SAFETY DATA SHEET



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Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name SUPER SMOOTH COMP TYPE SYNTH *S E50270 (FASMO50270)

Product Code(s) 000000027834

Other means of identification

UN number or ID number 1197

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Flavour.

Uses advised against No information available.

Details of manufacturer or importer

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929

Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

GHS Classification

| <u> </u> | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Flammable liquids | Category 3 |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2 |

Label elements

Flame

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Signal word WARNING

Hazard statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating / lighting/ .? / equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish...

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Causes mild skin irritation.

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

| Chemical name | CAS No. | Weight-% |
|--|----------|----------|
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) | 64-17-5 | 1-<10 |
| Isoamyl alcohol | 123-51-3 | 1-<10 |
| Ingredients determined not to be hazardous | - | to 100 |

Additional information

Contains propylene glycol and glycerin.

Section 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

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Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep Eve contact

eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present

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and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth Ingestion

to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms

occur.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

> involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid

contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation.

Effects of Exposure No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire residues and contaminated fire

extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous combustion products Oxides of carbon.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code 3Y

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See

> section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources

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(no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing

vapors or mists.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection

recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. **Environmental precautions**

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor

> suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other

non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Use non-sparking tools.

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use personal protection equipment. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with Advice on safe handling

skin, eyes or clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, **Storage Conditions**

> sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep container closed when not in

use. Protect from direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agent.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace **Exposure Limits**

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Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

STEL: 452 mg/m³

| Chemical name | Australia | New Zealand | ACGIH TLV |
|------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) 64-17-5 | TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m ³ | TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 380 mg/m³ STEL: 800 ppm STEL: 1520 mg/m³ oto | STEL: 1000 ppm |
| Isoamyl alcohol 123-51-3 | TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 361 mg/m ³ STEL: 125 ppm | TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 361 mg/m³ STEL: 125 ppm | TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 125 ppm |

| Chemical name | European Union | United Kingdom | Germany DFG |
|-------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) | - | TWA: 1000 ppm | TWA: 200 ppm |
| 64-17-5 | | TWA: 1920 mg/m ³ | TWA: 380 mg/m ³ |
| | | STEL: 3000 ppm | Peak: 800 ppm |
| | | STEL: 5760 mg/m ³ | Peak: 1520 mg/m ³ |
| Isoamyl alcohol | - | TWA: 100 ppm | TWA: 20 ppm |
| 123-51-3 | | TWA: 366 mg/m ³ | TWA: 73 mg/m ³ |
| | | STEL: 125 ppm | Peak: 40 ppm |
| | | STEL: 458 mg/m ³ | Peak: 146 mg/m ³ |

Propane-1,2-diol (propylene glycol) (total: vapour & particulates): 8hr TWA = 474 mg/m³ (150 ppm); (particulates only): 8hr TWA = 10 mg/m³

Glycerin (Glycerol) mist: 8hr TWA = 10 mg/m³

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

STEL: 452 mg/m³

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.

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Goggles. Eye/face protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Antistatic boots. Overalls. Skin and body protection

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour

respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Thermal hazards No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance No information available

Color Dark brown

Odor Bourbon and Malt Type **Odor threshold** No information available

Property Values Remarks • Method

No data available None known pН pH (as aqueous solution) No data available None known Melting point / freezing point No data available None known Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known 40 °C Flash point CC (closed cup) **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air

None known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

No data available Vapor pressure None known Vapor density No data available None known Relative density 1.0447 - 1.0847 @ 20 °C Water solubility No data available None known Solubility(ies) Miscible in water None known No data available **Partition coefficient** None known

Autoignition temperature No data available None known No data available **Decomposition temperature** None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known No data available None known **Dynamic viscosity**

Other information

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Heating can cause expansion or decomposition of the material, which can lead to the

containers exploding.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent. Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety

Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is

mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Breathing in vapour can result in headaches,

dizziness, drowsiness, and possible nausea. Breathing in high concentrations can produce

central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of coordination, impaired

judgement and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation. May cause redness, itching, and pain.

Skin contact Causes mild skin irritation.

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Ingestion

Symptoms May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Acute toxicity .

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

No information available

Component Information

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| Chemical name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) | = 7060 mg/kg (Rat) | - | = 124.7 mg/L (Rat) 4h |
| Isoamyl alcohol | = 5770 mg/kg (Rat) | = 3250 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 2000 ppm (Rat) 8 h |

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes mild skin irritation. Classification based on data available for ingredients.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. Classification based on data available for ingredients.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicityNo information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposureNo information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Chronic effects: For Ethanol: Repeated or prolonged exposure to this material could result in effects on the

liver, kidneys, gastrointestinal tract, and heart muscle. Ethanol may cause adverse reproductive effects. Ingestion by pregnant women may cause serious effects in their newborn babies called 'foetal alcohol syndrome'. A study of the effects of ethanol inhalation in humans found that at between 5000-10000 ppm subjects experienced coughing and smarting of the eyes and nose, with symptoms disappearing within minutes. People exposed at 15000 ppm experienced continuous lacrimation and coughing. Irritation of the

eyes and respiratory tract were not noted at concentrations below 5000 ppm.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways.

| Chemical name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish | Toxicity to | Crustacea |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| | | | microorganisms | |
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) | - | LC50: 12.0 - 16.0mL/L | - | LC50: 9268 - |
| · | | (96h, Oncorhynchus | | 14221mg/L (48h, |
| | | mykiss) | | Daphnia magna) |
| | | LC50: >100mg/L (96h, | | EC50: =2mg/L (48h, |
| | | Pimephales promelas) | | Daphnia magna) |
| | | LC50: 13400 - | | |

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| | 15100mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| EC50: =493mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: =181mg/L (96h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) | LC50: =700mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) | - | EC50: =260mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) |

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

| Chemical name | Earthworm | Avian | Honeybees |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) | Acute Toxicity: LC50 0.1 - 1 | - | - |
| | mg/cm2 (Eisenia foetida 48 h | | |
| | filter paper) | | |
| | Source: IUCLID | | |

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

Component Information

| Chemical name | Partition coefficient |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) | -0.35 |
| Isoamyl alcohol | 1.35 |

Mobility

No information available. Mobility

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld Contaminated packaging

containers. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

See section 8 for more information

Section 14: Transport information

ADG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code

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(ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number or ID number 1197

Proper shipping name EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group III
Hazchem code 3Y

IATA Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1197

UN proper shipping name EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group III

IMDG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1197

UN proper shipping name EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group

IMDG EMS Fire

F-E

IMDG EMS Spill

S-D

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

No poisons schedule number allocated

Poison Schedule Number Not applicable

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

| | Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) | Additional information |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) - 64-17-5 | Present | - |
| Isoamyl alcohol - 123-51-3 | Present | - |
| Ingredients determined not to be | Present | - |

| | Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) | Additional information |
|-----------|---|------------------------|
| hazardous | | |

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that license requirements are met

Hazardous chemical Threshold quantity (T) 50 000

Liquids that meet the criteria for Class 3 Packing Group II or III

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

| Chemical name | National pollutant inventory |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) - 64-17-5 | 10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1 |

International Inventories

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial AIIC

Chemicals or are regulated through the Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ).

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **NZIoC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **TSCA** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. DSL/NDSL Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **ENCS IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **KECL PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

Section 16: Other information

First Issue Primary SDS Reason(s) For Issue:

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and **Prepared By**

SDS Services).

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Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Maximum limit value Ceiling Skin designation

Carcinogen С

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

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Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet