u>Mobility</u>

Mobility

No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

No information available.

# Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

| Waste from residues/unused<br>products | Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation. |
|--|---|
| Contaminated packaging                 | Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.       |

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See section 8 for more information

| Section 14: Transport information  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| ADG  | Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.                       |  |  |
| UN number or ID number<br>Proper shipping name<br>Transport hazard class(es)<br>Packing group<br>Hazchem code          | 1197<br>EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID<br>3<br>III<br>3Y   |  |  |
| IATA   | Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS. |  |  |
| UN number<br>UN proper shipping name<br>Transport hazard class(es)<br>Packing group                                    | 1197<br>EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID<br>3<br>III   |  |  |
| IMDG   | Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.                    |  |  |
| UN number<br>UN proper shipping name<br>Transport hazard class(es)<br>Packing group<br>IMDG EMS Fire<br>IMDG EMS Spill | 1197<br>EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID<br>3<br>III<br>F-E<br>S-D   |  |  |

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No information available

### Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations

#### Australia

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

#### Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

#### No poisons schedule number allocated

Poison Schedule Number Not applicable

#### Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

#### 00000026141 - MANGO FLAVOUR NATURAL (FAMAN48953)

Threshold quantity (T)

50 000

|                                   | Australian Industrial<br>Chemicals Introduction<br>Scheme (AICIS) | Additional information |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Propylene glycol - 57-55-6        | Present   | -                      |
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) - 64-17-5 | Present   | -                      |
|                                   | Present   | -                      |
| concentrations                    |   |                        |

#### **Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents**

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

#### Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that license requirements are met <u>Hazardous chemical</u> Liquids that meet the criteria for Class 3 Packing Group II or III

#### National pollutant inventory

| Subject to reporting requirement  |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Chemical name                     | National pollutant inventory              |
| Propylene glycol - 57-55-6        | 20 MW Threshold category 2b total         |
|                                   | 60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total     |
|                                   | 1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total     |
|                                   | 25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total   |
|                                   | 400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total  |
|                                   | 2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total |
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) - 64-17-5 | 10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1          |

# International Inventories

| AIIC          | All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial |  |
|---------------|--|--|
|               | Chemicals or are regulated through the Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ).       |  |
| NZIoC         | Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  |  |
| TSCA          | Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  |  |
| DSL/NDSL      | Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  |  |
| EINECS/ELINCS | Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  |  |
| ENCS          | Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  |  |
| IECSC         | Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  |  |
| KECL          | Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  |  |
| PICCS         | Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  |  |

Legend:

#### AllC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

#### NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

#### International Regulations

#### The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

#### The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

| Section 16: 0   | Other informat                                      | ion  |                 |  |
|---|---|--|-----------------|--|
| Reason(s) For Iss   | sue:  | 5 Yearly Revised Primary<br>Change in Hazardous Ch |                 | cation   |
| Prepared By   |   | This Safety Data Sheet h<br>SDS Services).         | as been prepar  | ed by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and        |
| Revision date:  |   | 24-Sep-2024  |                 |  |
| Revision Note:  |   |  |                 |  |
| The symbol (*) in t   | he margin of this SI                                | DS indicates that this line h                      | as been revise  | d.   |
| Key or legend to  | abbreviations and                                   | acronyms used in the sa                            | ifety data shee | it   |
| Legend<br>SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:<br>PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances<br>vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances<br>STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity<br>ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration<br>LD50: 50% Lethal Dose   |   |  |                 |  |
| Legend Section  | 8: EXPOSURE CO                                      | NTROLS/PERSONAL PR                                 | OTECTION        |  |
| TWA<br>Ceiling<br>C   | TWA (time-weight<br>Maximum limit val<br>Carcinogen | ed average)<br>ue                                  | STEL<br>*       | STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)<br>Skin designation |
| Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS<br>Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)<br>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database<br>European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)<br>Environmental Protection Agency<br>Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))<br>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act<br>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act<br>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act<br>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act<br>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals<br>Food Research Journal<br>Hazardous Substance Database<br>International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)<br>National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)<br>Australian Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)<br>Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)<br>NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)<br>National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)<br>National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)<br>U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)<br>New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)<br>Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications<br>Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications<br>Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications<br>Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set<br>World Health Organization |   |  |                 |  |

**Disclaimer** 

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet