# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 17-Jun-2024

**Revision Number** 2

# Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name WHISKEY FLAVOUR SYNTHETIC E50086 (FAWHI50086)

**Product Code(s)** 000000027100

Other means of identification

UN number or ID number 1197

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Flavour.

**Uses advised against** No information available.

Details of manufacturer or importer

#### **Supplier**

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929

Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

## Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

#### **GHS Classification**

<u> </u>	
Flammable liquids	Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2

#### Label elements

Flame

**Revision Number** 2



#### Signal word WARNING

### **Hazard statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating / lighting/ .? / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish...

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

No information available.

# Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)	64-17-5	>60
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous	-	to 100

## Section 4: First aid measures

## Description of first aid measures

**General advice** For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep Eye contact

eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention if symptoms

Revision date: 17-Jun-2024 (FAWHI50086)

occur.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms

**Revision Number** 2

occur.

Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) Self-protection of the first aider

involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid

contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation.

**Effects of Exposure** No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

# Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire residues and contaminated fire

extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Oxides of carbon. **Hazardous combustion products** 

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

Use personal protection equipment.

3Y Hazchem code

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, Personal precautions

> eves or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak, ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Revision Number 2

Revision date: 17-Jun-2024

All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk

through spilled material.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection

recommended in Section 8.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Refer to protective measures listed in

Sections 7 and 8. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor

suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other

non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert

absorbent material. Use non-sparking tools. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled

containers.

## Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Use personal protection equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing

vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

Use according to package label instructions.

**General hygiene considerations** Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat,

sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Protect from direct sunlight. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agent.

## Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace

Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chomical name	/ taotrana	110W Zodiana	
Chemical name	l Australia	l New ∠ealand I	ACGIH ILV

Revision date: 17-Jun-2024

Revision Number 2

Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) 64-17-5	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 800 ppm	STEL: 1000 ppm
		STEL: 1520 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		oto	

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)	-	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm
64-17-5		TWA: 1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		STEL: 3000 ppm	Peak: 800 ppm
		STEL: 5760 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Peak: 1520 mg/m³

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

Peak Limitation - a maximum or peak airborne concentration of a particular substance determined over the shortest analytically practicable period of time which does not exceed 15 minutes.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

## Appropriate engineering controls

## **Engineering controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



Eye/face protection

Goggles.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Antistatic boots. Overalls.

Hand protection

Impervious gloves.

(FAWHI50086)

**Revision Number** 2

Revision date: 17-Jun-2024

If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour Respiratory protection

respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

Thermal hazards No information available.

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

No information available **Appearance** 

Yellow to Amber; darkens with age Color

Odor Whiskey

**Odor threshold** No information available

Property Values Remarks • Method

No data available None known pН No data available None known pH (as aqueous solution) Melting point / freezing point No data available None known Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known Flash point 24 °C CC (closed cup) **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

No data available

Upper flammability or explosive

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

No data available None known Vapor pressure Vapor density None known No data available Relative density @ 20 °C 0.8657 - 0.9057 Water solubility No data available None known Solubility(ies) Miscible in water None known **Partition coefficient** No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** No data available None known **Decomposition temperature** No data available None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known Dynamic viscosity No data available None known

Other information

# Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

No information available. Reactivity

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Stability

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge

Possibility of hazardous reactions

(FAWHI50086)

**Revision Number** 2

Revision date: 17-Jun-2024

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing. Heating can cause expansion or decomposition of the

material, which can lead to the containers exploding.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agent.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

# Section 11: Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety **Product Information** 

Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is

mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation. Breathing in vapour can result in headaches, dizziness, drowsiness,

> and possible nausea. Breathing in high concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of coordination, impaired judgement and if exposure is

prolonged, unconsciousness.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause redness, itching, and pain. Eye contact

Skin contact May cause irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

**Symptoms** May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Acute toxicity .

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

No information available

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)	= 7060 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	= 124.7 mg/L ( Rat ) 4h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation No information available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. Classification based on data available for ingredients.

No information available. Respiratory or skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** No information available.

For Ethanol: Repeated or prolonged exposure to this material could result in effects on the **Chronic effects:** 

liver, kidneys, gastrointestinal tract, and heart muscle. Ethanol may cause adverse reproductive effects. Ingestion by pregnant women may cause serious effects in their newborn babies called foetal alcohol syndrome'. A study of the effects of ethanol inhalation in humans found that at between 5000-10000 ppm subjects experienced coughing and smarting of the eyes and nose, with symptoms disappearing within minutes. People exposed at 15000 ppm experienced continuous lacrimation and coughing. Irritation of the

**Revision Number** 2

eyes and respiratory tract were not noted at concentrations below 5000 ppm.

# Section 12: Ecological information

## **Ecotoxicity**

Aquatic ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)	-	LC50: 12.0 - 16.0mL/L	-	LC50: 9268 -
		(96h, Oncorhynchus		14221mg/L (48h,
		mykiss)		Daphnia magna)
		LC50: >100mg/L (96h,		EC50: =2mg/L (48h,
		Pimephales promelas)		Daphnia magna)
		LC50: 13400 -		
		15100mg/L (96h,		
		Pimephales promelas)		

Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Chemical name	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
, ,	Acute Toxicity: LC50 0.1 - 1		-
	mg/cm2 (Eisenia foetida 48 h		
	filter paper)		
	Source: IUCLID		

## Persistence and degradability

(FAWHI50086)

**Revision Number** 2

Revision date: 17-Jun-2024

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

**Component Information** 

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)	-0.35

Mobility

**Mobility** No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available. Other adverse effects

## Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld Contaminated packaging

containers. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

See section 8 for more information

## Section 14: Transport information

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code ADG

(ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN** number or ID number 1197

EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID Proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es) 3 Ш Packing group Hazchem code 3Y

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association IATA

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air: DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN** number

EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID **UN** proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es) Ш Packing group

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous **IMDG** 

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN number** 1197

EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID **UN proper shipping name** 

Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Ш **IMDG EMS Fire** F-E **IMDG EMS Spill** S-D

**Revision Number** 2

## Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

# Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations

#### <u>Australia</u>

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

### Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

No poisons schedule number allocated

Poison Schedule Number Not applicable

### **Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)**

Chemical name	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) - 64-17-5	Present	-
Ingredients determined not to be	Contact supplier for	-
hazardous	inventory compliance	
	status	

## Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

## Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that license requirements are met

Hazardous chemical

Liquids that meet the criteria for Class 3 Packing Group II or III

Threshold quantity (T) 50 000

## National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) - 64-17-5	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1

International Inventories

**NZIoC** 

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals or are regulated through the Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ). All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals or

are regulated through the Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ).

**Revision Number** 2

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **TSCA DSL/NDSL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **KECL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **PICCS** 

Legend:

**AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals** 

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

#### **International Regulations**

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

## Section 16: Other information

Reason(s) For Issue: Revised Primary SDS

Change in Physical Properties

**Prepared By** This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

**Revision date:** 17-Jun-2024

**Revision Note:** 

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

## Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**TWA** TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Maximum limit value Ceiling Skin designation

Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Revision Number 2

Revision date: 17-Jun-2024

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

**Environmental Protection Agency** 

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**