# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 31-Jul-2024



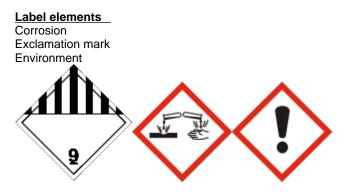
#### **Revision Number** 2

Section 1: Identification		
Product identifier		
Product Name	WATERLILY (FAIA00479AB)	
Product Code(s)	00000026178	
Other means of identification		
UN number or ID number	3082	
Pure substance/mixture	Mixture	
Recommended use of the chemical	and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	Fragrances.	
Uses advised against	No information available.	
Details of manufacturer or importer	-	
Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929		
Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611		
Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone number	1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)	
Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this S	Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.	
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# Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

GHS Classification_	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 2
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2



Signal word DANGER

#### Hazard statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

# Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear eye protection/ face protection. Avoid release to the environment. **Precautionary Statements - Response** Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS). IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Collect spillage. Precautionary Statements - Storage No storage statements. **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Toxic to aquatic life.

# Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
D,L-Citronellol	106-22-9	1-<10
Diphenyl ether	101-84-8	1-<10
Acetic acid, phenoxy-, 2-propenyl ester	7493-74-5	1-<10
Galaxolide	1222-05-5	1-<10
Cyclohexanol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, acetate	32210-23-4	1-<10
Linalyl acetate	115-95-7	1-<10
Ionone, methyl-	1335-46-2	1-<10
2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (E)- (Geraniol)	106-24-1	1-<10
Benzenepropanol	122-97-4	1-<10
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	78-70-6	1-<10
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous	-	to 100

# Section 4: First aid measures

# **Description of first aid measures**

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.
Inhalation	If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. (Call a physician if symptoms occur). Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Irritating. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.
Effects of Exposure	No information available.
Indication of any immediate medica	al attention and special treatment needed
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Can cause corneal burns.

# Section 5: Firefighting measures

# Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal protein foam can be used.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Combustible liquid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon. Environmentally hazardous.	
Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters		
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.	

Hazchem code

# Section 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Personal precautions	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. See section 8 for more information.
For emergency responders	Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods and material for containm	ent and cleaning up
Methods for containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.
Methods for cleaning up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

# Section 7: Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use according to package label instructions. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear suitable **General hygiene considerations** gloves and eye/face protection. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities **Storage Conditions** Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Keep container closed when not in use. Classified as a C2 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and transport requirements. Incompatible materials Oxidizing agent.

# Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

# Control parameters

# **Exposure Limits**

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV
Diphenyl ether	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm vapor
101-84-8	TWA: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 2 ppm vapor fraction
	STEL: 2 ppm	STEL: 2 ppm	
	STEL: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
Diphenyl ether 101-84-8	-	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 2 ppm STEL: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 7.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Peak: 1 ppm Peak: 7.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (E)- (Geraniol) 106-24-1	-	-	skin sensitizer

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering controls** 

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Eyewash stations. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

# Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



Eye/face protection	Tight sealing safety goggles.
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing. Boots. Overalls.
Hand protection	Impervious gloves.
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.
Thermal hazards	No information available.

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance Color Odor Odor threshold	Liquid Clear Colourless to Pale Yellow Fresh , Floral , Watery , Musk No information available	
Property	Values	Remarks • Method
H	No data available	None known
pH (as aqueous solution)	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	103 °C	CC (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	0.997-1.017 @20°C	None known
Water solubility	No data available	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

# Section 10: Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity No information available. Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impact Sensitivity to static discharge	None. Yes.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Oxidizing agent.
Hazardous decomposition products	

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

# Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Symptoms	Irritating. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.

# Acute toxicity .

<u>Numerical measures of toxicity</u> - Product Information No information available

# Numerical measures of toxicity - Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
D,L-Citronellol	= 3450 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2650 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Diphenyl ether	= 2450 mg/kg (Rat)	> 7940 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Acetic acid, phenoxy-, 2-propenyl ester	= 475 µL/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-
Galaxolide	> 3250 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3250 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.04 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Cyclohexanol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, acetate	= 5 g/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Linalyl acetate	= 14550 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 18.94 mg/L (Rat)8 h

lonone, methyl-	> 5 g/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (E)- (Geraniol)	= 3600 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	-
Benzenepropanol	= 2250 mg/kg (Rat)	= 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	= 2790 mg/kg (Rat)	= 5610 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

# Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	May cause sensitization by skin contact. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.

# Section 12: Ecological information

# **Ecotoxicity**

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Diphenyl ether	-	LC50: =4mg/L (96h,	-	LC50: 0.11 - 1.1mg/L
		Pimephales promelas)		(48h, Daphnia magna)
		LC50: 4 - 7.9mg/L (96h,		
		Pimephales promelas)		
Cyclohexanol,	-	LC50: =8.6mg/L (96h,	-	-
4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, acetate		Cyprinus carpio)		
Linalyl acetate	EC50: 68mg/L (72h,	LC50: =11mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: 59mg/L (48h,

	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	Cyprinus carpio)		Daphnia magna)
lonone, methyl-	-	LC50: =2.3mg/L (96h, Danio rerio)	-	-
2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (E)- (Geraniol)	-	LC50: =22mg/L (96h, Danio rerio)	-	-
Benzenepropanol	-	-	LC50: =57.88 mg/L (96hr, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	EC50: =88.3mg/L (96h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: =27.8mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	EC50: =20mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

Terrestrial ecotoxicity	There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

There is no data for this product.

# Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
D,L-Citronellol	3.41
Diphenyl ether	4.21
Acetic acid, phenoxy-, 2-propenyl ester	2.33
Galaxolide	5.3
Cyclohexanol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, acetate	4.8
Linalyl acetate	3.9
Ionone, methyl-	5
2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (E)- (Geraniol)	2.6
Benzenepropanol	1.85
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	2.9

Mobility

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

No information available.

# Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused<br/>productsShould not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local<br/>regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.Contaminated packagingEmpty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld<br/>containers. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

See section 8 for more information

# Section 14: Transport information

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.
3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS GALAXOLIDE) 9 III Yes •3Z
Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.
3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS GALAXOLIDE) 9 III
Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.
3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS GALAXOLIDE) 9 III F-A S-F

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No information available

# Section 15: Regulatory information

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations

# Australia

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

# Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

# No poisons schedule number allocated

Poison Schedule Number Not applicable

# Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Chemical name	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
D,L-Citronellol - 106-22-9	Present	-
Diphenyl ether - 101-84-8	Present	-
Acetic acid, phenoxy-, 2-propenyl ester - 7493-74-5	Present	-
Galaxolide - 1222-05-5	Present	-
Cyclohexanol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, acetate - 32210-23-4	Present	-
Linalyl acetate - 115-95-7	Present	-
lonone, methyl 1335-46-2	Present	-
2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (E)- (Geraniol) - 106-24-1	Present	-
Benzenepropanol - 122-97-4	Present	-
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool) - 78-70-6	Present	-
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous	Present	-

# Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

# National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Diphenyl ether - 101-84-8	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories			
AIIC	All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial		
	Chemicals.		
NZIOC	All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.		
TSCA			
	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.		
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.		
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.		
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.		
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.		
KECL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.		
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.		
Legend:			
AIIC AIIC- Australian Inventory of	Industrial Chemicals		
NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory o	f Chemicals		
TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory			
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic S	ubstances List/Non-Domestic Substances List		
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances			
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances			
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing	IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances		
KECI - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances			

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

# International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

# Section 16: Other information

Reason(s) For Issue:	Revised Primary SDS Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification Change in Formulation First Issue Primary SDS NZ
Prepared By	This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).
Revision date:	31-Jul-2024

# **Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

# Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

#### Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

# Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		

# Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) Environmental Protection Agency Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set World Health Organization

# Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet