SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 27-Aug-2024

Revision Number 7

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name MINERAL OIL (HAZARDOUS)

Product Code(s) 000000034175

Other means of identification

CAS No. 8042-47-5

Chemical name White mineral oil, petroleum

Synonyms Drakeol LT Mineral Oil NF; Drakeol 5; Drakeol 7; Drakeol 7 NF; Drakeol 9 LT Min Oil NF;

Drakeol 10 LT Min Oil NF; Drakeol GD-LP; 6943 Oil; Drakesol 260; Parol 70; Parol 80; Divyol White Oil 15 USP; Divyol Light Liquid Paraffin/Light Mineral Oil/White Mineral Oil

Pure substance/mixture Substance

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended useMineral oil. Solvent. Food, cosmetic, pharmaceutical and industrial applications. Personal

Care applications.

Uses advised against No information available.

Details of manufacturer or importer

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512

70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163

Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929

Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

GHS Classification

Category 1 Aspiration hazard

Label elements

Health hazard



Signal word DANGER

Hazard statements

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
White mineral oil, petroleum	8042-47-5	100

Section 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance. For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11

26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing has stopped, give

> artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Remove to fresh air. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Delayed

pulmonary edema may occur.

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Eye contact

Consult a physician.

Skin contact Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE.

Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to

prevent aspiration. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate

medical attention. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to Self-protection of the first aider

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use

barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Use personal protective equipment as

required.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness.

Effects of Exposure No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Because of the danger of Note to physicians

aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed unless the risk is justified by

the presence of additional toxic substances.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the

surrounding environment.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Combustible liquid. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Carbon oxides. **Hazardous combustion products**

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

Use personal protection equipment.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Personal precautions

Remove all sources of ignition. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Other information Ventilate the area.

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of For emergency responders

all unprotected personnel.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Prevent further leakage or spillage if

safe to do so. Keep out of waterways.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far

ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways.

Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation.

Methods for cleaning up Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Dam up. Soak up with inert

absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure adequate

ventilation. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene

and safety practice.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and

immediately after handling the product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed

out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is

recommended. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep/store only in original container. Store in

accordance with local regulations. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from other materials. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from foodstuffs.

Classified as a C2 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and

transport requirements.

Incompatible materialsNone known based on information supplied.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
White mineral oil, petroleum	-	-	TWA: 5 mg/m ³
8042-47-5			Peak: 20 mg/m ³

Oil mist, refined mineral: 8hr TWA = 5 mg/m³

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to

comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.



Eye/face protection Glasses.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Protective shoes or boots. Overalls.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic

vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

None known

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Thermal hazards No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquidAppearanceViscousColorColourless

Odor Odourless to Mild, Hydrocarbon No information available

PropertyValuesRemarks• MethodpHNo data availableNone known

pH No data available
pH (as aqueous solution) No data available
Melting point / freezing point
Boiling point / boiling range
No data available
No data available
-60 - -9 °C
218 - 800 °C

Flash point > 112 °C CC (closed cup)

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Evaporation rateNo data availableNone knownFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableNone knownFlammability Limit in AirNone known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressure <0.1 mmHg

Vapor density No data available None known

Relative density 0.81 - 0.894
Water solubility No data available

Solubility(ies)
Partition coefficient
Autoignition temperature

Insoluble in water
log Pow = >4

325 - 355 °C

Decomposition temperatureNo data availableNone knownKinematic viscosity<20.5 cSt</th>@ 40 °CDynamic viscosityNo data availableNone known

Other information

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions
None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materialsNone known based on information supplied.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety

Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is

None known

mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary edema.

Pulmonary edema can be fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Eye contact May cause irritation.

Skin contact May cause irritation.

Ingestion Potential for aspiration if swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may

cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness.

Acute toxicity .

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
White mineral oil, petroleum	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5 mg/l (Rat)

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritationNo information available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation No information available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
White mineral oil, petroleum	-	LC50: >10000 mg/L (96h, Lepomis	-	LC50: >100 mg/L (48h, Daphnia)
		macrochirus)		Σ αρτιιια)

Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Inherently biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation This product shows a high bioaccumulation potential.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
White mineral oil, petroleum	6

Mobility

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with

environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Do not reuse empty

containers.

See section 8 for more information

Section 14: Transport information

ADG Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code

(ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

IATA Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport

Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS

GOODS.

IMDGNot classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

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Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

No poisons schedule number allocated

Poison Schedule Number Not applicable

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
White mineral oil, petroleum - 8042-47-5	Present	_

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

International Inventories

AllC This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

NZIOC This material is listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

TSCA

DSL/NDSL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

KECL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend

AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

Section 16: Other information

Supplier Safety Data Sheet; 08/2023 DRAKEOL is a registered tradename.

Reason(s) For Issue: Revised Primary SDS

Addition/Change of synonymous name(s)

Change in Physical Properties

Prepared By

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Revision date: 27-Aug-2024

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet