# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Revision date: 06-Nov-2024



Revision Number 1

Section 1: Identification		
Product identifier		
Product Name	Pineapple Flavour Synthetic E50275 (FAPIN50275)	
Product Code(s)	00000027851	
Other means of identification		
UN number or ID number	1197	
Pure substance/mixture	Mixture	
Recommended use of the chemica	l and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	Flavour.	
Uses advised against	No information available.	
Details of manufacturer or importe	<u>r</u>	
Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia		
Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929 Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611	1	
Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone number	1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)	
Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this	Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.	
Section 2: Hazard identific	ation	
	in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). e criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and	

GHS Classification Flammable liquids

Category 3

Label	elements
Flame	



Signal word WARNING

Hazard statements H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating / lighting/ other / equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. **Precautionary Statements - Response** 

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish.. **Precautionary Statements - Storage** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## Other hazards which do not result in classification

## Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Ethyl butyrate	105-54-4	1-10
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous	-	to 100

#### Additional information

Contains propylene glycol.

## Section 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. (Call a physician if symptoms occur).
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. (Call a physician if symptoms occur).

Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Self-protection of the first aider	Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	No information available.	
Effects of Exposure	No information available.	
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.	

Section 5: Firefighting me	asures	
Suitable Extinguishing Media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.	
Specific hazards arising from the c	hemical	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Flammable. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.	
Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon.	
Special protective actions for fire-fi	ighters	
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.	
Hazchem code	3Y	
Section 6: Accidental release measures		
Personal precautions, protective ed	quipment and emergency procedures_	
Personal precautions	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.	
Other information	Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.	
For emergency responders	Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection	

# Page 3/11

Revision Number 1

recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent product from entering drains.	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.	
Methods for cleaning up	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use non-sparking tools. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.	

# Section 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use personal protection equipment. Use according to package label instructions.
General hygiene considerations	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Conditions for safe storage, includ	ing any incompatibilities
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Protect from direct sunlight. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.

# Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

#### Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Propane-1,2-diol (propylene glycol) (total: vapour & particulates): 8hr TWA = 474 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (150 ppm); (particulates only): 8hr TWA = 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering controls** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.

Eye/face protection	Glasses.	
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing. Antistatic boots. Overalls.	
Hand protection	Impervious gloves.	
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.	
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.	
Thermal hazards	No information available.	

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance	Liquid Clear
Color	Pale Yellow to Yellow
Odor	Characteristic aroma and flavour of Pineapple
Odor threshold	No information available

Revision Number 1

<u>Property</u> pH pH (as aqueous solution)	<u>Values</u> No data available No data available	Remarks • Method None known None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	47 °C	CC (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive	No data available	
limits	No data available	None known
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	1.0112 - 1.0512 @20°C	None known
Relative density Water solubility	No data available	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature		
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

#### Other information

# Section 10: Stability and reactivity **Reactivity** Reactivity No information available. Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions. Stability **Explosion data** Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge Yes. Possibility of hazardous reactions Possibility of hazardous reactions Heating can cause expansion or decomposition of the material, which can lead to the containers exploding. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Avoid contact with combustible substances. Direct sunlight. Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

# Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation.
Eye contact	May cause irritation.
Skin contact	May cause irritation.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Symptoms	No information available.

Acute toxicity .

<u>Numerical measures of toxicity</u> - Product Information No information available

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Ethyl butyrate	= 13 000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	No information available.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No information available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.

Aspiration hazard

No information available.

Section 12: Ecological information					
<u>Ecotoxicity</u>					
Aquatic ecotoxicity	Keep out of waterways.				
Terrestrial ecotoxicity	There is no data for this product.				
Persistence and degradability					
Persistence and degradability	No information available.				
reisistence and degradability					
Bioaccumulative potential					
Bioaccumulation	There is no data for this product.				
Component Information					
Chemical name Partition coefficient					
Chemical	Iname	Partition coefficient			
Chemical Ethyl bu		Partition coefficient 2.433			
Ethyl bu					
Ethyl bu Mobility	tyrate				
Ethyl bu <u>Mobility</u> Mobility	tyrate				
Ethyl bu <u>Mobility</u> Mobility Other adverse effects	tyrate No information available. No information available.				
Ethyl bu <u>Mobility</u> <u>Other adverse effects</u> Other adverse effects	tyrate No information available. No information available.				
Ethyl bu <u>Mobility</u> <u>Mobility</u> <u>Other adverse effects</u> Other adverse effects <u>Section 13: Disposal cons</u> <u>Waste treatment methods</u>	tyrate No information available. No information available. <b>iderations</b>	2.433			
Ethyl bu Mobility Mobility Other adverse effects Other adverse effects Section 13: Disposal cons	tyrate No information available. No information available. <b>iderations</b> Should not be released into the o				
Ethyl bu <u>Mobility</u> <u>Mobility</u> <u>Other adverse effects</u> <u>Other adverse effects</u> <u>Section 13: Disposal cons</u> <u>Waste treatment methods</u> <u>Waste from residues/unused</u>	tyrate No information available. No information available. <b>iderations</b> Should not be released into the oregulations. Dispose of waste in Empty containers pose a potenti	2.433			

Section 14: Transport information			
ADG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.		
UN number or ID number Proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group	1197 EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID 3 III		

Hazchem code	3Y
ΙΑΤΑ	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group	1197 EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID 3 III
IMDG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group IMDG EMS Fire IMDG EMS Spill	1197 EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID 3 III F-E S-D

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No information available

# Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations

#### <u>Australia</u>

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

#### Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

No poisons schedule number allocated

Poison Schedule Number Not applicable

#### Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Ethyl butyrate - 105-54-4	Present	-

#### Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

#### Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that license requirements are met <u>Hazardous chemical</u> Liquids that meet the criteria for Class 3 Packing Group II or III

Threshold quantity (T) 50 000

#### National pollutant inventory Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Ethyl butyrate - 105-54-4	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories AIIC	All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.
NZIOC TSCA DSL/NDSL EINECS/ELINCS ENCS IECSC KECL PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

## AIIC AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

Section 16: Other information		
Reason(s) For Issue:	First Issue Primary SDS	
Prepared By	This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).	
Revision date:	06-Nov-2024	
Revision Note:		

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

#### Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration
LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

#### Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		

#### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

**Environmental Protection Agency** 

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**