SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 12-Jun-2024

Revision Number 5

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name TURBOSET ULTRA PRO

Product Code(s) 000000051765

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Polyurethane. Architectural.

Uses advised against No information available.

Details of manufacturer or importer

Supplier

IXOM Operations Pty Ltd ABN: 51 600 546 512 Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street Melbourne 3000 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 3 9906 3000

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

GHS Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B

Label elements

Health hazard Exclamation mark

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Signal word DANGER

Hazard statements

H316 - Causes mild skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H360D - May damage the unborn child

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS).

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Harmful to aquatic life.

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	1-5
Adipic acid dihydrazide	1071-93-8	1-5
1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinone	2687-91-4	1-5
Other component(s)	-	to 100

Section 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

(Call a physician if symptoms occur).

Eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids.

Consult a physician.

Skin contact Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). May cause

allergic skin reaction. Rashes. Hives.

Effects of Exposure No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Not determined.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Not combustible, however following evaporation of the water component of the material, the residual material can burn if ignited. Sealed containers may rupture when heated.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

Use personal protection equipment.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapors. Do not touch or walk through spilled

material. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Use personal protective equipment as

required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up

Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and

place into a container for later disposal. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use personal protection

equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Minimize contact with air to reduce

contamination with mould, fungus, or other organisms which could cause decomposition or spoilage. Stir well before use. Not to be used by pregnant workers and workers who have

recently given birth or who are breastfeeding.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep from freezing.

Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Acidic conditions will cause the polymer to precipitate out of solution.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace

Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 25 ppm	-
872-50-4	TWA: 103 mg/m ³	TWA: 103 mg/m ³	
STEL: 75 ppm		STEL: 75 ppm	
	STEL: 309 mg/m ³	STEL: 309 mg/m ³	
		Sk*	

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	TWA: 40 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm
872-50-4	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 40 mg/m ³	TWA: 82 mg/m ³
	*	STEL: 20 ppm	Peak: 40 ppm
	STEL: 20 ppm	STEL: 80 mg/m ³	Peak: 164 mg/m ³
	STEL: 80 mg/m ³	Sk*	Sk*
1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinone -		-	TWA: 5 ppm
2687-91-4			TWA: 23 mg/m ³
			Peak: 10 ppm
			Peak: 46 mg/m ³
			Sk*

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH	European Union
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-	100 mg/L	-
872-50-4			

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone: 8hr TWA = 103 mg/m³ (25 ppm), 15 min STEL = 309 mg/m³ (75 ppm), Sk

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day

working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

'Sk' (skin) Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



Eye/face protection Goggles.

Skin and body protectionBoots. Impervious clothing. Overalls.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Thermal hazards No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquidAppearanceLiquidColorWhiteOdorSlight Amine

Odor threshold No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

7.5-9 (100%) None known pН pH (as aqueous solution) No data available None known Melting point / freezing point ca. 0°C None known ca. 100°C Boiling point / boiling range None known Flash point Not applicable None known **Evaporation rate** <1 (n-butyl acetate = 1) None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

ca. 18 torr @25°C Vapor pressure None known No data available Vapor density None known Relative density 1.06 @20°C None known Water solubility Dispersible None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known No data available **Partition coefficient** None known No data available Autoignition temperature None known **Decomposition temperature** No data available None known No data available Kinematic viscosity None known <250 mPa.s @25°C **Dynamic viscosity** None known

Other information

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions
None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Do not freeze.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Acidic conditions will cause the polymer to precipitate out of solution.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrogen oxides. Isocyanates. Hydrogen cyanide.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety

Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is

mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin contact Causes mild skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Symptoms Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). May cause

allergic skin reaction. Rashes. Hives.

Acute toxicity .

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

ATEmix (oral) >10,000 mg/kg

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	= 3914 mg/kg (Rat)	= 8 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.1 mg/L (Rat)4 h
,			, ,
Adipic acid dihydrazide	-	-	> 5.3 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Adipic acid dihydrazide 1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinone	= 1350 mg/kg (Rat)	- > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5.3 mg/L (Rat) 4 h > 5.1 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes mild skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity May damage the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure In a 4 week inhalation study with rats, cyclic amide caused effects on the lung, thymus,

blood and lymph tissues. Repeated and prolonged ingestion of cyclic amide caused increased severity of spontaneous progressive nephropathy in male rats, and increased

liver weight and cell hypertrophy in male and female mice.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways. Harmful to aquatic life.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	EC50: >500mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: =832mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =1072mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =1400mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata)		EC50: =4897mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
Adipic acid dihydrazide	-	LC50: >100mg/L (96h, Cyprinus carpio)	-	-
1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinone	-	LC50: 464 - 999mg/L (96h, Danio rerio)	-	-

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-	Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50 = 2212 mg/kg (Colinus virginianus) Source: IUCLID	-

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

Component Information

- 2	Component information			
	Chemical name	Partition coefficient		
	N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-0.46		
Ī	Adipic acid dihydrazide	-2.7		
Ī	1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinone	-0.2		

Mobility

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

See section 8 for more information

Section 14: Transport information

ADG Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code

(ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

IATA Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport

Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS

GOODS.

IMDG Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

No poisons schedule number allocated

Poison Schedule Number Not applicable

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone - 872-50-4	Present	-
Adipic acid dihydrazide - 1071-93-8	Present	-

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone - 872-50-4	20 MW Threshold category 2b total
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories

AIIC A component(s) of this product has been notified and assessed under the Industrial

Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act, 1989. This product may be imported only by

designated legal entities.

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **NZIoC TSCA** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **DSL/NDSL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **ENCS IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **KECL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

Section 16: Other information

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 11/2023

TURBOSET is a trademark.

Reason(s) For Issue: Reissue of an obsolete SDS

Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification

Prepared By

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Revision date: 12-Jun-2024

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since IXOM Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their IXOM representative or IXOM Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

IXOM Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet