SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 14-Aug-2020

Revision Number 2

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name GREEN TEA LITE 00165AA

Product Code(s) 000000025738

Other means of identification

UN number 3082

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Fragrances

Uses advised against No information available.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia

Street Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 309 2528 Facsimile: +64 9 0508 366 364

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and the Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017.

GHS Classification

SIGNAL WORD

Warning

Flammable liquids	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 2
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2

Label elements



Hazard statements

H227 - Combustible liquid

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet for extinction.

Collect spillage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

In the case of a substance that is in compliance with a HSNO approval other than a Part 6A (Group Standards) approval, a label must provide a description of one or more appropriate and achievable methods for the disposal of a substance in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017. This may also include any method of disposal that must be avoided.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

No information available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Naphthalene, 54464-57-2		1-<10%
2-acetyl-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-octahydro-2,3,8,8-tetramethyl		
-		
.alphaHexylcinnamaldehyde	101-86-0	1-<10%
Oils, bergamot	8007-75-8	1-<10%

Galaxolide	1222-05-5	1-<10%
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	1-<10%
Citral	5392-40-5	1-<10%
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	78-70-6	1-<10%
2-methyl-3-(4-tertbutylphenyl)-propanal (Lilial)	80-54-6	1-<10%
D,L-Citronellol	106-22-9	1-<10%
Oils, grapefruit	8016-20-4	1-<10%
3-Buten-2-one,	127-51-5	1-<10%
3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-yl)- (Isomethylalphaionone)		
Lemon oil	8008-56-8	0.1-<1%
Other ingredient(s)	-	to 100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice Take a copy of the Safety Data Sheet when going for medical treatment.

Emergency telephone number Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

Eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids.

Consult a physician.

Skin contact Wash skin with soap and water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal

protein foam can be used.

Unsuitable extinguishing media No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Combustible material. Environmentally hazardous.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code •3Z

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapors. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Remove all sources of ignition. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protective equipment as required.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up

Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and

place into a container for later disposal.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Remove all

sources of ignition.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from

foodstuffs and sources of heat or ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety

Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Diethyl phthalate: WES-TWA 5 mg/m3

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



Eye/face protection Goggles.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Skin and body protectionBoots. Wear suitable protective clothing. Overalls.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic

vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Clear Liquid

Appearance No information available.
Color Pale Yellow to Yellow
Odor Green Citrus Floral Musk

No information available. **Odor threshold**

Property Values Remarks • Method

No data available pН None known

No data available Melting point / freezing point No data available Boiling point / boiling range

86°C Flash point

CC (closed cup) **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressure No data available Vapor density No data available 0.977-0.997 @20°C Relative density Water solubility No data available

Solubility(ies) No data available None known **Partition coefficient** None known No data available

No data available Autoignition temperature

Decomposition temperature No data available None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known Dynamic viscosity No data available None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product InformationNo adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Symptoms Irritation.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

No information available.

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
.alphaHexylcinnamaldehyde	= 3100 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Oils, bergamot	= 11520 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Galaxolide	> 3250 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3250 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Diethyl phthalate	= 8600 mg/kg (Rat)	> 11200 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4.64 mg/L (Rat) 6 h
Citral	= 4960 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2250 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	= 2790 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) = 5610 mg/kg (Rat)	-
2-methyl-3-(4-tertbutylphenyl)- propanal (Lilial)	= 1390 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 1802 mg/m³ (Rat)4 h
D,L-Citronellol	= 3450 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2650 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Oils, grapefruit	> 5 g/kg (Rat)	> 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	-
3-Buten-2-one, 3-methyl-4-(2,6,6-trimethyl-2-cy clohexen-1-yl)- (Isomethylalphaionone)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Lemon oil	= 2840 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5 g/kg(Rabbit)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Irritating to skin. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on

component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based

on component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause sensitization by skin contact Classification is based on mixture calculation

methods based on component data

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

Chemical name	EarthWorm	Avian	Honeybees
Diethyl phthalate	LC50 0.66 - 1.09 mg/cm2 (Eisenia foetida 48 h filter paper)	-	-

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Diethyl phthalate	EC50: =23mg/L (72h,	LC50: =17mg/L (96h, Pimephales	EC50: 36 - 74mg/L (48h, Daphnia
	Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50:	promelas) LC50: =16.8mg/L (96h,	magna) EC50: =86mg/L (48h,
	=21mg/L (96h, Desmodesmus	Pimephales promelas) LC50:	Daphnia magna)
	subspicatus) EC50: 42 - 255mg/L	=22mg/L (96h, Lepomis	
	(72h, Pseudokirchneriella	macrochirus) LC50: =16.7mg/L	
	subcapitata) EC50: 2.11 - 4.29mg/L	(96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50:	
	(96h, Pseudokirchneriella	=12mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus	
	subcapitata)	mykiss)	
Citral	EC50: =16mg/L (72h,	LC50: 4.6 - 10mg/L (96h, Leuciscus	EC50: =7mg/L (48h, Daphnia
	Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50:	idus)	magna)
	=19mg/L (96h, Desmodesmus		
	subspicatus)		
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl-		LC50: =27.8mg/L (96h,	EC50: =20mg/L (48h, Daphnia
(Linalool)	Desmodesmus subspicatus)	Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 22 -	magna)
, 2		46mg/L (96h, Leuciscus idus)	
2-methyl-3-(4-tertbutylphenyl)-	-	LC50: 2.2 - 4.6mg/L (96h,	EC50: =10.7mg/L (48h, Daphnia
propanal (Lilial)		Brachydanio rerio)	magna)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Mobility

Mobility in soil No information available.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Diethyl phthalate	2.35
Citral	2.76
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool)	2.84 - 3.1
2-methyl-3-(4-tertbutylphenyl)-propanal (Lilial)	4.2

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Chemical name	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Endocrine disrupting potential
Diethyl phthalate	Group III Chemical	-	-

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste.

Contaminated packaging

Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 substance)

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous

Goods on Land.

UN number 3082

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS

BERGAMOT OIL AND GALAXOLIDE)

Hazard class9Packing groupIIIHazchem code•3Z

IATA Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 3082

UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS

BERGAMOT OIL AND GALAXOLIDE)

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group

9 III

IMDG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 308

UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS

BERGAMOT OIL AND GALAXOLIDE)

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group

IMDG EMS Fire

IMDG EMS Spill

S-F

Marine pollutant

9

III

F-A

F-A

Yes

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

New Zealand

National regulations See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Chemical name	New Zealand HSNO Chemical Classification
Diethyl phthalate - 84-66-2	6.1D (All),6.1D (I),6.1D (O),9.1D (All),9.1D (A),9.1D (C),9.1D
	(F),9.3C
Citral - 5392-40-5	3.1D,6.1D (All),6.1D (O),6.1E (D),6.3A,6.5B,6.9B (All),6.9B
	(O),9.1D (All),9.1D (F),9.2D,9.3C
	3.1D,6.3B,6.5B,6.9B (All),6.9B (O)
1,6-Octadien-3-ol, 3,7-dimethyl- (Linalool) - 78-70-6	3.1D,6.1E (All),6.1E (O),6.3A
	6.3B
D,L-Citronellol - 106-22-9	3.1D,6.3A,6.5B,9.1B (All),9.1B (A),9.1B (C),9.1B (F)
	6.3B,6.5B,9.1C (All),9.1C (A),9.1C (C),9.1C (F)
Oils, grapefruit - 8016-20-4	3.1C,6.1E (All),6.1E (O),6.5B,9.1A (All),9.1A (F),9.1C (All),9.1C
	(C),9.2B
Lemon oil - 8008-56-8	3.1C,6.1E (All),6.1E (O),6.5B,8.2C,8.3A

International Inventories

NZIoC Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **TSCA** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **DSL/NDSL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **IECSC KECL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

AICS All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical

Substances.

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Issuing Date: 14-Aug-2020

Reason(s) For Issue: Revised Primary SDS

Revision Note:

Ceiling

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris.

End of Safety Data Sheet