SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 19-May-2022

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifierProduct NameACESULFAME KProduct Code(s)00000035131Other means of identificationTSynonymsAcesulfame PotassiumPure substance/mixtureMixtureRecommended use of the chemical and restrictions on useRecommended useFood additive.Uses advised againstNo information available.

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929 Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG)

Not classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

SIGNAL WORD None



Label elements

Hazard statements

Other hazards which do not result in classification May form combustible dust concentrations in air

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Mixture</u>

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
1,2,3-Oxathiazin-4(3H)-one, 6-methyl-, 2,2-dioxide,	55589-62-3	100
potassium salt		

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.		
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.		
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.		
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.		
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.		

Most important symp	toms and effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms	No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Suitable Extinguishing Media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2).	
Unsuitable extinguishing media High volume water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Specific hazards arising from the chemicalCombustible solid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of ox Dust can form an explosive mixture with air. Avoid generation of dust.		

Hazardous combustion products Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur. Oxides of potassium.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for
fire-fightersFirefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout
gear. Use personal protection equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid generation of dust.		
For emergency responders	Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.		
Environmental precautions			
Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.		
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Methods for containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation.		
Methods for cleaning up	Avoid generation of dust. Slippery when wet. Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container. Use personal protective equipment as required. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.		

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid generation of dust. Use personal protection equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.		
General hygiene considerations	Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.		
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities			
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep container closed when not in use.		
Incompatible materials	Oxidizing agents. Metals. and. Acids.		
Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)	None allocated		

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for particulates:

Dusts not otherwise classified: 8hr TWA = 10 mg/m³

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

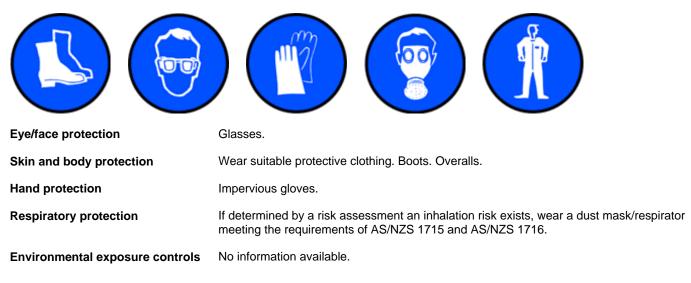
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Powder	
Appearance	Crystalline	
Color	White	
Odor	Odourless	
Odor threshold	No information available.	
Bronoriu	Values	Remarks • Method
Property pH	5.5 - 7.5 (1% solution)	None known
	No data available	None known
pH (as aqueous solution)	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point		
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	Not Applicable	None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive	No data available	
limits		
Lower flammability or explosive	No data available	
limits		
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	1.81	None known
Water solubility	27g/100mL @ 20°C	None known
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water Slightly soluble in alcohol	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
	>225 °C	None known
Decomposition temperature Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	INU UALA AVAIIADIE	INDITE KITOWIT
Other information		

Other information VOC Content (%)

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>Reactivity</u>			
Reactivity	No information available.		
Chemical stability			
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.		
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.			
Sensitivity to static discharge	Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.		
Conditions to avoid			

Conditions to avoidAvoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Avoid contact with combustible
substances. Dust formation. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Direct sunlight.Incompatible materialsOxidizing agents. Metals. and. Acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur. Oxides of potassium.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:		
Inhalation	Breathing in dust may result in respiratory irritation.		
Eye contact	May cause irritation. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. May cause physical irritation to the eyes.		
Skin contact	May cause irritation. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to irritation.		
Ingestion	May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large amounts.		
Symptoms	No information available.		

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information No information available.

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	No information available.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No information available.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No information available.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.	
Carcinogenicity	No information available.	
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.	
STOT - single exposure	No information available.	
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.	
Aspiration hazard	No information available.	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
1,2,3-Oxathiazin-4(3H)-o	-	LC50: 1800 - 2500mg/L	-	-
ne, 6-methyl-,		(96h, Danio rerio)		
2,2-dioxide, potassium				
salt				

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

<u>Mobility</u>

Mobility in soil

No information available.

No information available.

Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>ADG</u>

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

<u>IATA</u>

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

IMDG

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

<u>Australia</u>

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG)

Not classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

International Inventories AIIC

This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Legend: AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Issuing Date:

19-May-2022

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION			
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		-

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet