SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 23-May-2023

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

| Product identifier | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| Product Name | EUCALYPTUS D102700 | | |
| Product Code(s) | 00000032078 | | |
| Other means of identification | | | |
| UN number | 1266 | | |
| Pure substance/mixture | Mixture | | |
| Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use | | | |
| Recommended use | Fragrances. | | |
| Uses advised against | No information available | | |
| Ourselies | | | |

Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929 Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

umber 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

| Flammable liquids | Category 3 - (H226) |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Aspiration hazard | Category 1 - (H304) |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 - (H315) |



| Revision | Number | 3 |
|----------|--------|---|
|----------|--------|---|

| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 1 - (H318) |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Skin sensitization | Category 1B - (H317) |
| Acute aquatic toxicity | Category 1 - (H400) |
| Chronic aquatic toxicity | Category 1 - (H410) |

SIGNAL WORD Danger

Label elements

Flame Exclamation mark Health hazard Corrosion Environment



Hazard statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment Avoid release to the environment **Precautionary Statements - Response** Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS) IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomitina In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish. Collect spillage **Precautionary Statements - Storage** Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards which do not result in classification Very toxic to aquatic life

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

6

Mixture

| Chemical name | CAS No. | Weight-% |
|---------------------------|-------------|----------|
| Dipentene | 138-86-3 | 30-60 |
| Pine oil | 8002-09-3 | 10-<30 |
| Terpinolene | 586-62-9 | 10-<30 |
| Camphor | 76-22-2 | 1-<10 |
| Eucalyptus oil | 8000-48-4 | 1-<10 |
| Turpentine (Wood) | 8006-64-2 | 1-<10 |
| Non-hazardous ingredients | Proprietary | Balance |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

| General advice | For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Inhalation | Remove to fresh air. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. |
| Eye contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| Skin contact | Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. May cause an allergic skin reaction. If symptoms persist, call a physician. |
| Ingestion | Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Get immediate medical advice/attention. |
| Self-protection of the first aider | Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |
| Most important symptoms and effect | ts, both acute and delayed |
| Symptoms | Burning sensation. Itching. Rashes. Hives. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. |

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians

May cause sensitization by skin contact. Treat symptomatically. Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.

| 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES | | |
|--|---|--|
| Suitable Extinguishing Media | | |
| Suitable Extinguishing Media | Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal protein foam can be used. | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient. | |
| Specific hazards arising from the c | hemical | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Flammable. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Product is or contains a sensitizer. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Environmentally hazardous. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. | |
| Hazardous combustion products | Oxides of carbon. | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | | |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment. | |
| Hazchem code | •3Y | |
| | | |

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Personal precautions | Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Other information | Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. |
| For emergency responders | Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. |
| Environmental precautions | |
| Environmental precautions | Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. |
| Methods and material for containm | ent and cleaning up |
| Methods for containment | Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. |

Methods for cleaning up

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers. Use non-sparking tools.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| Precautions for safe handling | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Advice on safe handling | Use personal protection equipment. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. |
| General hygiene considerations | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. |
| Conditions for safe storage, includ | ing any incompatibilities |
| Storage Conditions | Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store locked up. Store away from foodstuffs. Keep out of the reach of children. This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in |
| | accordance with the relevant regulations. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. |
| Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) | 6 |
| 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS | S/PERSONAL PROTECTION |

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

| Chemical name | Australia | ACGIH |
|---------------|--|-------|
| | 8hr TWA = 557 mg/m ³ (100 ppm), Sen | |
| 8006-64-2 | | |

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

Sen' Notice - sensitiser. The substance can cause a specific immune response in some people. An affected individual may subsequently react to exposure to minute levels of that substance and should not be further exposed to the substance.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.

| Eye/face protection | Tight sealing safety goggles. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Skin and body protection | Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Antistatic boots. Overalls. |
| Hand protection | Impervious gloves. |
| Respiratory protection | If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. |
| Environmental exposure controls | No information available. |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical state | Liquid |
|----------------|---|
| Appearance | Clear |
| Color | Colourless to Pale Yellow |
| Odor | Fresh, Eucalyptus, Piney, Woody, Camphorous |
| Odor threshold | No information available |
| | |
| | |

Property pH pH (as aqueous solution) Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range Flash point Values No data available No data available No data available No data available 53 °C Remarks • Method None known None known None known CC (closed cup)

00000032078 - EUCALYPTUS D102700

| Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limit in Air | No data available No data available | None known None known None known |
|--|--|--|
| Upper flammability or explosive limits | No data available | |
| Lower flammability or explosive limits | No data available | |
| Vapor pressure | No data available | None known |
| Vapor density | No data available | None known |
| Relative density | 0.891 - 0.911 | @ 20 °C |
| Water solubility | No data available | None known |
| Solubility(ies) | Immiscible in water | None known |
| Partition coefficient | No data available | None known |
| Autoignition temperature | No data available | None known |
| Decomposition temperature | No data available | None known |
| Kinematic viscosity | No data available | None known |
| Dynamic viscosity | No data available | None known |

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | | |
|---|--|--|
| Reactivity | No information available. | |
| Chemical stability | | |
| Stability | Stable under normal conditions. | |
| Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impac | t None. | |
| Sensitivity to static discharge | Yes. | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | None under normal processing. | |
| Conditions to avoid | | |
| Conditions to avoid | Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). | |
| Incompatible materials | | |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. | |
| Hazardous decomposition products | 5 | |
| | | |

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

| Inhalation | Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. |
|--------------|---|
| Eye contact | Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Severely irritating to eyes. Causes serious eye damage. May cause burns. May cause irreversible damage to eyes. (based on components). |
| Skin contact | Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. (based on components). Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Symptoms | Redness. Burning. May cause blindness. Itching. Rashes. Hives. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. |
| | |

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

| ATEmix (oral) | >5,000 mg/kg |
|-----------------|--------------|
| ATEmix (dermal) | >5,000 mg/kg |

Component Information

| Chemical name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Dipentene | = 5300 mg/kg(Rat) | - | - |
| Turpentine (Wood) | = 1900 mg/kg(Rat) | - | - |

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| Skin corrosion/irritation | Classification based on data available for ingredients. Irritating to skin. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes burns. Risk of serious damage to eyes. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | Classification based on data available for ingredients. May cause sensitization by skin contact. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No information available. |
| Carcinogenicity | No information available. |
| Reproductive toxicity | No information available. |
| STOT - single exposure | No information available. |
| STOT - repeated exposure | No information available. |
| Aspiration hazard | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Avoid contaminating waterways. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Chemical name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish | Toxicity to | Crustacea |
|---------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| | | | microorganisms | |
| Pine oil | - | - | - | EC50: 17 - 28mg/L (48h, |
| | | | | Daphnia magna) |
| Terpinolene | EC50: =0.302 mg/L (72h) | LC50: =0.805mg/L (96h, | - | - |
| | | Danio rerio) | | |

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

Component Information

Mobility

Mobility in soil

No information available.

There is no data for this product.

Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

| Waste from residues/unused products | Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation. |
|--|--|
| Contaminated packaging | Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. |

| 14. | TRANS | PORT | INFORMA | TION |
|-----|-------|------|---------|------|
|-----|-------|------|---------|------|

<u>ADG</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

| UN number | 1266 |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| Proper shipping name | PERFUMERY PRODUCTS |
| Hazard class | 3 |
| Packing group | III |
| Hazchem code | •3Y |

<u>IATA</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

| UN number | 1266 |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| UN proper shipping name | PERFUMERY PRODUCTS |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 |

Packing group

III

IMDG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

| UN number | 1266 |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| UN proper shipping name | PERFUMERY PRODUCTS |
| | |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 |
| Packing group | III |
| IMDG EMS Fire | F-E |
| IMDG EMS Spill | S-D |
| Marine pollutant | Yes |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

<u>Australia</u>

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) **Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)** 6

Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that license requirements are met <u>Hazardous chemical</u> Liquids with flash points <61°C kept above their boiling points at ambient conditions

Threshold quantity (T) 200

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

| Chemical name | National pollutant inventory |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Dipentene - 138-86-3 | 20 MW Threshold category 2b total |
| | 60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total |
| | 1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total |
| | 25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total |
| | 400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total |
| | 2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total |
| Turpentine (Wood) - 8006-64-2 | 20 MW Threshold category 2b total |
| | 60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total |
| | 1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total |
| | 25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total |
| | 400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total |
| | 2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total |

International Inventories

AIIC

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Legend:

AllC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification

Issuing Date: 23-May-2023

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

| osure Limit) |
|--------------|
| |
| |

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet