# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 06-Aug-2020

# **1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

Product identifierProduct NameHYDROGEL MASK POWDERProduct Code(s)00000026341Other means of identificationUse substance/mixtureSynonymsHydrogel stretch mask MP10.Pure substance/mixtureMixtureRecommended use of the chemical and restrictions on useRecommended useThickening agentUses advised againstNo information available.

#### Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929 Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

#### Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### GHS Classification

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG)

Not classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

Label elements





#### Hazard statements

Other hazards which do not result in classification May form combustible dust concentrations in air

#### General Hazards

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### Substance

Not applicable

#### Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Starch	9005-25-8	30-60
Calcium sulfate	7778-18-9	1-<10
Non hazardous component(s)	-	to 100

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### Description of first aid measures

Emergency telephone number	Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26 Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Most important symptoms and effe	cts, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms	No information available.	
Indication of any immediate medica	al attention and special treatment needed	
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.	

 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

 Suitable Extinguishing Media

 Suitable Extinguishing Media

 Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use straight streams.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical				
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Combustible material. Dust can form an explosive mixture with air.			
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon oxides. Calcium oxides.			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters				
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.			

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Avoid generation of dust. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.	
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.	
Methods and material for containme	ent and cleaning up	
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.	
Methods for cleaning up	Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Carefully shovel or sweep up spilled material and place in suitable container. Avoid generating dust.	

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling			
Advice on safe handling	Avoid generation of dust. Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with product system. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof.		
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities			
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.		
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.		
Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)	None allocated		

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control parameters**

**Exposure Limits** 

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH TLV
Starch 9005-25-8	10 mg/m³ TWA	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Calcium sulfate 7778-18-9	10 mg/m³ TWA	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable particulate matter

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

#### Engineering controls

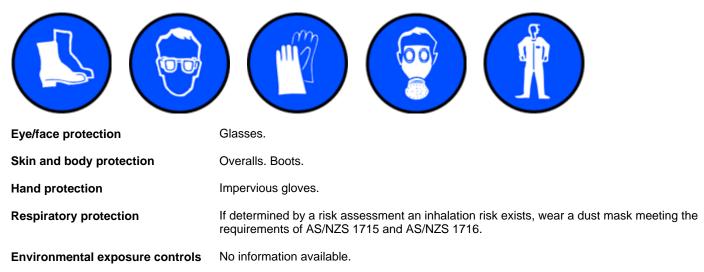
Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

### OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance Color Odor Odor threshold	Solid Powder White No information available. No information available.	
Property_	Values	Remarks • Method
pH	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	Decomposes	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	No data available	None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	No data available	None known
Water solubility	Insoluble in water	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

### Other information

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	
Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impac	t None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Dust can form an explosive mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Static discharge (electrostatic discharge).
Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	5

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Calcium oxides.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation of respiratory tract.
Eye contact	Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Skin contact	May cause irritation.
Ingestion	May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large amounts
Symptoms	No information available.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information No information available.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50 Dermal LD50		Inhalation LC50
Calcium sulfate			-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	No information available.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No information available.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No information available.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.	
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.	
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.	
STOT - single exposure	No information available.	
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.	
Aspiration hazard	No information available.	

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

#### Ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Calcium sulfate	-	LC50: =2980mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: =3200mg/L (120h,
		Lepomis macrochirus)		Nitscheria linearis)
		LC50: >1970mg/L (96h,		
		Pimephales promelas)		

#### Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability	No information available.
Bioaccumulative potential	

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

#### Mobility

Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unusedDispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with<br/>environmental legislation.

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### <u>ADG</u>

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

#### <u>IATA</u>

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

#### **IMDG**

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations

#### <u>Australia</u>

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

### (ADG)

Not classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

International Inventories AICS

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.

Legend:

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 03/2011

Reason(s) For Issue: First Issue Primary SDS

Issuing Date: 06-Aug-2020

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

#### **Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION		<u>PROTECTION</u>	
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		

#### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris.

End of Safety Data Sheet