# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 30-Jan-2023

**Revision Number** 7

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Product identifier** 

Product Name SODIUM COCOYL ISETHIONATE

**Product Code(s)** 000000034501

Other means of identification

**CAS No.** 61789-32-0

Synonyms SCI; Jordapon CI Prill; SCI 85%; SCI 80%,

Pure substance/mixture Substance

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Cosmetics applications.

Uses advised against No information available

<u>Supplier</u>

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Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929

Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

## Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **GHS Classification**

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG)

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2	

### **SIGNAL WORD**

Warning

### Label elements

**Exclamation mark** 



#### Hazard statements

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

**Precautionary Statements - Response** 

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

**Precautionary Statements - Storage** 

No storage statements

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal** 

No disposal statements.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form combustible dust concentrations in air

General Hazards May be harmful if swallowed

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Substance

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Fatty acids, coco, sulfoethyl esters, sodium salts	61789-32-0	80-88

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **Description of first aid measures**

**General advice** Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

**Eye contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists.

**Skin contact** Wash skin with soap and water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician.

Self-protection of the first aider Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wear personal protective clothing (see section

8).

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** 

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Combustible solid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon and oxides of sulfur. Avoid generation of dust. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

**Hazardous combustion products** Oxides of carbon. Oxides of sulfur.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions**Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Avoid generation of dust. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Remove all sources of ignition. Take

precautionary measures against static discharges. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Wash

thoroughly after handling.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection

recommended in Section 8.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions** See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for containment** Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate

ventilation. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Soak up condensate with

inert absorbent material and collect in ventilated waste container for disposal.

Methods for cleaning up

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Carefully shovel or sweep up spilled material and place in suitable container. Avoid generating dust. Use non-sparking tools.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Avoid

generation of dust. Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and

safety practice.

General hygiene considerations Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning

of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and

clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from

sources of heat or ignition. Protect from direct sunlight. Store below 40°C. Store away from

incompatible materials described in Section 10.

Incompatible materials None known.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Control parameters**

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace

Exposure Standard(s) for particulates:

Dusts not otherwise classified: 8hr TWA = 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to

comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering

controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.











Eye/face protection Goggles.

**Skin and body protection** Wear suitable protective clothing. Overalls. Boots.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a dust mask meeting the

requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Solid

AppearanceGranules or PowderColorNo information availableOdorNo information availableOdor thresholdNo information available

**Property** Remarks • Method 5.0-6.5 (10% aqueous solution @ pН None known 35°C) No data available pH (as aqueous solution) None known No data available Melting point / freezing point None known Boiling point / boiling range >150 °C None known Flash point No data available None known **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive

limits

No data available

No data available

Lower flammability or explosive

limits

Vapor pressure

Relative density

Water solubility

**Partition coefficient** 

**Autoignition temperature** 

Solubility(ies)

Vapor density

No data available No data available No data available

No data available

No data available

No data available

No data available

None known None known None known None known None known None known

Decomposition temperature Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity

No data available None known
No data available None known
No data available None known

Other information

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity\_

**Reactivity** No information available.

**Chemical stability** 

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition

source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** Dust can form an explosive mixture with air.

**Conditions to avoid** 

Conditions to avoid Dust formation. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Heat, flames and sparks.

Humidity.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials None known.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon. Oxides of sulfur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Acute toxicity**

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

**Inhalation** May cause irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Skin contact** May cause irritation.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large

amounts.

**Symptoms** Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

### Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Fatty acids, coco, sulfoethyl	= 4330 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
esters, sodium salts			

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Skin corrosion/irritation** No information available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** No information available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No information available.

**Carcinogenicity** No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

**STOT - single exposure** No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure** No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** No information available.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Ecotoxicity** Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Fatty acids, coco,	-	-	EC50 > 1000 mg/l(1)	-
sulfoethyl esters, sodium				
salts				

Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** Readily biodegradable. >90% (28D)(1).

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** There is no data for this product.

**Component Information** 

**Mobility** 

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

Other adverse effects

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with

environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld

containers. Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **ADG**

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

### <u>IATA</u>

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

#### **IMDG**

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **National regulations**

#### Australia

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG)

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

**International Inventories** 

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

**NZIoC**All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

Legend:

**AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals** 

### International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

#### The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

(1) Supplier Safety Data Sheet 09/2021

Reason(s) For Issue: Revised Primary SDS

Issuing Date: 30-Jan-2023

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

#### **Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

C Carcinogen

### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**