SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 22-Dec-2020

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifierProduct NameTHE TERMINATOR 23141BIProduct Code(s)00000035751Other means of identificationUN numberUN number3082Pure substance/mixtureMixtureRecommended use of the chemical and restrictions on useRecommended useFragrances.Uses advised againstNo information available.

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929 Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).



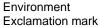
| Revision | Number | 4 |
|----------|--------|---|
|----------|--------|---|

| Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2 |
| Skin sensitization | Category 1 |
| Acute aquatic toxicity | Category 2 |
| Chronic aquatic toxicity | Category 2 |

SIGNAL WORD

Warning

Label elements





Hazard statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: H303 - May be harmful if swallowed

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash hands thoroughly after handling Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Wear protective gloves/protective clothing Avoid release to the environment **Precautionary Statements - Response** Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS) IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse Wash contaminated clothing before reuse Avoid breathing vapour or spray mist. Collect spillage **Precautionary Statements - Storage** No storage statements **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable Other hazards which do not result in classification

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Chemical name

CAS No.

Weight-%

| Diethyl phthalate | 84-66-2 | 30-60% |
|---|------------|---------|
| Cyclohexanol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, acetate | 32210-23-4 | 1-<10% |
| Diphenyl ether | 101-84-8 | 1-<10% |
| Coumarin | 91-64-5 | 1-<10% |
| Benzyl salicylate | 118-58-1 | 1-<10% |
| Cypress, cupressus funebris, extract (Cedarwood Chinese Oil) | 85085-29-6 | 1-<10% |
| D,L-Citronellol | 106-22-9 | 1-<10% |
| 2-Propenal, 3-phenyl- | 104-55-2 | 1-<10% |
| alphaAmylcinnamaldehyde | 122-40-7 | 1-<10% |
| Fragrance ingredients present at non-hazardous concentrations | - | to 100% |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

| General advice | For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. | |
|--|---|--|
| Inhalation | Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur. | |
| Eye contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. | |
| Skin contact | Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Call a physician if symptoms occur. | |
| Ingestion | Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. | |
| Self-protection of the first aider | Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. See section 8 for more information. | |
| Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | | |
| Symptoms | Irritation. Redness. Rashes. Hives. | |
| Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | | |
| Note to physicians | Treat symptomatically. | |

| 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES | | |
|--|--|--|
| Suitable Extinguishing Media | | |
| Suitable Extinguishing Media | Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal protein foam can be used. | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. | |

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment. |
|---|--|
| Hazchem code | •3Z |

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Personal precautions | Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling. See section 8 for more information. | |
|--|---|--|
| Other information | Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. | |
| For emergency responders | Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. | |
| Environmental precautions | | |
| Environmental precautions | Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. | |
| Methods and material for containment and cleaning up | | |
| Methods for containment | Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. | |
| Methods for cleaning up | Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers. | |

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

| Advice on safe handling | Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. | |
|--|---|--|
| General hygiene considerations | Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wear suitable gloves. | |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | | |
| Storage Conditions | Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Keep container closed when not in use. | |
| | Classified as a C2 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and transport requirements. | |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. | |

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

| Chemical name | Australia | ACGIH TLV |
|-------------------|--|-----------|
| Diethyl phthalate | 8hr TWA = 5 mg/m ³ | |
| 84-66-2 | | |
| Diphenyl ether | Vapour: 8hr TWA = 7 mg/m ³ (1 ppm), | |
| 101-84-8 | 15 min STEL = 14 mg/m ³ (2 ppm) | |
| | | |

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



| Skin and body protection | Wear suitable protective clothing. Boots. Overalls. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Hand protection | Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves. |
| Respiratory protection | If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. |
| Environmental exposure controls | No information available. |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Information on basic physical and c | chemical properties | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Physical state | Liquid | |
| Appearance | Clear | |
| Color | Pale Yellow to Yellow | |
| Odor | Fresh Fruity Petals Floral Spicy Wood | y Powdery |
| Odor threshold | No information available. | |
| | | |
| Property | <u>Values</u> | Remarks • Method |
| рН | No data available | None known |
| pH (as aqueous solution) | No data available | None known |
| Melting point / freezing point | No data available | |
| Boiling point / boiling range | No data available | |
| Flash point | 105°C | CC (closed cup) |
| Evaporation rate | No data available | None known |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | No data available | None known |
| Flammability Limit in Air | | None known |
| Upper flammability or explosive | No data available | |
| limits | | |
| Lower flammability or explosive | No data available | |
| limits | | |
| Vapor pressure | No data available | |
| Vapor density | No data available | |
| Relative density | 1.046-1.066 @20°C | |
| Water solubility | No data available | |
| Solubility(ies) | No data available | None known |
| Partition coefficient | No data available | None known |
| Autoignition temperature | No data available | |
| Decomposition temperature | No data available | None known |
| Kinematic viscosity | No data available | None known |
| Dynamic viscosity | No data available | None known |
| | | |

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity

No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

| Sensitivity to static discharge | None. | |
|---|---|--|
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | None under normal processing. | |
| Conditions to avoid | | |
| Conditions to avoid | Heat, flames and sparks. Direct sunlight. | |
| Incompatible materials | | |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. | |
| Hazardous decomposition products | | |
| Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. | | |

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Product Information | No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are: |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Inhalation | May cause irritation. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact. |
| Ingestion | May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large amounts. |
| Symptoms | No information available. |
| Numerical measures of toxicity - P | Product Information |

ATEmix (oral) >2000-5000 mg/kg

Component Information

| eempenonennennaaron | | • | - |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Chemical name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
| Diethyl phthalate | = 8600 mg/kg(Rat) | > 11200 mg/kg (Rat) | > 4.64 mg/L (Rat)6 h |
| Cyclohexanol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, acetate | = 3370 mg/kg(Rat) | > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | - |
| Diphenyl ether | = 2450 mg/kg (Rat) | > 7940 mg/kg (Rabbit) | - |
| Coumarin | = 293 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rat) | - |
| Benzyl salicylate | = 2227 mg/kg (Rat) | > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | - |
| D,L-Citronellol | = 3450 mg/kg(Rat) | = 2650 mg/kg (Rabbit) | - |
| 2-Propenal, 3-phenyl- | = 2220 mg/kg (Rat) | = 1260 mg/kg (Rabbit) | - |

| .alphaAmylcinnamaldehyde | = 3730 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | - |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| | | | |

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| Skin corrosion/irritation | Irritating to skin. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Irritating to eyes. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | May cause sensitization by skin contact. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No information available. |
| Carcinogenicity | No information available. |
| Reproductive toxicity | No information available. |
| STOT - single exposure | No information available. |
| STOT - repeated exposure | No information available. |
| Aspiration hazard | No information available. |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Chemical name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish | Toxicity to microorganisms | Crustacea |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Diethyl phthalate | EC50: =23mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: =21mg/L (96h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: 42 - 255mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 2.11 - 4.29mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) | LC50: =17mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =16.8mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =22mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =16.7mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =12mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) | - | EC50: 36 - 74mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: =86mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) |
| Cyclohexanol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, acetate | - | LC50: =8.6mg/L (96h, Cyprinus carpio) LC50: =15.5mg/L (48h, Leuciscus idus) | - | EC50: =9.6mg/L (24h, Daphnia magna) |
| Diphenyl ether | - | LC50: =4mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 4 - 7.9mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) | - | LC50: 0.11 - 1.1mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) |
| Benzyl salicylate | - | LC50: =1.03mg/L (96h, Danio rerio) | - | - |

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Component Information

| Chemical name | Partition coefficient |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Diethyl phthalate | 2.35 |
| Diphenyl ether | 4.2 |
| 2-Propenal, 3-phenyl- | 2.22 |

Mobility

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information

| Chemical name | EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List | EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances | Endocrine disrupting potential |
|-------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Diethyl phthalate | Group III Chemical | - | - |

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

| Waste from residues/unused products | Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation. |
|--|--|
| Contaminated packaging | Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. |

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>ADG</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

| UN number | 3082 |
|----------------------|---|
| Proper shipping name | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS |
| | CEDARWOOD CHINESE OIL) |
| Hazard class | 9 |
| Packing group | |
| Hazchem code | •3Z |

ΙΑΤΑ

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

| UN number UN proper shipping name | 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS CEDARWOOD CHINESE OIL) |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Transport hazard class(es) | 9 |
| Packing group | III |

<u>IMDG</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by

sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

| UN number UN proper shipping name | 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS CEDARWOOD CHINESE OIL) |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Transport hazard class(es) | 9 |
| Packing group | III |
| IMDG EMS Fire | F-A |
| IMDG EMS Spill | S-F |
| Marine pollutant | Yes |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs.

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

| Chemical name | National pollutant inventory |
|---------------------------|---|
| Diphenyl ether - 101-84-8 | 20 MW Threshold category 2b total |
| | 60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total |
| | 1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total |
| | 25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total |
| | 400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total |
| | 2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total |

International Inventories AIIC

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Legend: AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Issuing Date: 22-Dec-2020

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL S/PERSONAL PROTECTION

| Legend Section 6. EXPOSORE CONTROLS/FERSONAL FROTECTION | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|------|----------------------------------|
| TWA | TWA (time-weighted average) | STEL | STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) |
| Ceiling | Maximum limit value | * | Skin designation |
| С | Carcinogen | | |

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet