SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 10-May-2023

Revision Number 2

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name FRAGRANCE RAINFOREST FRARAIN

Product Code(s) 000000026416

Other means of identification

UN number 3082

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Fragrances.

Uses advised against No information available

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929

Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Flammable liquids	Category 4 - (H227)
Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4 - (H302)

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2 - (H315)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1 - (H318)
Skin sensitization	Category 1A - (H317)
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2 - (H361)
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Label elements

Environment
Exclamation mark
Health hazard
Corrosion



Hazard statements

- H227 Combustible liquid
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Precautionary Statements - Response

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

General Hazards

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Ethanone,	21145-77-7	20-<50
1-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3,5,5,6,8,8-hexamethyl-2-nap		
hthalenyl)-		
Benzyl salicylate	118-58-1	10-<30
2-methyl-3-(4-tertbutylphenyl)-propanal (Lilial)	80-54-6	1-<10
4,7-Methano-1H-inden-6-ol,	5413-60-5	1-<10
3a,4,5,6,7,7a-hexahydro-, acetate (Verdyl		
acetate)		
.alphaHexylcinnamaldehyde	101-86-0	1-<10
D,L-Citronellol	106-22-9	1-<10
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	78-70-6	1-<10
2-Phenyl ethanol	60-12-8	1-<10
2,6-Octadien-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (E)- (Geraniol)	106-24-1	1-<10
Methyl dihydrojasmonate	24851-98-7	1-<10
4,7-Methano-1H-inden-6-ol,	17511-60-3	1-<10
3a,4,5,6,7,7a-hexahydro-, propanoate		
d-Limonene	5989-27-5	1-<10
Terpineol	8000-41-7	1-<10
Cyclohexanol, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, acetate	88-41-5	1-<10
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	1-<10
7-Octen-2-ol, 2,6-dimethyl-	18479-58-8	1-<10
Galaxolide	1222-05-5	1-<10
3-Hexenyl salicylate, cis-	65405-77-8	1-<10
7-Octen-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (S)-	6812-78-8	1-<10
Benzyl acetate	140-11-4	1-<10
Acetic acid, (3-methylbutoxy)-, 2-propenyl ester	67634-00-8	0.1-<1
2,4-Dimethyl-3-cyclohexenecarboxaldehyde	68039-49-6	0.1-<1
(Triplal)		
3-Cyclohexene-1-carboxaldehyde,	31906-04-4	0.1-<1
4-(4-hydroxy-4-methylpentyl)- (Lyral)		
2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethenyl)-,	6485-40-1	0.1-<1
(R)-; (L-Carvone)		
Citral	5392-40-5	0.1-<1

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Immediate medical attention is required. Show this

safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.

Eye contact Get immediate medical advice/attention. Do not rub affected area. Rinse immediately with

plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while

rinsing. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. May cause an allergic skin reaction. In the case of skin irritation or

allergic reactions see a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wear personal protective clothing (see section

8).

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin

reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal

protein foam can be used.

Unsuitable extinguishing media No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of

fire, cool tanks with water spray. Product is or contains a sensitizer. May cause

sensitization by skin contact.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code •3Z

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate

personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use

personal protective equipment as required.

Other information Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage

if safe to do so.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far

ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert

absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protection equipment. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Not to be used by pregnant workers and workers who have

recently given birth or who are breastfeeding.

General hygiene considerations Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning

of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from

heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of

children.

Classified as a C1 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and

transport requirements.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace

Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH TLV
Diethyl phthalate	8hr TWA = 5 mg/m ³	
84-66-2		

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Eyewash stations. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure

limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.









Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing.

Hand protection Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves.

AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid Appearance Clear

Color Pale Yellow to Yellow

Odor Green Fresh Petals Floral Earthy Musk

Odor threshold No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pHNo data availableNone knownpH (as aqueous solution)No data availableNone knownMelting point / freezing pointNo data availableNone known

Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known

Flash point 92 °C

Evaporation rateNo data availableNone knownFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableNone knownFlammability Limit in AirNone known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressureNo data availableNone knownVapor densityNo data availableNone known

Relative density 0.969 - 0.989 @20°C

Water solubility No data available None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known **Partition coefficient** No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** None known No data available **Decomposition temperature** No data available None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known **Dynamic viscosity** No data available None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin

reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) 1,499.00 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 4,871.80 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 69.579 mg/L

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Methyl dihydrojasmonate	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
4,7-Methano-1H-inden-6-ol, 3a,4,5,6,7,7a-hexahydro-, propanoate	> 5 g/kg(Rat)	> 5 g/kg(Rabbit)	-
Terpineol	= 2900 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Cyclohexanol, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, acetate	= 4600 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
7-Octen-2-ol, 2,6-dimethyl-	= 3600 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
3-Hexenyl salicylate, cis-	= 5 g/kg (Rat)	> 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	-
7-Octen-1-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-, (S)-	-	= 3600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Benzyl acetate	= 2490 mg/kg(Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
3-Cyclohexene-1-carboxaldehy de, 4-(4-hydroxy-4-methylpentyl)- (Lyral)	= 3250 μL/kg (Rat)	= 11300 μL/kg (Rabbit)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on

component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based

on component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause sensitization by skin contact. Classification is based on mixture calculation

methods based on component data.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Classification is based on mixture

calculation methods based on component data.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Benzyl salicylate	-	LC50: =1.03mg/L (96h, Danio rerio)	-	-
2-methyl-3-(4-tertbutylp henyl)-propanal (Lilial)	-	LC50: 2.2 - 4.6mg/L (96h, Brachydanio rerio)	-	EC50: =10.7mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
2-Phenyl ethanol	EC50: =490mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: 220 - 460mg/L (96h, Leuciscus idus)	-	EC50: =287.17mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
Methyl dihydrojasmonate	EC50= 45.9 mg/L (72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50: =19mg/L (96h, Oryzias latipes)	-	EC50 =8.25 mg/L (48 h, Daphnia magna)
d-Limonene	-	LC50: 0.619 - 0.796mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =35mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	-
Diethyl phthalate	EC50: =23mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: =21mg/L (96h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: 42 - 255mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 2.11 - 4.29mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50: =17mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =16.8mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =22mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =16.7mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =12mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	EC50: 36 - 74mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: =86mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
Benzyl acetate	-	LC50 (fish): 4 mg/L (Oryzias latipes, 96hr)(1)	-	-
Citral	EC50: =16mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: =19mg/L (96h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: 4.6 - 10mg/L (96h, Leuciscus idus)	-	EC50: =7mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
2-methyl-3-(4-tertbutylphenyl)-propanal (Lilial)	4.2
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	3.1
2-Phenyl ethanol	1.38
d-Limonene	4.23
Diethyl phthalate	2.35
Benzyl acetate	1.96
Citral	2.76

Mobility

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Chemical name EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List		EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Endocrine disrupting potential
Diethyl phthalate	Group III Chemical	-	-

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with

environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld

containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for

recycling or disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and

Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 3082

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS

ETHANONE, 1-(5,6,7,8-TETRAHYDRO-3,5,5,6,8,8-HEXAMETHYL-2-NAPHTHALENYL)-)

Hazard class 9
Packing group III
Hazchem code •3Z

IATA

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 3082

UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS

ETHANONE, 1-(5,6,7,8-TETRAHYDRO-3,5,5,6,8,8-HEXAMETHYL-2-NAPHTHALENYL)-)

Transport hazard class(es) 9
Packing group III

IMDG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea: DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 3082

UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS

ETHANONE, 1-(5,6,7,8-TETRAHYDRO-3,5,5,6,8,8-HEXAMETHYL-2-NAPHTHALENYL)-)

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group

IMDG EMS Fire

IMDG EMS Spill

S-F

Marine pollutant

9

RF-A

F-A

Yes

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

<u>Australia</u>

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

National pollutant inventory Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory	
d-Limonene - 5989-27-5	20 MW Threshold category 2b total	
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total	
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total	
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total	
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total	
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total	

International Inventories

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

Legend:

AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason(s) For Issue: Revised Primary SDS

Issuing Date: 10-May-2023

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet