# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 27-Jul-2021

# **1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

Product identifier			
Product Name	BERRIES N CREAM (FYIA01125AB)		
Product Code(s)	00000026643		
Other means of identification			
UN number	3082		
Pure substance/mixture	Mixture		
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use			
Recommended use	Fragrances.		
Uses advised against	No information available.		
Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia			

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929 Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

### Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

umber 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

BJ

Flammable liquids	Category 4
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 2
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2

SIGNAL WORD Warning

Label elements



Hazard statements H227 - Combustible liquid

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: H316 - Causes mild skin irritation

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray Wash hands thoroughly after handling Avoid release to the environment **Precautionary Statements - Response** Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS) If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet for extinction. Collect spillage **Precautionary Statements - Storage** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

## **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### <u>Mixture</u>

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Benzyl benzoate	120-51-4	20-<50
3-Methyl butyl acetate	123-92-2	1-<10
Fragrance ingredients present at non-hazardous concentrations	-	to 100

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

Emergency telephone number	Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26 Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Call a physician if symptoms occur.	
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician.	
Self-protection of the first aider	Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. See section 8 for more information.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	Irritation.	
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.	

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES			
Suitable Extinguishing Media			
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal protein foam can be used.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media			
Specific hazards arising from the c	<u>chemical</u>		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Environmentally hazardous. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.		
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon oxides.		
Special protective actions for fire-f	ighters		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.		
Hazchem code	•3Z		
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES			
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
Other information	Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.	
Methods and material for containme	ent and cleaning up	
Methods for containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.	
Methods for cleaning up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.	
7. HANDLING AND STORA	GE	
Precautions for safe handling		
Advice on safe handling	Use personal protection equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.	
General hygiene considerations	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.	
Conditions for safe storage, includi	ng any incompatibilities	
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.	
	Classified as a C1 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and transport requirements.	
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.	
Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)	None allocated	

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## **Control parameters**

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Exposure Limits
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No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH TLV
3-Methyl butyl acetate	8hr TWA = 270 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (50 ppm)	
123-92-2	15 min STEL = 541 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (100 ppm)	

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working

day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering controls** Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.

Eye/face protection	Glasses.
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing. Boots. Overalls.
Hand protection	Impervious gloves.
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical propertiesPhysical stateLiquidAppearanceClearColorColourless to Pale YellowOdorFruity Green SweetOdor thresholdNo information available.

Property pH pH (as aqueous solution) Melting point / freezing point <u>Values</u> No data available No data available No data available

Remarks • Method None known None known

Boiling point / boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limit in Air	No data available 90°C No data available No data available	CC (closed cup) None known None known None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Vapor pressure	No data available	
Vapor density	No data available	
Relative density	1.0910-1.1110 @20°C	
Water solubility	No data available	
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# Reactivity Reactivity No information available. **Chemical stability** Stability Stable under normal conditions. **Explosion data** Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge Yes. Possibility of hazardous reactions Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing. Conditions to avoid **Conditions to avoid** Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Direct sunlight. **Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents. Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information** 

No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation	May cause irritation.
Eye contact	May cause irritation.
Skin contact	Causes mild skin irritation.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.
Symptoms	Irritation.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information No information available.

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Benzyl benzoate	= 1600 mg/kg(Rat)	= 4000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
3-Methyl butyl acetate	= 16600 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes mild skin irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No information available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Benzyl benzoate	-	LC50: =2.32mg/L (96h, Danio rerio)	-	-

#### Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

#### Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** 

No information available.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Benzyl benzoate	4

Mobility

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

UN number Proper shipping name	3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS BENZYL BENZOATE)
Hazard class	9
Packing group	
Hazchem code	•3Z

#### <u>IATA</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number UN proper shipping name	3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS BENZYL BENZOATE)
Transport hazard class(es)	9
Packing group	

#### **IMDG**

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by

#### sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS BENZYL
	BENZOATE)
Transport hazard class(es)	9
Packing group	111
IMDG EMS Fire	F-A
IMDG EMS Spill	S-F
Marine pollutant	Yes

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations

#### Australia

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

#### National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Benzyl benzoate - 120-51-4	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total
3-Methyl butyl acetate - 123-92-2	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories AICS

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Legend:

- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Reason(s) For Issue: First Issue Primary SDS

Issuing Date: 27-Jul-2021

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

#### **Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend \$	Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL	_ PROTECTION	
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
C	Carcinogen		

#### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris.

End of Safety Data Sheet