

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 17-May-2022

Revision Number 4

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

### Product identifier

**Product Name** FRAGRANCE CITRONELLA H9823 (KMPER09823)

**Product Code(s)** 00000035084

### Other means of identification

**UN number** 1266

**Pure substance/mixture** Mixture

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Recommended use** Industrial fragrance for use in detergents, disinfectants etc.

**Uses advised against** No information available.

### Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia  
ABN:51 600 546 512  
70 Marple Avenue  
Villawood NSW 2163  
Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929

Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

### Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number **1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)**

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

<b>Flammable liquids</b>	Category 3
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Category 1
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 2
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2

**SIGNAL WORD**

Danger

**Label elements**

Flame  
Corrosion  
Health hazard  
Exclamation mark  
Environment



**Hazard statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor  
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
H315 - Causes skin irritation  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage  
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer  
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations:  
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray  
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking  
Keep container tightly closed  
Obtain special instructions before use  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment  
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment  
Use only non-sparking tools  
Take action to prevent static discharges  
Wash hands thoroughly after handling  
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace  
Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection  
Avoid release to the environment

**Precautionary Statements - Response**

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)  
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician  
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water  
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower  
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention  
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish.

Collect spillage

**Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Store locked up

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Toxic to aquatic life

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

None allocated

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Mixture**

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	30-60
Citronella Oil	8000-29-1	10-<30
Lemongrass oils	8007-02-1	10-<30
Turpentine (Wood)	8006-64-2	1-<10
Dipentene	138-86-3	1-<10
Musk xylene	81-15-2	1-<10
Fragrance ingredients present at non-hazardous concentrations	-	to 100

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Description of first aid measures**

**General advice**

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

**Inhalation**

Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

**Eye contact**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician immediately.

**Skin contact**

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. Call a physician immediately.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

**Symptoms**

Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives. Aspiration risk: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Note to physicians** May cause sensitization by skin contact. Can cause corneal burns. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal protein foam can be used.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** Flammable. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

**Hazardous combustion products** Oxides of carbon.

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

**Hazchem code** •3Y

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

**Other information** Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

**For emergency responders** Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

### Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for containment** Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible

material and transfer to containers.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

**Advice on safe handling**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use personal protection equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Use according to package label instructions. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

**General hygiene considerations**

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage Conditions**

Store locked up. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Keep in properly labelled containers. Protect from direct sunlight. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10.

**Incompatible materials**

Oxidizing agents.

**Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)**

None allocated

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

**Exposure Limits**

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Turpentine (wood): 8hr TWA = 557 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (100 ppm), Sen  
Diethyl phthalate: 8hr TWA = 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

`Sen' Notice - sensitiser. The substance can cause a specific immune response in some people. An affected individual may subsequently react to exposure to minute levels of that substance and should not be further exposed to the substance.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

**Engineering controls**

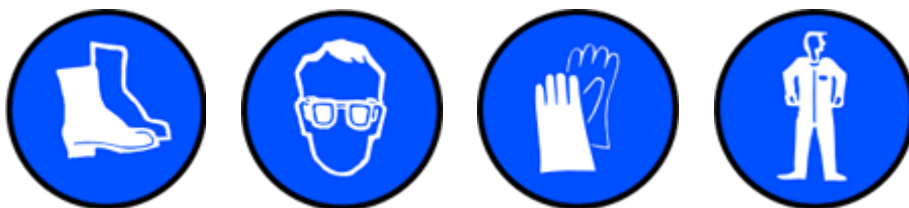
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Eyewash stations. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



**Eye/face protection**

Tight sealing safety goggles.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Antistatic boots. Overalls.

**Hand protection**

Impervious gloves.

**Respiratory protection**

If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

**Environmental exposure controls**

No information available.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid
<b>Appearance</b>	No information available.
<b>Color</b>	Pale Yellow to Yellow
<b>Odor</b>	Fresh , Citronella , Citrus , Terpene , Musky
<b>Odor threshold</b>	No information available.

<b><u>Property</u></b>	<b><u>Values</u></b>	<b><u>Remarks • Method</u></b>
<b>pH</b>	No data available	None known
<b>pH (as aqueous solution)</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Melting point / freezing point</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Boiling point / boiling range</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Flash point</b>	48 °C	CC (closed cup)
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	No data available	None known

<b>Flammability Limit in Air</b>		None known
<b>Upper flammability or explosive limits</b>	No data available	
<b>Lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	No data available	
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Vapor density</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Relative density</b>	0.957 - 0.977 @20°C	None known
<b>Water solubility</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	Immiscible in water	None known
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Autoignition temperature</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Kinematic viscosity</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Dynamic viscosity</b>	No data available	None known

Other information

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

**Reactivity** No information available.

Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

**Sensitivity to mechanical impact** None.

**Sensitivity to static discharge** Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** None under normal processing. Heating can cause expansion or decomposition of the material, which can lead to the containers exploding.

Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid** Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Avoid contact with combustible substances. Direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

**Incompatible materials** Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

**Hazardous decomposition products** Oxides of carbon.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information** No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

- Inhalation** May cause irritation.
- Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage. Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness.
- Skin contact** Causes skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.
- Ingestion** Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
- Symptoms** Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives. Aspiration risk: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

**Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information**

No information available.

**Numerical measures of toxicity - Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Diethyl phthalate	= 8600 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 11200 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 4.64 mg/L ( Rat ) 6 h
Citronella Oil	= 7200 mg/kg ( Rat )	= 4700 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-
Lemongrass oils	> 5000 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 5000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-
Turpentine (Wood)	= 1900 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	-
Dipentene	= 5300 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	-
Musk xylene	> 10 000 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 15000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

**Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**

- Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
- Respiratory or skin sensitization** May cause sensitization by skin contact. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
- Germ cell mutagenicity** No information available.
- Carcinogenicity** Suspected of causing cancer. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

Chemical name	Australia
Musk xylene - 81-15-2	Carc. 2

- Reproductive toxicity** No information available.
- STOT - single exposure** No information available.



**STOT - repeated exposure** May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity

**Ecotoxicity** Keep out of waterways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Diethyl phthalate	EC50: =23mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: =21mg/L (96h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: 42 - 255mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 2.11 - 4.29mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50: =17mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =16.8mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =22mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =16.7mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =12mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	EC50: 36 - 74mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: =86mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

### Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** No information available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

### Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Diethyl phthalate	2.35

### Mobility

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

### Other adverse effects

### Endocrine Disruptor Information

Chemical name	EU - Endocrine Disruptors Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Endocrine disrupting potential
Diethyl phthalate	Group III Chemical	-	-

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste treatment methods

**Waste from residues/unused products** Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

**Contaminated packaging** Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

<b>UN number</b>	1266
<b>Proper shipping name</b>	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS
<b>Hazard class</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Special Provisions</b>	223, 163
<b>Hazchem code</b>	•3Y

### IATA

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

<b>UN number</b>	1266
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	III

### IMDG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

<b>UN number</b>	1266
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>IMDG EMS Fire</b>	F-E
<b>IMDG EMS Spill</b>	S-D
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Yes

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations

##### Australia

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

**Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)** None allocated

**Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation**

Verify that license requirements are met

Hazardous chemical  
Liquids that meet the criteria for Class 3 Packing Group II or III

Threshold quantity (T)  
50 000

**National pollutant inventory**  
Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Turpentine (Wood) - 8006-64-2	20 MW Threshold category 2b total 60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total 1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total 25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total 400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total 2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total
Dipentene - 138-86-3	20 MW Threshold category 2b total 60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total 1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total 25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total 400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total 2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

**International Inventories**

**AIIC**

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

**Legend:**

**AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals**

**International Regulations**

**The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer** Not applicable

**The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** Not applicable

**The Rotterdam Convention** Not applicable

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Reason(s) For Issue:** 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS  
Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification

**Issuing Date:** 17-May-2022

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

**Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

**Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet**

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
C	Carcinogen		

**Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS**

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)  
Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGl(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals  
Food Research Journal  
Hazardous Substance Database  
International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)  
Japan GHS Classification  
Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)  
NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)  
National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)  
National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)  
National Toxicology Program (NTP)  
New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)  
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications  
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program  
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set  
RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)  
World Health Organization

**Disclaimer**

**This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.**

**If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.**

**Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.**

**Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.**

**End of Safety Data Sheet**