

## **1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

Product Name:

SPD-Z5

Recommended Use of the Chemica and Restrictions on Use	I Cosmetics additive. For industrial use only and is not suitable for any device or product designed to be inserted inside human beings.
Supplier: ABN: Street Address:	Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia 51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia
Telephone Number: Facsimile: Emergency Telephone:	+61 2 8717 2929 +61 2 9755 9611 <b>1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)</b>

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

### **Classification of the chemical:**

Flammable liquids - Category 4

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Category 1 Chronic Aquatic Toxicity - Category 1

SIGNAL WORD: WARNING



Hazard Statement(s): H227 Combustible liquid. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



#### **Precautionary Statement(s):**

#### **Prevention:**

P210 Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye and face protection. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

#### Response:

P370 In case of fire:

P378 Use alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal protein foam can be used to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

#### Storage:

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): None allocated.

## **3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Components	CAS Number	Proportion	Hazard Codes
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	50-60%	H410
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	30-40%	-
Other component(s)	-	to 100%	-

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

### Inhalation:

Remove victim from area of exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Seek medical advice if effects persist.

#### Skin Contact:

If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and water. If irritation occurs, seek medical advice.

#### Eye Contact:

If in eyes, wash out immediately with water. In all cases of eye contamination it is a sensible precaution to seek medical advice.

#### Ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. Seek medical advice.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically.



## **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal protein foam can be used.

### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

None known.

### Hazchem or Emergency Action Code: · 3Z

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Combustible liquid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon. Environmentally hazardous.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### **Emergency procedures/Environmental precautions:**

Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Do not allow container or product to get into drains, sewers, streams or ponds. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

### Personal precautions/Protective equipment/Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact and breathing in vapours. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. DO NOT return spilled material to original container for re-use.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Classified as a C1 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and transport requirements.

### Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in vapour, mists and aerosols. All potential sources of ignition (open flames, pilot lights, furnaces, spark producing switches and electrical equipment etc) must be eliminated both in and near the work area. Do NOT smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Control Parameters:** No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):



Zinc oxide (dust): 8hr TWA = 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Zinc oxide (fume): 8hr TWA = 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 15 min STEL = 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

### Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure ventilation is adequate and that air concentrations of components are controlled below quoted Workplace Exposure Standards. Use only explosion-proof equipment. Keep containers closed when not in use.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

### Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.



Wear overalls, safety glasses and impervious gloves. If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### **Physical state:**

Liquid

Product Name: SPD-Z5 Substance No: 00000035455



Colour:	Light Yellowish - White
Odour:	Slight
Odour Threshold:	Not available
Solubility:	Immiscible with water.
Specific Gravity:	1.7 @ 25°C
Relative Vapour Density (air=1):	>1 (for Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane)
Vapour Pressure (20 °C):	0.13 kPa (for Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane)
Flash Point (°C):	77 (Closed Cup)
Flammability Limits (%):	Not available
Autoignition Temperature (°C):	Not available
Boiling Point/Range (°C):	210 (for Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane)
Decomposition Point (°C):	Not available
pH:	Not available
Viscosity:	4000 mPa.s @ 25°C
Evaporation Rate:	<1 (Butyl acetate = 1) (for Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane)
Partition Coefficient:	Not available

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity:	No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
Chemical stability:	Stable under normal conditions of use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame.
Incompatible materials:	Incompatible with strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Oxides of carbon. Silicon dioxide. Metal oxides.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Ingestion:	No adverse effects expected, however, large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.
Eye contact:	May be an eye irritant.
Skin contact:	Contact with skin may result in irritation.
Inhalation:	Breathing in vapour, mists or aerosols may produce respiratory irritation.
Acute toxicity: Average Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix, oral): >5,000 mg/kg	

Skin corrosion/irritation:	Not classified. The product has not been tested; the classification is based on the
	components of the mixture.



Serious eye damage/irritation:	Not classified. The product has not been tested; the classification is based on the components of the mixture.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	Not a skin sensitiser. The product has not been tested; the classification is based on the components of the mixture.
Chronic effects:	
Mutagenicity:	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity:	Not classified.
Reproductive toxicity:	Not classified.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:	Not classified.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure:	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard:	Not classified.
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	

Ecotoxicity	Avoid contaminating waterways.
Persistence/degradability:	No information available.
Bioaccumulative potential:	No information available.
Mobility in soil:	No information available.
Aquatic toxicity:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
48hr LC50 (Daphnia magna):	0.122 mg/L (for Zinc oxide)

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### **Disposal methods:**

Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of material through a licensed waste contractor. Advise flammable nature. Normally suitable for incineration by an approved agent.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Road and Rail Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.



UN No:

3082

Product Name: SPD-Z5 Substance No: 000000035455



Transport Hazard Class:9 Miscellaneous Dangerous GoodsPacking Group:IIIProper Shipping Name orENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINSTechnical Name:ZINC OXIDE)Hazchem or Emergency Action· 3ZCode:Code:

### Marine Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No:	3082
Transport Hazard Class:	9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods
Packing Group:	III
Proper Shipping Name or	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS
Technical Name:	ZINC OXIDE)
IMDG EMS Fire:	F-A
IMDG EMS Spill:	S-F

### Air Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No:	3082
Transport Hazard Class:	9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods
Backing Croup:	III
Packing Group: Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ZINC OXIDE)

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **Classification:**

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

### **Classification of the chemical:**

Flammable liquids - Category 4

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Category 1

Chronic Aquatic Toxicity - Category 1

### Hazard Statement(s):

H227 Combustible liquid. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): None allocated.

A constituent of this material is not listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**



References: Supplier Safety Data Sheet; 09/ 2018.

This safety data sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology & SDS Services).

### Reason(s) for Issue: First Issue Primary SDS

Acronyms: CAS number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons NOS: Not otherwise specified Hazchem or Emergency Action Code: Set of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services especially firefighters

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris.