SAFETY DATA SHEET

BITUMINOUS PRODUCTS PTI CTS

Revision date: 30-Nov-2022

Revision Number 2

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name BITUNAMEL T25

Product Code(s) 000000054324

Other means of identification

UN number 1999

Synonyms MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCT CODE: 220-5200

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Bitumen intermediate.

Uses advised against No information available.

<u>Supplier</u>

Bituminous Products Pty Ltd ABN No: 19 106 887 094 33 Violet Street

REVESBY NSW 2212

Business Phone: 02 9772 4433 Facsimile: 02 9792 1016

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Label elements

Flame Health hazard



Hazard statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray

Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Do NOT induce vomiting

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

AUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

General Hazards

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) 5

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%

Xylene	1330-20-7	20-<40
Asphalt (Bitumen)	8052-42-4	60-<80

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If

breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use

personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Erythema (skin redness). Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing. Aspiration risk:

may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. Product may be removed from skin using cotton wool pads soaked

in castor oil or hand cleaner. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal

protein foam can be used.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Most vapors are heavier than air. Vapors may spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Pay attention to flashback. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors can form explosive mixtures with

air.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

fire-fighters gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code 2W

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly

after handling. See section 8 for more information.

Other information Ventilate the area.

For emergency responders

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far

ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for

later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert

absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers. Use non-sparking

tools.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat,

hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use personal protection

equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not use pressure to empty drums.

General hygiene considerations Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands

before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from

heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static

electricity). Store away from foodstuffs. Keep container closed when not in use.

This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in

accordance with the relevant regulations.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers): 8hr TWA = 350 mg/m3 (80 ppm), 15 min STEL = 655 mg/m3 (150 ppm)

Ethyl benzene: 8hr TWA = 434 mg/m³ (100 ppm), 15 min STEL = 543 mg/m³ (125 ppm)

Bitumen fumes: 8hr TWA = 5 mg/m³

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.











Eye/face protection

Glasses.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Overalls. Antistatic boots.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour

respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid **Appearance** Paint Color Black

Odor Mineral turps Characteristic No information available. **Odor threshold**

Property Values Remarks • Method

рΗ No data available None known pH (as aqueous solution) No data available None known Melting point / freezing point No data available None known >149°C Boiling point / boiling range None known Flash point 29°C CC (closed cup) No data available None known **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) None known No data available Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive 7% volume

limits

Lower flammability or explosive 0.4% volume

limits

Vapor pressure <3.3 kPa None known Vapor density No data available None known Relative density 0.915 @25°C None known Water solubility Immiscible in water None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known **Partition coefficient** No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** 464°C None known No data available **Decomposition temperature** None known No data available None known Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity No data available None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Stability

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge).

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product InformationNo adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory system. May cause central nervous system depression with nausea,

headache, dizziness, vomiting, and incoordination. Aspiration into lungs can produce

severe lung damage.

Eye contact May cause irritation.

Skin contact May cause irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Aspiration

may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Symptoms Erythema (skin redness). Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing. Aspiration risk:

may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Refer to component information below.

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Xylene	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 1700	= 5000 ppm (Rat) $4 h = 29.08$
		mg/kg (Rabbit)	mg/L (Rat)4h
Asphalt (Bitumen)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 94.4 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4.5 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on

component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation No information available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity Refer to 'Chronic effects' section below.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods

based on component data.

STOT - repeated exposureNo information available.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Classification is based on mixture calculation

methods based on component data.

Chronic effects: Xylene has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as

a Group 3 agent. Group 3 - The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Mixed xylenes contain ethylbenzene, which has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a Group 2B agent. Group 2B - The agent is possibly

carcinogenic to humans.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Xylene	-	LC50: =13.4mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: =3.82mg/L (48h,
		Pimephales promelas)		water flea) LC50:
		LC50: 2.661 - 4.093mg/L		=0.6mg/L (48h,
		(96h, Oncorhynchus		Gammarus lacustris)
		mykiss) LC50: >780mg/L		
		(96h, Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: 30.26 - 40.75mg/L		
		(96h, Poecilia reticulata)		
		LC50: 13.5 - 17.3mg/L		
		(96h, Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss) LC50: 13.1 -		
		16.5mg/L (96h, Lepomis		
		macrochirus) LC50:		
		=19mg/L (96h, Lepomis		
		macrochirus) LC50:		
		7.711 - 9.591mg/L (96h,		
		Lepomis macrochirus)		
		LC50: 23.53 - 29.97mg/L		
		(96h, Pimephales		
		promelas) LC50:		
		=780mg/L (96h, Cyprinus		
		carpio)		

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Xylene	3.15
Asphalt (Bitumen)	6

Mobility

Mobility in soil

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld

containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for

recycling or disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1999

Proper shipping name TARS, LIQUID

Hazard class 3
Packing group III
Hazchem code 2W

IATA

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1999

UN proper shipping name TARS, LIQUID

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group III

IMDG

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1999

UN proper shipping name TARS, LIQUID

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group III
Marine pollutant No

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that license requirements are met

Hazardous chemical

Liquids that meet the criteria for Class 3 Packing Group II or III

Threshold quantity (T) 50 000

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory	
Xylene - 1330-20-7	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1 including individual or mixed	
	isomers	

International Inventories

AIIC

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals or are exempt.

Legend:

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 02/2018

Reason(s) For Issue: Updated Formulation

30-Nov-2022 **Issuing Date:**

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet has been complied in accordance with GHS Guidance for the preparation of Safety Data Sheets and COP Preparation of SDS for Hazardous Chemicals Safe Work Australia.

Where applicable, specific chemical composition details are provided to allow the product to be classified according to UN Number, HAZCHEM coding etc. The information contained herein is based on the data available to BITUMINOUS PRODUCTS PTY LTD from both our suppliers and technical sources and from recognized published references and is believed to be both accurate and reliable. BITUMINOUS PRODUCTS PTY LTD has made no effort to censor or to conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the many different conditions under which this information and our products may be used, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended application and confirm whether they are appropriate.

Due care should be taken to make sure that the use or disposal of the product is in compliance with the appropriate Federal, State, and Local Government regulations.

End of Safety Data Sheet