SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 02-Mar-2021

Revision Number 4

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name FRAGRANCE STRAWBERRY (KCPER44144)

Product Code(s) 000000037234

Other means of identification

Proper shipping name PERFUMERY PRODUCTS

UN number 1266

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Perfumes, fragrances.

Uses advised against No information available.

<u>Supplier</u>

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia ABN:51 600 546 512 70 Marple Avenue Villawood NSW 2163 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 8717 2929

Facsimile: +61 2 9755 9611

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Flammable liquids	Category 2 - (H225)
Skin sensitization	Category 1B - (H317)

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Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 2 - (H401)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2 - (H411)

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Label elements

Flame

Exclamation mark

Environment



Hazard statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet for extinction.

Collect spillage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Causes mild skin irritation

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Mixture</u>

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	10-<30
Oxiranecarboxylic acid, 3-methyl-3-phenyl-, ethyl	77-83-8	1-<10

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ester		
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	1-<10
Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Emergency telephone number Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep

eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention if symptoms

occur.

Skin contactWash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. May cause an allergic skin reaction. In the case of skin irritation or

allergic reactions see a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms

occur.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use

personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Itching. Rashes. Hives. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians May cause sensitization by skin contact. Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal

protein foam can be used.

Unsuitable extinguishing media CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Flammable. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Most vapors are heavier than air. Vapors may spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Product is or contains a sensitizer. Environmentally

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hazardous.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code •3YE

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautionsSee section 8 for more information. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares,

sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Other information Ventilate the area.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Prevent further leakage or spillage if

safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor

suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other

non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Work up wind or increase

ventilation. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use non-sparking tools. Pick up

and transfer to properly labelled containers.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric

motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labelled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep out

of the reach of children.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure LimitsNo value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace

Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH TLV
Ethyl alcohol	8hr TWA: 1880 mg/m ³ (1000 ppm)	
64-17-5		
Ethyl acetate	8hr TWA = 720 mg/m ³ (200 ppm)	
141-78-6	15 min STEL = $1440 \text{ mg/m}^3 (400 \text{ ppm})$	

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

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OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.











Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Antistatic boots. Overalls.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic

vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid Appearance Clear

Color Colourless to Pale Yellow

Odor Fresh Strawberry, Creamy, Green, Citrus, Vanillic, Musky

Odor threshold No information available.

Property Values Remarks • Method

No data available None known pН No data available None known Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known Flash point 20 °C CC (closed cup) **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

No data available Vapor pressure None known Vapor density No data available None known 0.944 - 0.964 @ 20 °C Relative density Water solubility No data available None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known **Partition coefficient** No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** No data available None known **Decomposition temperature** No data available None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known **Dynamic viscosity** No data available None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.

Eye contactContact with eyes may cause irritation. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not

available.

Skin contact May cause sensitization by skin contact. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause

allergic reactions with susceptible persons. Causes mild skin irritation. Specific test data for

the substance or mixture is not available. (based on components).

Ingestion May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large amounts. Specific test data for

the substance or mixture is not available.

Symptoms Itching. Rashes. Hives.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) >5,000 mg/kg

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Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Ethyl alcohol	= 7060 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 124.7 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Oxiranecarboxylic acid,	= 5470 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
3-methyl-3-phenyl-, ethyl ester			
Ethyl acetate	= 5620 mg/kg (Rat)	> 18000 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 20	= 4000 ppm (Rat) 4 h
		mL/kg(Rabbit)	, ,

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes mild skin irritation. Classification based on data available for ingredients.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation No information available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

EcotoxicityToxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Ethyl alcohol	-	LC50: 12.0 - 16.0mL/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: >100mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 13400 - 15100mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	<u>-</u>	LC50: 9268 - 14221mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: =2mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: =10800mg/L (24h, Daphnia magna)
Oxiranecarboxylic acid, 3-methyl-3-phenyl-, ethyl ester	-	LC50: =4.2mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	-
Ethyl acetate	EC50: =3300mg/L (48h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: 220 - 250mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =484mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 352 - 500mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-	EC50: =560mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

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Persistence and degradability

No information available. Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32

Mobility

No information available. Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local

products regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld Contaminated packaging

containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and

Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

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PERFUMERY PRODUCTS Proper shipping name

Hazard class 3 **Packing group** Ш **Environmental hazard** Yes Hazchem code •3YE

IATA

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations

for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1266

UN proper shipping name PERFUMERY PRODUCTS

Transport hazard class(es) 3 Packing group Ш

IMDG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by

sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1266

UN proper shipping name PERFUMERY PRODUCTS

Transport hazard class(es) 3 Packing group Ш **IMDG EMS Fire** F-E

S-D **IMDG EMS Spill** Yes Marine pollutant

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) None allocated

Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that license requirements are met

Hazardous chemical

Liquids that meet the criteria for Class 3 Packing Group II or III

Threshold quantity (T)

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50 000

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Ethyl alcohol - 64-17-5	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1
Ethyl acetate - 141-78-6	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1

International Inventories

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial **AICS**

Chemicals.

Legend:

- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA (time-weighted average) TWA STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value Skin designation

С Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris.

End of Safety Data Sheet