

## **1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

#### **Product Name:**

Other name(s):

## METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER

Methacrylic acid, methyl ester; Stabilised Methyl methacrylate monomer; Methacrylic acid, methyl ester; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester; MMA.

**Recommended Use of the Chemical** Monomer used in plastics manufacture. **and Restrictions on Use** 

Supplier: ABN: Street Address:	Ixom Operations Pty Ltd 51 600 546 512 Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street East Melbourne Victoria 3002 Australia	
Telephone Number:	+61 3 9906 3000	
Emergency Telephone:	<b>1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)</b>	

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

#### Classification of the chemical:

Flammable liquids - Category 2 Skin Irritation - Category 2 Skin Sensitisation - Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

#### SIGNAL WORD: DANGER



Hazard Statement(s): H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.



#### Precautionary Statement(s):

#### **Prevention:**

- P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground or bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P261 Avoid breathing mist, vapours, spray.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

#### **Response:**

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

P321 Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on Safety Data Sheet).

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

#### Storage:

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): None allocated.

## **3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Components	CAS Number	Proportion	Hazard Codes
Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	>99%	H225 H335 H315 H317
2,4-Dimethyl-6-t-butylphenol	1879-09-0	<1%	H302 H311 H315 H317 H319 H373 H411

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

#### Inhalation:

Remove victim from area of exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If patient finds breathing difficult and develops a bluish discolouration of the skin (which suggests a lack of oxygen in the blood - cyanosis), ensure airways are clear of any obstruction and have a qualified person give oxygen through a face mask. Apply artificial respiration if patient is not breathing. Seek immediate medical advice.

#### Skin Contact:

If skin or hair contact occurs, immediately remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin and hair thoroughly with running water. If swelling, redness, blistering or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

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#### Eye Contact:

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

#### Ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. Seek medical advice.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically.

## **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Normal foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

#### Hazchem or Emergency Action Code: 3YE

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Highly flammable liquid. Avoid all ignition sources. All potential sources of ignition (open flames, pilot lights, furnaces, spark producing switches and electrical equipment etc) must be eliminated both in and near the work area. Do NOT smoke. May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Heating can cause expansion or decomposition of the material, which can lead to the containers exploding. If safe to do so, remove containers from the path of fire. Keep containers cool with water spray. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Emergency procedures/Environmental precautions:**

Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

#### Personal precautions/Protective equipment/Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact and breathing in vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in vapour. Keep out of reach of children. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store at temperatures not exceeding 25°C. Protect from light. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks. For methyl methacrylate, the effectiveness of the inhibitor is dependent on the presence of oxygen in the liquid monomer. It is therefore essential the product is stored under air and NOT under an inert atmosphere. Do not allow material to freeze out.

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Methyl methacrylate: 8hr TWA = 208 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (50 ppm), 15 min STEL = 416 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (100 ppm) Sen

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

`Sen' Notice - sensitiser. The substance can cause a specific immune response in some people. An affected individual may subsequently react to exposure to minute levels of that substance and should not be further exposed to the substance.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Workplace Exposure Standards. Vapour heavier than air - prevent concentration in hollows or sumps. DO NOT enter confined spaces where vapour may have collected. Keep containers closed when not in use.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

#### Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.



Wear overalls, safety glasses and impervious gloves. Use with adequate ventilation. If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

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# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:	₋iquid
Colour: C	Colourless
Odour: P	Pungent
Odour Threshold: 0	).5-1.0 ppm
Molecular Formula: C	CH2=C(CH3)COOCH3
Specific Gravity: 0	).936 @25°C
Relative Vapour Density (air=1): 3	3.46
Vapour Pressure (20 °C): 3	37 hPa
Flash Point (°C): 9	) (Closed cup)
Flammability Limits (%): 2	2.12-12.5 (V)
Autoignition Temperature (°C): 4	400 @1013.25 hPa
Solubility in water (g/L): 1	15.3 @20°C
Boiling Point/Range (°C): 1	100.5
Partition Coefficient: 1	1.38 (n-Octanol/water)
Freezing Point/Range (°C): -4	48

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity:	Will exothermically polymerise in the presence of initiators.
Chemical stability:	Stable in the presence of inhibitor.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Susceptible to polymerisation initiated by prolonged heating or the presence of catalyst. May polymerise on exposure to light.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Avoid exposure to light.
Incompatible materials:	Incompatible with strong oxidising agents , strong acids , strong bases , polymerisation catalysts , oxides and salts of transition metals , organic nitrogen containing compounds , cyclohexanone/cyclohexenol tautomer , reducing agents , halogens .
Hazardous decomposition products:	Does not decompose up to auto-ignition temperature.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Ingestion:	Swallowing may result in irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.
Eye contact:	May be an eye irritant.
Skin contact:	Contact with skin will result in irritation. A skin sensitiser. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to allergic contact dermatitis. Can be absorbed through the skin with resultant adverse effects.
Inhalation:	Material is irritant to the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract (airways). Breathing in vapour can result in headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, and possible nausea.



Acute toxicity: Oral LD50 (rat): 7900 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (rabbit): >5000 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 (rat): 78000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>/4hr

Skin corrosion/irritation:	Irritant (rabbit).
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Non-irritant (rabbit).
Respiratory or skin	A skin sensitiser (human).
sensitisation:	

**Chronic effects:** Available evidence from animal studies indicate that repeated or prolonged exposure to this material could result in effects on the liver , kidneys and central nervous system.

Methyl methacrylate has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a Group 3 agent. Group 3 - The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Aspiration hazard:

No information available.

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity	Avoid contaminating waterways.
Persistence/degradability:	The material is readily biodegradable.
Bioaccumulative potential:	No information available.
Mobility in soil:	No information available.
48hr EC50 (Daphnia magna): 96hr LC50 (bluegill sunfish): 96hr LC50 (fathead minnow):	69 mg/L 283 mg/L 130 mg/L

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **Disposal methods:**

Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of material through a licensed waste contractor. Advise flammable nature. Normally suitable for incineration by an approved agent.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### Road and Rail Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.



UN No: Transport Hazard Class: Packing Group: Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name:

1247 3 Flammable Liquid II METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER, STABILIZED

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Hazchem or Emergency Action 3YE Code:

#### Marine Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No: Transport Hazard Class: Packing Group: Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name:	1247 3 Flammable Liquid II METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER, STABILIZED
IMDG EMS Fire:	F-E
IMDG EMS Spill:	S-D

#### Air Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No:	1247
Transport Hazard Class:	3 Flammable Liquid
Packing Group:	II
Proper Shipping Name or	METHYL METHACRYLATE, MONOMER, STABILIZED
Technical Name:	

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Classification:

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

#### Classification of the chemical:

Flammable liquids - Category 2 Skin Irritation - Category 2 Skin Sensitisation - Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

#### Hazard Statement(s):

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H315 Causes skin irritation.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): None allocated.

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Supplier Safety Data Sheet; 03/ 2016.

This safety data sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd Toxicology & SDS Services.



Reason(s) for Issue:

5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.