SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 24-Jul-2023

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier		
Product Name	PASSIONFRUIT BOOSTER 90087 (FAPAS90087)	
Product Code(s)	00000037007	
Other means of identification		
UN number	1197	
Pure substance/mixture	Mixture	
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use		
Recommended use	Flavour.	
Uses advised against	No information available	
Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia		
Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929 Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611		
Emergency telephone number		

Emergency telephone number

umber 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Flammable liquids	Category 3 - (H226)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2 - (H319)
Skin sensitization	Category 1 - (H317)



Revision Number 5

Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 2 - (H401)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2 - (H411)

SIGNAL WORD Warning

Label elements

Flame Exclamation mark Environment



Hazard statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

The following health/environmental hazard categories fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection Wash hands thoroughly after handling Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Avoid release to the environment **Precautionary Statements - Response** Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS) IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eve irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish. Collect spillage **Precautionary Statements - Storage** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant Other hazards which do not result in classification

Causes mild skin irritation Toxic to aquatic life

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)	64-17-5	>60
d-Limonene	5989-27-5	1-<10
Flavour ingredients at non-hazardous	-	to 100
concentrations		

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.	
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. May cause an allergic skin reaction. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see a physician.	
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Self-protection of the first aider	Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Dizziness. Itching. Rashes. Hives. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.	
Indication of any immediate medica	al attention and special treatment needed	
Note to physicians	May cause sensitization by skin contact. Treat symptomatically.	
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Suitable Extinguishing Media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.	

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the	Flammable. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and
chemical	sources of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. In the event of fire, cool tanks
	with water spray. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. Product is or contains a

	sensitizer. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Environmentally hazardous. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.	
Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.	
Hazchem code	3Y	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.	
Other information	Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.	
For emergency responders	Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent product from entering drains.	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.	
Methods for cleaning up	Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use non-sparking tools. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.	

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use personal protection equipment. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
General hygiene considerations	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is

recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labelled containers. Protect from direct sunlight. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep container closed when not in use. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH TLV
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)	8hr TWA = 1880 mg/m ³ (1000 ppm)	
64-17-5	-	

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

 Engineering controls
 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

 If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.

Revision Number 5

Eye/face protection	Goggles.
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing. Antistatic boots. Overalls.
Hand protection	Impervious gloves.
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	Clear
Color	Colourless to Pale Yellow
Odor	Fresh, Ripe Passionfruit
Odor threshold	No information available

Property pH pH (as aqueous solution) Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas)	Values No data available No data available No data available 26 °C No data available No data available No data available	Remarks • Method None known None known None known CC (closed cup) None known None known
Flammability Limit in Air Upper flammability or explosive limits Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available No data available	None known
Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Water solubility Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity	No data available No data available 0.810 - 0.830 No data available Miscible in water No data available No data available No data available No data available No data available	None known None known @ 20 °C None known None known None known None known None known None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impac	t None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Heating can cause expansion or decomposition of the material, which can lead to the containers exploding.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Avoid contact with combustible substances. Direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	5
Hazardous decomposition products	s Oxides of carbon

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation. (based on components). May cause redness, itching, and pain. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.
Skin contact	Causes mild skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact. (based on components). Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Ingestion of larger amounts may cause defects to the central nervous system (e.g. dizziness, headache).
Symptoms	May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Dizziness. Itching. Rashes. Hives. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.
Numerical management of toxicity	

<u>Numerical measures of toxicity</u> - Product Information No information available

Component Information

Chamical name		Dormol I DE0	Inholation CE0	
Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)	= 7060 mg/kg(Rat)	-	= 124.7 mg/L (Rat) 4h	
See section 16 for terms and abb	See section 16 for terms and abbreviations			
Delayed and immediate effects	Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure			
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes mild skin irritation	Causes mild skin irritation. Classification based on data available for ingredients.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritati	on Causes serious eye irritati	on. Classification based on data	available for ingredients.	
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio	May cause sensitization b ingredients.	May cause sensitization by skin contact. Classification based on data available for ingredients.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.	No information available.		
Carcinogenicity	No information available.	No information available.		
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.	No information available.		
STOT - single exposure	No information available.	No information available.		
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.	No information available.		
Aspiration hazard	No information available.	No information available.		
Chronic effects:	ppm subjects experienced disappearing within minute lacrimation and coughing. concentrations below 5000 material could result in effe Ethanol may cause advers	thanol inhalation in humans found I coughing and smarting of the ey es. People exposed at 15000 ppn Irritation of the eyes and respirate 0 ppm. For Ethanol: Repeated or ects on the liver, kidneys, gastroin se reproductive effects. Ingestion voorn babies called 'foetal alcoho	es and nose, with symptoms n experienced continuous ory tract were not noted at prolonged exposure to this ntestinal tract, and heart muscle. by pregnant women may cause	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Avoid contaminating waterways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
d-Limonene	-	LC50: 0.619 - 0.796mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =35mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	-

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No inform

No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Component	Information
Component	information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)	-0.32
d-Limonene	4.23

<u>Mobility</u>

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1197
Proper shipping name	EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID
Hazard class	3
Packing group	III
Hazchem code	3Y

<u>IATA</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1197
UN proper shipping name	EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	111

<u>IMDG</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	1197 EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID 3
Packing group	III
IMDG EMS Fire	F-E
IMDG EMS Spill	S-D

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

<u>Australia</u>

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that license requirements are met

Hazardous chemical Liquids that meet the criteria for Class 3 Packing Group II or III Threshold quantity (T) 50 000

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol) - 64-17-5	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1
d-Limonene - 5989-27-5	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories AIIC

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals or are regulated through the Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ).

Legend: AllC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification Change in Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Issuing Date:

24-Jul-2023

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend	Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL	PROTECTION
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*
С	Carcinogen	

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) Skin designation

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet