

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 28-May-2024

Revision Number 1

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name VIROZOLV
Product Code(s) 000000054641

Other means of identification

UN number or ID number 3265

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Sanitiser.
Uses advised against No information available.

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents This product contains one or more substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list. Verify requirements related to using, handling, and storing these substances.

Details of manufacturer or importer

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd
ABN: 51 600 546 512
Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street
Melbourne 3000
Australia

Telephone Number: +61 3 9906 3000

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number **1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)**

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Respiratory sensitization	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2

Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3

Label elements

Corrosion
Health hazard
Exclamation mark

**Signal word**

DANGER

Hazard statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H312 - Harmful in contact with skin
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H332 - Harmful if inhaled
H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
Use personal protective equipment as required.
Wear respiratory protection.
Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS).
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Toxic to aquatic life.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	10-<30
Glutaraldehyde	111-30-8	1-<10
Ethane-1,2-dione (Glyoxal)	107-22-2	1-<10
Organic acid	-	1-<10
Ammonium compound	-	1-<10
Sodium salt	-	1-<10
Non hazardous component(s)	-	to 100

Section 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). Burning. May cause allergic skin reaction. Rashes. Hives. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Coughing and/ or wheezing.

Effects of Exposure No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Corrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code 2X

Section 6: Accidental release measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Personal precautions Attention! Corrosive material. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal.

Section 7: Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep out of reach of children.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from foodstuffs. Keep container closed when not in use.

This material is a Scheduled Poison and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Incompatible materials Strong alkalis.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection**Control parameters**

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace

Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV
Formaldehyde 50-00-0	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 1.2 mg/m ³ STEL: 2 ppm STEL: 2.5 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.3 ppm STEL: 0.6 ppm	TWA: 0.1 ppm STEL: 0.3 ppm dermal sensitizer;respiratory sensitizer
Glutaraldehyde 111-30-8	Peak: 0.1 ppm Peak: 0.41 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 0.05 ppm Ceiling: 0.21 mg/m ³	dermal sensitizer;respiratory sensitizer Ceiling: 0.05 ppm activated or unactivated
Ethane-1,2-dione (Glyoxal) 107-22-2	-	-	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ inhalable fraction and vapor dermal sensitizer

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
Formaldehyde 50-00-0	TWA: 0.37 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.3 ppm *	TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ STEL: 2 ppm STEL: 2.5 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.3 ppm TWA: 0.37 mg/m ³ Peak: 0.6 ppm Peak: 0.74 mg/m ³ skin sensitizer
Glutaraldehyde 111-30-8	-	TWA: 0.05 ppm TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ STEL: 0.05 ppm STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ Sen+	TWA: 0.05 ppm TWA: 0.21 mg/m ³ Peak: 0.1 ppm Peak: 0.42 mg/m ³ respiratory and skin sensitizer
Ethane-1,2-dione (Glyoxal) 107-22-2	-	-	SK* skin sensitizer

Formaldehyde: 8hr TWA = 1.2 mg/m³ (1 ppm), 15 min STEL = 2.5 mg/m³ (2 ppm), Carcinogen Category 2, Sen
Glutaraldehyde: Peak Limitation = 0.41 mg/m³ (0.1 ppm), Sen

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

Carcinogen Category 2 - substances suspected of having carcinogenic potential. The available information is not adequate for making a satisfactory assessment.

'Sen' Notice - sensitiser. The substance can cause a specific immune response in some people. An affected individual may subsequently react to exposure to minute levels of that substance and should not be further exposed to the substance.

Peak Limitation - a maximum or peak airborne concentration of a particular substance determined over the shortest analytically practicable period of time which does not exceed 15 minutes.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and

the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.



Eye/face protection	Tight sealing safety goggles. If splashes are likely to occur: Face protection shield.
Skin and body protection	Rubber boots. Apron. Overalls.
Hand protection	Elbow-length impervious gloves.
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.
Thermal hazards	No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	Clear
Color	Colourless to Light yellow
Odor	Pungent Formaldehyde
Odor threshold	No information available

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
pH	1.4-3.0 (100%)	None known
pH (as aqueous solution)	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	Not applicable	None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	1.05-1.09	None known
Water solubility	Miscible in water	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known

Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information**Section 10: Stability and reactivity**Reactivity

Reactivity Reacts with strong alkalis.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Do not contaminate food or feed stuffs.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

Section 11: Toxicological informationInformation on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory system. Harmful by inhalation. May cause sensitization by inhalation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Skin contact Causes severe burns. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Ingestion Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach.

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). Burning. May cause allergic skin reaction. Rashes. Hives. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Coughing and/ or wheezing.

Acute toxicity .**Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information**

No information available

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Formaldehyde	= 100 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	< 463 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Glutaraldehyde	= 252 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 40.1 ppm (Rat) 4 h = 23.5 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Ethane-1,2-dione (Glyoxal)	= 200 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 2.44 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe burns. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	A respiratory sensitizer. A skin sensitizer. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Suspected of causing genetic defects. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer by inhalation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data. The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	Australia	European Union	IARC
Formaldehyde - 50-00-0	Carc. 1B	Carc. 1B	Group 1

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.
Chronic effects:	Low concentrations of formaldehyde may cause sensitisation by skin contact. Formaldehyde is irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Asthma-like symptoms

have occasionally been reported following inhalation. Animal studies have shown formaldehyde to cause carcinogenic effects. In particular, chronic inhalation studies in rats have shown the development of nasal cavity carcinomas at 6 and 15 ppm. These cancers developed at concentrations which produced chronic tissue irritation and would not be tolerated by humans. Some epidemiological studies show an increased risk of various types of cancer; however, data are conflicting and no clear cut evidence of carcinogenicity is indicated. Some positive mutagenic effects have been reported for formaldehyde. Available animal data do not show embryonic or teratogenic effects following exposure to formaldehyde.

Formaldehyde has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a Group 1. Group 1 - the agent is carcinogenic to humans.

Overexposure to glutaraldehyde have been known to produce liver damage in animals studies.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Formaldehyde	-	LC50: 22.6 - 25.7mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =1510µg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =41mg/L (96h, Brachydanio rerio) LC50: 0.032 - 0.226mL/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 100 - 136mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 23.2 - 29.7mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	-	LC50: =2mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: 11.3 - 18mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
Glutaraldehyde	EC50: =0.61mg/L (72h, Desmodemus subspicatus) EC50: =0.84mg/L (96h, Desmodemus subspicatus)	LC50: 7.8 - 22mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 2.6 - 4.8mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 7.8 - 13mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: =5.4mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	-	EC50: =14mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: 0.56 - 1.0mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
Ethane-1,2-dione (Glyoxal)	EC50: >500mg/L (72h, Desmodemus subspicatus) EC50: >500mg/L (96h, Desmodemus subspicatus) EC50: <=348.59mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella)	LC50: =215mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	-	EC50: =404mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

	subcapitata)			
--	--------------	--	--	--

Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Formaldehyde	0.35
Glutaraldehyde	-0.36
Ethane-1,2-dione (Glyoxal)	-1

Mobility

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

See section 8 for more information

Section 14: Transport information

ADG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number or ID number 3265
Proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS GLUTARALDEHYDE)
Transport hazard class(es) 8
Packing group II
Hazchem code 2X

IATA Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 3265
UN proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS GLUTARALDEHYDE)
Transport hazard class(es) 8
Packing group II

IMDG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number	3265
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS GLUTARALDEHYDE)
Transport hazard class(es)	8
Packing group	II
IMDG EMS Fire	F-A
IMDG EMS Spill	S-B
Marine pollutant	Not applicable

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
No information available

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)
Poison Schedule Number 6

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

Chemical name	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Formaldehyde - 50-00-0	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status Present	Specific information requirement: Obligations to provide information apply. You must tell us within 28 days if the circumstances of your importation or manufacture (introduction) are different to those in our assessment.
Glutaraldehyde - 111-30-8	Present	Specific information requirement: Obligations to provide information apply. You must tell us within 28 days if the circumstances of your importation or manufacture (introduction) are different to those in our assessment.
Ethane-1,2-dione (Glyoxal) - 107-22-2	Present	-

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product contains one or more substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list. Verify requirements related to using, handling, and storing these substances.

Chemical name	Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents
Formaldehyde - 50-00-0	Category 2

Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that license requirements are met

Chemical name	Threshold quantity (T)
Formaldehyde - 50-00-0	50 tonne TQ >90%

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Formaldehyde - 50-00-0	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1
Glutaraldehyde - 111-30-8	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1
Ethane-1,2-dione (Glyoxal) - 107-22-2	20 MWh Threshold category 2b total 60000 MWh Threshold category 2b total 1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total 25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total 400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total 2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total

International Inventories

AIIC	All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.
NZIoC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
KECL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:**AIIC**- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances**International Regulations****The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer** Not applicable**The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** Not applicable**The Rotterdam Convention** Not applicable**Section 16: Other information****Reason(s) For Issue:** First Issue Primary SDS**Prepared By** This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision date: 28-May-2024

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration
LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
C	Carcinogen		

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database
European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)
Environmental Protection Agency
Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGl(s))
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals
Food Research Journal
Hazardous Substance Database
International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)
National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)
Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)
NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)
National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)
U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)
New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set
World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet