SAFETY DATA SHEET

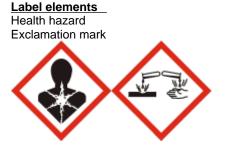
Revision date: 21-Oct-2024



Revision Number 1

Section 1: Identification	
Product identifier	
Product Name	HICKORY P SMOKE FLAVOUR
Product Code(s)	00000027824
Other means of identification	
Pure substance/mixture	Mixture
Recommended use of the chemical	and restrictions on use
Recommended use	As a food ingredient or flavouring to produce smoke flavour notes in various applications. Primary use is for flavouring of meat products.
Uses advised against	
Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents	This product contains one or more substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list. Verify requirements related to using, handling, and storing these substances.
Details of manufacturer or importer	
<u>Supplier</u> Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Ja ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia	acobs division) - incorporated in Australia
Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929 Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611	
Emergency telephone number	
Emergency telephone number	1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)
Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this S	Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.
Section 2: Hazard identification	ation
	n accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and
GHS Classification	

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2



Signal word WARNING

Hazard statements

H315 - Causes skin irritationH319 - Causes serious eye irritationH341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. **Precautionary Statements - Response** Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Precautionary Statements - Storage Store locked up. **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Water	7732-18-5	>60
Liquid Smoke Condensates	-	10-30
Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monooleate	9005-65-6	<10
Acetic acid	64-19-7	<10
Phenol	108-95-2	3-4.2

Section 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.

Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician if irritation persists.	
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.	
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician.	
Self-protection of the first aider	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear personal protective clothing (see section 8).	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness).	
Effects of Exposure	Mutagenic effects.	
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.	

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the Non-combustible. chemical

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. See section 8 for more information.
Other information	Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.
Environmental precautions	

Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods and material for containme	ent and cleaning up
Methods for containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.
Methods for cleaning up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use personal protection equipment. Use according to package label instructions. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
General hygiene considerations	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.
Conditions for safe storage, including	ng any incompatibilities
Storage Conditions	Store under cover in a dry place. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep container closed when not in use.
Incompatible materials	Bases.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV
Acetic acid	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm
64-19-7	TWA: 25 mg/m ³	TWA: 25 mg/m ³	STEL: 15 ppm
	STEL: 15 ppm	STEL: 15 ppm	
	STEL: 37 mg/m ³	STEL: 37 mg/m ³	
Phenol	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm
108-95-2	TWA: 4 mg/m ³	TWA: 3.8 mg/m ³	Sk*
		STEL: 2 ppm	
		STEL: 7.7 mg/m ³	
		Sk*	

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
Acetic acid	-	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm
64-19-7		TWA: 25 mg/m ³	TWA: 25 mg/m ³
		STEL: 20 ppm	Peak: 20 ppm
		STEL: 50 mg/m ³	Peak: 50 mg/m ³
Phenol	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm	Sk*

108-95-2	TWA: 8 mg/m ³	TWA: 7.8 mg/m ³	
	STEL: 4 ppm	STEL: 4 ppm	
	STEL: 16 mg/m ³	STEL: 16 mg/m ³	
	*	Sk*	

Biological occupational exposure

limits

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH	European Union
Phenol	-	250 mg/g creatinine	-
108-95-2			

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

'Sk' (skin) Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

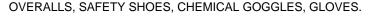
Engineering controls

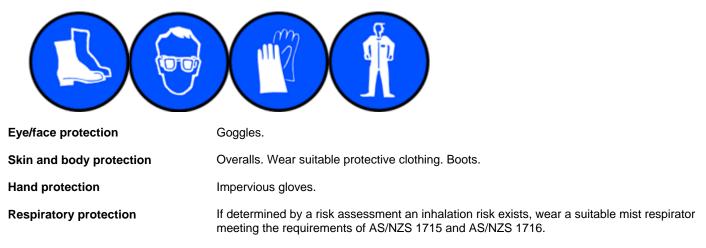
Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.





Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Thermal hazards No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	No information available
Color	Dark Amber / Brown
Odor	Strong Wood Smoke
Odor threshold	No information available

Property_	Values	Remarks • Method
рН	2 - 3	None known
pH (as aqueous solution)	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	Not applicable	None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive	No data available	
limits		
Lower flammability or explosive	No data available	
limits		
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	1.062 - 1.096	@ 25 °C
Water solubility	No data available	None known
Solubility(ies)	Miscible in water	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known
· ·		

Other information

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	
Reactivity Non-reacti	ve under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	
Stability Stable und	ler normal conditions.
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge None. Possibility of hazardous reactions	

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Bases.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause sensitization in susceptible persons.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Symptoms	Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness).

Acute toxicity _.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information No information available

Unknown acute toxicity

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Water	> 90 mL/kg (Rat)	-	-
Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monooleate	= 34500 µL/kg (Rat)	-	-
Acetic acid	= 3310 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1060 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 11.4 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Phenol	= 340 mg/kg (Rat)	= 630 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritationCauses skin irritation. Classification based on data available for ingredients.Serious eye damage/eye irritationCauses serious eye irritation. Classification based on data available for ingredients.Respiratory or skin sensitizationMay cause sensitization in susceptible persons.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects. Contains a known or suspected mutagen. Classification based on data available for ingredients.

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has	listed any ingredient as a d	carcinogen.	
Chemical name	Australia	European Union	IARC
Phenol - 108-95-2	-	_	Group 3

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monooleate	-	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): ca. 471 mg/l(96h)(1)	IC0 (Pseudomonas putida): > 10,000 mg/l(1)	LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia): 165 mg/l(1)
Acetic acid	-	LC50: =79mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =75mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	-	EC50: =65mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
Phenol	EC50: =46.42mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 0.0188 - 0.1044mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 187 - 279mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: 11.9 - 50.5mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 20.5 - 25.6mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =32mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 5.449 - 6.789mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 7.5 - 14mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 4.23 - 7.49mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus	_	EC50: 4.24 - 10.7mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: 10.2 - 15.5mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

mykiss)	
LC50: 5.0 - 12.0mg/L	
(96h, Oncorhynchus	
mykiss)	
LC50: =13.5mg/L (96h,	
Lepomis macrochirus)	
LC50: 11.9 - 25.3mg/L	
(96h, Lepomis	
macrochirus)	
LC50: =11.5mg/L (96h,	
Lepomis macrochirus)	
LC50: 34.09 -	
47.64mg/L (96h,	
Poecilia reticulata)	
LC50: =31mg/L (96h,	
Poecilia reticulata)	
LC50: =27.8mg/L (96h,	
Brachydanio rerio)	
LC50: =0.00175mg/L	
(96h, Cyprinus carpio)	
LC50: 33.9 - 43.3mg/L	
(96h, Oryzias latipes)	
LC50: 23.4 - 36.6mg/L	
(96h, Oryzias latipes)	
(001, 01, 21, 00, 00)	

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
Phenol	Acute Toxicity: LC100 = 6900	-	-
	mg/kg (Eisenia foetida 56		
	Days soil dry weight)		
	Source: IUCLID		

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Acetic acid	-0.17
Phenol	1.47

Mobility

Mobility

No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with
products	environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse empty containers.

See section 8 for more information

Section 14: Transport information			
ADG	Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.		
ΙΑΤΑ	Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.		
IMDG	Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.		

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No information available

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) **Poison Schedule Number** 6

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Chemical name	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Water - 7732-18-5	Present	-
Liquid Smoke Condensates	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status	-
Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monooleate - 9005-65-6	Present	-
Acetic acid - 64-19-7	Present	-
Phenol - 108-95-2	Present	-

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product contains one or more substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list. Verify requirements related to using, handling, and storing these substances.

Chemical name	Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents
Acetic acid - 64-19-7	Category 3

Legend

Category 3 - Chemicals and apparatus that may be used in the illicit production of drugs. Purchases from this list should alert companies or organizations to seek further indicators of any suspicious orders or enquiries. No official reporting is required for items on this list unless considered warranted.

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement				
Chemical name	National pollutant inventory			
Acetic acid - 64-19-7	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1			
Phenol - 108-95-2	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1			

International Inventories

AIIC	All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.
NZIOC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
KECL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

Section 16: Other information

Supplier Safety Data Sheet; 10/ 2024

Reason(s) For Issue:	First Issue Primary SDS
Prepared By	This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).
Revision date:	21-Oct-2024

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) **Environmental Protection Agency** Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet