SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 16-Sep-2024

Revision Number 1

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name PICRIC ACID (>30% WATER)

Product Code(s) 000000054680

Other means of identification

UN number or ID number 1344

Synonyms Phenol, 2,4,6-trinitro- (>30% water content); 2,4,6-Trinitrophenol (>30% water content).

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Dye; Dye Intermediate; Explosive; Intermediate for organic synthesis.

Uses advised against No information available.

Details of manufacturer or importer

Supplier

IXOM Operations Pty Ltd ABN: 51 600 546 512 Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street Melbourne 3000

Australia

Telephone Number: +61 3 9906 3000

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail: DANGEROUS GOODS.

GHS Classification

Flammable solids	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 3
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 3
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1

Label elements

Flame

Skull and crossbones

Corrosion

Exclamation mark



Signal word DANGER

Hazard statements

H228 - Flammable solid

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating / lighting/ .? / equipment.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Wash eyes thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS).

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Rinse mouth

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish...

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
2,4,6-Trinitrophenol (Picric acid)	88-89-1	68.5
Water	7732-18-5	31.5

Section 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the

substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical

attention immediately.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep

eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion Remove dentures if present. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

Self-protection of the first aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Do not breathe

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not allow material to dry out. If material is dry re-dampen with water. Sensitive explosive. Care must be taken in carrying out first aid procedures to ensure that it is not

initiated through impact, friction, or electrical spark (static or power).

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Can cause corneal burns.

May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.

Effects of Exposure No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media Water. Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Sand.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Explosive when dry. Do not allow evaporation to dryness. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Most vapors are heavier than air. Vapors may spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas

(sewers, basements, tanks).

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn.

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Hazchem code 1W

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protective equipment as required. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with product system. All equipment should be non-sparking. All equipment may need to be explosion-proof based on a risk assessment.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if

safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Keep

out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Prevent dust cloud.

Methods for cleaning up Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled

containers. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protective

equipment as required.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use personal protection equipment. Ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with product system. All equipment should be non-sparking.

All equipment may need to be explosion-proof based on a risk assessment.

General hygiene considerations Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat,

sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not contaminate food or feed stuffs.

Store locked up. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Alkalis. Strong bases. Reducing agents. Heavy metals. Heavy metal salts. Ammonia.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Chemical name	Australia	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV
2,4,6-Trinitrophenol (Picric acid) 88-89-1	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ STEL: 0.2 mg/m³ Sk*	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
2,4,6-Trinitrophenol (Picric acid)	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	Sk*
88-89-1	-	STEL: 0.3 mg/m ³	skin sensitizer

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.



Tight sealing safety goggles. Eye/face protection

Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Overalls. Antistatic Skin and body protection

Hand protection Elbow-length impervious gloves.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a dust mask/respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Thermal hazards No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Solid **Appearance** Crystals Color Yellow Odor Odourless

Odor threshold No information available

Property Values Remarks • Method

No data available None known pН pH (as aqueous solution) No data available None known

Melting point / freezing point 122°C

Boiling point / boiling range No data available

150°C Flash point CC (closed cup) **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) None known No data available None known

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

No data available Vapor pressure Vapor density 7.9 (air=1) Relative density 1.8 (water=1) Water solubility 14 g/L

No data available Solubility(ies) None known log Pow = 2.03**Partition coefficient** None known

300°C **Autoignition temperature**

No data available **Decomposition temperature** None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known No data available None known **Dynamic viscosity**

Other information

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Reactivity Increased explosion risk if desensitizer is reduced. Keep wetted with plenty of water. This

product can explode when heated, exposed to open flames, or subjected to friction, shock, or impact. It can react chemically with strong oxidizers. It can react with heavy metal

powders to form metal salts, increasing sensitivity.

Chemical stability

Stability Explosive properties. Heating may cause an explosion. Risk of explosion by shock, friction,

fire or other sources of ignition.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact Yes. Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Increased explosion risk if desensitizer is reduced. Keep wetted with plenty of water.

Hazardous polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Friction. Dispersal of

dust in the air. Do not contaminate food or feed stuffs.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Alkalis. Strong bases. Reducing agents. Heavy metals. Heavy metal salts. Ammonia.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety

Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is

mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation. Toxic if inhaled.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Skin contact May cause irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Toxic in contact with skin.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Toxic if

swallowed.

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Can cause corneal burns.

May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.

Acute toxicity .

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

No information available

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
2,4,6-Trinitrophenol (Picric acid)	= 200 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Water	> 90 mL/kg (Rat)	-	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation No information available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based

on component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods

based on component data.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

Mobility

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld

containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for

recycling or disposal.

See section 8 for more information

Section 14: Transport information

ADG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code

(ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number or ID number 1344

Proper shipping name TRINITROPHENOL (PICRIC ACID), WETTED

Transport hazard class(es) 4.1
Packing group |
Hazchem code 1W

IATA Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS. TRANSPORT PROHIBITED under the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air in Passenger and Cargo Aircraft; may be

transported by Cargo Aircraft Only.

UN number 1344

UN proper shipping name TRINITROPHENOL, WETTED

Transport hazard class(es) 4.1
Packing group

<u>IMDG</u> Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1344

UN proper shipping name TRINITROPHENOL (PICRIC ACID), WETTED

Transport hazard class(es) 4.1
Packing group I
IMDG EMS Fire F-B
IMDG EMS Spill S-J

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

No poisons schedule number allocated

Poison Schedule Number Not applicable

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
2,4,6-Trinitrophenol (Picric acid) -	Present	-
88-89-1		
Water - 7732-18-5	Present	-

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

International Inventories

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

NZIoC Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **TSCA DSL/NDSL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **KECL PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

Section 16: Other information

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 02/2024

Reason(s) For Issue: First Issue Primary SDS

Prepared By

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Revision date: 16-Sep-2024

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since IXOM Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their IXOM representative or IXOM Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

IXOM Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet