SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 15-Mar-2022



Revision Number 3

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier	
Product Name	TOLONATE HDT 90 B
Product Code(s)	00000050765
Other means of identification	
UN number	1866
Recommended use of the chen	nical and restrictions on use
Recommended use	Manufacture of paints and varnishes. Industrial applications. Restricted to professional users.
Uses advised against	No information available.
Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd ABN: 51 600 546 512 Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street	

Telephone Number: +61 3 9906 3000

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Melbourne 3000 Australia

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 4
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3

SIGNAL WORD Warning

Label elements

Flame



Hazard statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge **Precautionary Statements - Response** Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS) IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish. Precautionary Statements - Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool Store locked up **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

AUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking General Hazards

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 6

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, homopolymer	28182-81-2	ca. 90%
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	ca. 10%
Hexamethylene diisocyanate	822-06-0	<0.2%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.	
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.	
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	Irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing. Drowsiness. Dizziness.	
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization by skin contact. No specific antidote.	
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASU	RES	
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASU Suitable Extinguishing Media	RES	
	RES Foam. Dry chemical or CO2.	
Suitable Extinguishing Media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam. Dry chemical or CO2. Water.	
Suitable Extinguishing Media Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable extinguishing media	Foam. Dry chemical or CO2. Water.	
Suitable Extinguishing Media Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from the c Specific hazards arising from the	Foam. Dry chemical or CO2. Water. <u>hemical</u> Flammable. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and	
Suitable Extinguishing Media Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable extinguishing media <u>Specific hazards arising from the c</u> Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Foam. Dry chemical or CO2. Water. hemical Flammable. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Cool drums with water spray. Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.	
Suitable Extinguishing Media Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable extinguishing media <u>Specific hazards arising from the c</u> Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous combustion products	Foam. Dry chemical or CO2. Water. hemical Flammable. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Cool drums with water spray. Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.	
Suitable Extinguishing Media Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable extinguishing media <u>Specific hazards arising from the c</u> Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous combustion products <u>Special protective actions for fire-fi</u> Special protective equipment for	Foam. Dry chemical or CO2. Water. hemical Flammable. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Cool drums with water spray. Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides. ighters Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout	

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautionsAvoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapors. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop
leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Evacuate
personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment
as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods and material for containm	nent and cleaning up
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Methods for cleaning up	Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Recover the cleaning water for subsequent disposal. For large amounts, pump off product.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from moisture. Keep/store only in original container. Store away from foodstuffs and sources of heat or ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.	
	This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.	
Packaging materials	Do not store in copper or copper alloy containers. Do not store in tin containers. Do not store in polystyrene containers.	
Incompatible materials	Alcohols. Amines. Bases. Water. Protic solvents. Copper. Tin. Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents.	
Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)	6	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Isocyanates, all (as -NCO): 8hr TWA = 0.02 mg/m^3 , 15 min STEL = 0.07 mg/m^3 , Sen n-Butyl acetate: 8hr TWA = 713 mg/m³ (150 ppm), 15 min STEL = 950 mg/m^3 (200 ppm)

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

Sen' Notice - sensitiser. The substance can cause a specific immune response in some people. An affected individual may subsequently react to exposure to minute levels of that substance and should not be further exposed to the substance.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	Clear
Color	Colourless to Pale Yellow
Odor	Solvent -like
Odor threshold	No information available.

Property pH pH (as aqueous solution) Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limit in Air Upper flammability or explosive limits Lower flammability or explosive	Values Not applicable No data available No data available 125°C 48°C No data available No data available 7.6 Vol% (vapours) 1.7 Vol% (vapours)	Remarks • Method None known None known None known None known None known None known None known
limits Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Water solubility Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity	11.3 hPa @20°C No data available 1.132 @25°C Negligible No data available No data available No data available No data available No data available 450 mPa.s @25°C	None known None known None known None known None known None known None known None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>Reactivity</u>		
Reactivity	Reacts with water.	
Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.	
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.		
Sensitivity to static discharge	None.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	May react with alcohols, amines, bases, water, aqueous solutions, protic solvents, with a great release of carbon dioxide, and hence a risk of a pressure build-up in confined areas.	
Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Moisture. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge).	
Incompatible materials		
Incompatible materials	Alcohols. Amines. Bases. Water. Protic solvents. Copper. Tin. Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents.	
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Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	Irritating to respiratory system. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Eye contact	May cause irritation.
Skin contact	May cause irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.
Symptoms	Irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing. Drowsiness. Dizziness.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

No information available.

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Hexamethylene diisocyanate,	= >2500 mg/kg (Female Rat)	= >2000 mg/kg (Rat)	= 18500 mg/m ³ (Rat)1 h
homopolymer			
n-Butyl acetate	= 10768 mg/kg (Rat)	> 17600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 390 ppm (Rat)4 h
Hexamethylene diisocyanate	= 738 mg/kg (Rat)	= 593 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 0.06 mg/L (Rat)4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Not classified.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer. (guinea pig). May cause sensitization by skin contact. (mouse). Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP. (OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration) (IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer) (NTP - National Toxicology Program).
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
n-Butyl acetate	EC50: =674.7mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: =100mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 17 - 19mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =62mg/L (96h, Leuciscus idus)	-	EC50: =72.8mg/L (24h, Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.
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Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
n-Butyl acetate	1.81

<u>Mobility</u>

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>ADG</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1866
Proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard class	3
Packing group	III
Hazchem code	•3Y

<u>IATA</u>

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations

for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1866
UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	111

IMDG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1866
UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	III
Marine pollutant	No

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 6

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
n-Butyl acetate - 123-86-4	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories

AIIC

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Legend:

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 02/2020 Tolonate is a trademark.

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Issuing Date: 15-Mar-2022

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Sec	tion 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL	_ PROTECTION	
TŴA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		-

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet