# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 16-Feb-2024



Revision Number 7

Section 1: Identification		
Product identifier		
Product Name	POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE	
Product Code(s)	000031017801	
Other means of identification		
UN number or ID number	1490	
CAS No.	7722-64-7	
Pure substance/mixture	Substance	
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use		
Recommended use	Oxidizing agent.	
Uses advised against	No information available.	
Details of manufacturer or impo	orter	
Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd ABN: 51 600 546 512 Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street		

ABN: 51 600 546 512 Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street Melbourne 3000 Australia

Telephone Number: +61 3 9906 3000

### Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

### Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

GHS Classification	
Oxidizing solids	Category 2
Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category C
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1



Signal word DANGER

### Hazard statements

- H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use.

- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials.
- Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.
- Do not breathe dusts or mists.
- Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
- Use personal protective equipment as required.
- Avoid release to the environment.

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

- Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS).
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
- Rinse mouth.
- Do NOT induce vomiting.
- In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish...
- Collect spillage.

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

## Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Potassium permanganate	7722-64-7	>97

Section 4: First aid measures		
Description of first aid measures		
General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.	
Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. (Call a physician if symptoms occur).	
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.	
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). Burning.	
Effects of Exposure	No information available.	
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.	

# Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Water spray or fog.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Halones.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Promotes the combustion (oxidizer). Can cause fire and explosion when in contact with flammable substances. Any material contaminated with the product (e.g. clothes) ignites easily and burns vigorously - increased fire hazard. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Contact with incompatible materials or heat (135°C / 275°F) could result in violent exothermic chemical reaction.	

Carbon oxides. Metal oxides. Hazardous combustion products

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Special protective equipment and Use personal protection equipment. precautions for fire-fighters

Hazchem code

1Y Section 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.	
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.	
Methods for cleaning up	Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Carefully shovel or sweep up spilled material and place in suitable container. Avoid generating dust. Never return spill or leaks to original containers for re-use. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Recover the cleaning water for subsequent disposal.	

### Section 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid generation of dust. Do not breathe dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Not to be used by pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or who are breastfeeding. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND PETS.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store locked up. Keep container closed when not in use.	
Incompatible materials	Acids. Peroxides. Reducing agent. Combustible material. Finely powdered metals. Ammonium compounds. Cyanides. Formaldehyde. Anti-freeze. Hydraulic fluids. Hydrogen	

### Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

fluoride.

### Control parameters

**Exposure Limits** 

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Manganese, dust & compounds (as Mn): 8hr TWA = 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Manganese, fume (as Mn): 8hr TWA = 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 15 min STEL = 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

#### Engineering controls

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.

Eye/face protection	Tight sealing safety goggles.
Skin and body protection	Overalls. Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Boots.
Hand protection	Elbow-length impervious gloves.
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a dust mask/respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.
Thermal hazards	No information available.

### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance Color	Solid No information available Dark Purple	
Odor Odor threshold	Odourless No information available	
ouor intestiona		
Property	Values	Remarks • Method
pH	10 (5% solution)	None known
Melting point / freezing point	Starts to decompose with evolution of	None known
	oxygen (O2) at temperatures above	
	150 °C. Once initiated, the	
	decomposition is exothermic and	
Deiling point / beiling ronge	self-sustaining. No data available	None known
Boiling point / boiling range Flash point	Not applicable	None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive	Not applicable	
limits		
Lower flammability or explosive	Not applicable	
limits		
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	2.7 @20°C (water=1)	None known
Water solubility	No data available 6% @ 20°C	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available No data available	None known None known
Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic Houseky		

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Other information

# Section 10: Stability and reactivity

### **Reactivity**

Reactivity	Oxidizer. Contact with hydrochloric acid liberates chlorine gas.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impac Sensitivity to static discharge	t None. None.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	Contact with combustible material may cause fire. Can explode in contact with sulphuric acid, peroxides and metal powders. Starts to decompose with evolution of oxygen (O2) at temperatures above 150°C. Once initiated, the decomposition is exothermic and self-sustaining. Contact with incompatible materials or heat (135°C / 275°F) could result in violent exothermic chemical reaction.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials or heat (135°C / 275°F) could result in violent exothermic chemical reaction. Do not contaminate food or feed stuffs.
Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Acids. Peroxides. Reducing agent. Combustible material. Finely powdered metals. Ammonium compounds. Cyanides. Formaldehyde. Anti-freeze. Hydraulic fluids. Hydrogen fluoride.

### Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxygen, which will support combustion.

# Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation.
Eye contact	Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach.
Symptoms	Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). Burning.

Acute toxicity .

### Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

D Inhalation LC50
Rat) -

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe burns.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not a skin sensitiser (guinea pig).
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.

Carcinogenicity	Not listed as carcinogenic according to IARC. (IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer).
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.
Chronic effects:	Available evidence from animal studies indicate that repeated or prolonged exposure to this material could result in effects on the central nervous system.

## Section 12: Ecological information

### **Ecotoxicity**

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Potassium permanganate	-	LC50: 2.97 - 3.11mg/L	-	-
		(96h, Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: 3.16 - 3.77mg/L		
		(96h, Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: =2.3mg/L (96h,		
		Lepomis macrochirus)		
		LC50: 1.8 - 5.6mg/L		
		(96h, Lepomis		
		macrochirus)		
		LC50: =2.7mg/L (96h,		
		Lepomis macrochirus)		
		LC50: 1.08 - 1.38mg/L		
		(96h, Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss)		
		LC50: 0.769 - 1.27mg/L		
		(96h, Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss)		

Terrestrial ecotoxicity	There is no data for this product.	
Persistence and degradability		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradation is not an applicable endpoint since the product is an inorganic substance.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulation	There is no data for this product.	

**Mobility** 

Mobility	No information available.	
Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	No information available.	
Section 13: Disposal considerations		
Waste treatment methods		
Waste from residues/unused products	Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of material through a licensed waste contractor.	
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.	

See section 8 for more information

Section 14: Transport information

Section 14: Transport in	iformation
ADG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number or ID number Proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Hazchem code	1490 POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE 5.1 II II
ΙΑΤΑ	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group	1490 POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE 5.1 II
IMDG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group IMDG EMS Fire IMDG EMS Spill Marine pollutant	1490 POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE 5.1 II F-H S-Q P
Transport in bulk according to	Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No information available

# Section 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### National regulations

### Australia

Classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG).

Classified as a hazardous substance in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS). See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

### Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) **Poison Schedule Number** 6

### Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Potassium permanganate - 7722-64-7	Present	-

### **Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents**

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

Chemical name	Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents
Potassium permanganate - 7722-64-7	Category 3

### National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Potassium permanganate - 7722-64-7	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1

International Inventories AIIC	This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.
NZIOC	This material is listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.
TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
KECL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

**AIIC-** Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

### International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

### Section 16: Other information

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 11/2021

Reason(s) For Issue:	Revised Primary SDS Change in Proper Shipping Name
Prepared By	This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).
Revision date:	16-Feb-2024

### **Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

#### Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

### Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
C	Carcinogen		C C

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDSAgency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView DatabaseEuropean Food Safety Authority (EFSA)EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide ActU.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume ChemicalsFood Research JournalHazardous Substance DatabaseInternational Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)Australia National Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set World Health Organization

### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**