



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 24-Jul-2024

Revision Number 2

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name TASI MINT 00655AC (FCIA00655AC)

Product Code(s) 000000026270

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Fragrances.

Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia
Street Address: 166 Totara Street
Mt Maunganui South
New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 309 2528

Facsimile: +64 9 0508 366 364

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

Section 2: Hazard identification

Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 3
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 3

Label elements

**Signal word**

Danger

Hazard statements H315 - Causes skin irritation
 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
 H318 - Causes serious eye damage
 H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child
 H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.
 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
 Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
 Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS).
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Harmful to aquatic life.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	30-60
2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethenyl)-, (R)-; (L-Carvone)	6485-40-1	10-<30
Menthol	89-78-1	10-<30
Methyl salicylate	119-36-8	1-<10
d-Limonene	5989-27-5	1-<10
1,8-Cineole	470-82-6	1-<10
.beta.-Caryophyllene	87-44-5	<1

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Other component(s)	-	to 100

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. (Call a physician if symptoms occur).
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Irritating. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.
Effects of Exposure	No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	May cause sensitization by skin contact. Can cause corneal burns. Treat symptomatically.
---------------------------	--

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.
-------------------------------------	--

Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.
---------------------------------------	---------------------------

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Combustible liquid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
---	---

Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon.
--------------------------------------	-------------------

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.
---	---

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove all sources of ignition. See section 8 for more information.
Other information	Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.
----------------------------------	--

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Provide adequate ventilation.
Methods for cleaning up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use personal protective equipment as required. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards	Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.
--	--

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use according to package label instructions. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Not to be used by pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or who are breastfeeding. Keep out of reach of children.
General hygiene considerations	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials (refer to SDS). Store away from foodstuffs and sources of heat or ignition. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10.
---------------------------	---

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituents:.

Chemical name	New Zealand	Australia	ACGIH TLV	United Kingdom
Diethyl phthalate 84-66-2	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	8hr TWA = 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ STEL: 10 mg/m ³

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. The exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



Eye/face protection

Tight sealing safety goggles.

Hand protection

Impervious gloves.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Overalls. Boots.

Respiratory protection

If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	Clear
Color	Colourless to Light yellow
Odor	Fresh Mint Spicy
Odor threshold	No information available

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
pH	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	98 °C	CC (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	1.029 - 1.049 @20°C	None known
Water solubility	No data available	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature		None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

Particle characteristics

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not contaminate food

or feed stuffs.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Symptoms Irritating. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Diethyl phthalate	= 8600 mg/kg (Rat)	> 11200 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4.64 mg/L (Rat) 6 h
2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethenyl)-, (R)-; (L-Carvone)	= 5400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-
Menthol	= 3180 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 5289 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
Methyl salicylate	= 887 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
d-Limonene	= 5200 mg/kg (Rat) = 4400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	-
1,8-Cineole	= 2480 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause sensitization by skin contact. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	New Zealand	IARC
d-Limonene - 5989-27-5	-	Group 3

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Data used to identify the health effects Refer to Section 16 for Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity Avoid contaminating waterways. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Diethyl phthalate	EC50: =23mg/L (72h, <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>) EC50: =21mg/L (96h, <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>) EC50: 42 - 255mg/L (72h, <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>) EC50: 2.11 - 4.29mg/L (96h, <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>)	LC50: =17mg/L (96h, <i>Pimephales promelas</i>) LC50: =16.8mg/L (96h, <i>Pimephales promelas</i>) LC50: =22mg/L (96h, <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) LC50: =16.7mg/L (96h, <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) LC50: =12mg/L (96h, <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	EC50: 36 - 74mg/L (48h, <i>Daphnia magna</i>) EC50: =86mg/L (48h, <i>Daphnia magna</i>)
2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethenyl)-, (R)-; (L-Carvone)	-	LC50: =6.1mg/L (96h, <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	-
d-Limonene	-	LC50: 0.619 - 0.796mg/L (96h, <i>Pimephales promelas</i>) LC50: =35mg/L (96h, <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	LC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea) 0.577 mg/L/48 hr (1)
1,8-Cineole	-	LC50: 95.4 - 109mg/L (96h,	-

		Pimephales promelas)	
--	--	----------------------	--

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
Diethyl phthalate	LC50 0.66 - 1.09 mg/cm2 (Eisenia foetida 48 h filter paper)	-	-

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Diethyl phthalate	2.2
2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethenyl)-, (R)-; (L-Carvone)	2.74
Menthol	3.4
Methyl salicylate	2.55
d-Limonene	4.23
1,8-Cineole	3.4
.beta.-Caryophyllene	1.648

Mobility in soil

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021 of the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste.

Contaminated packaging For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous substances, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the substance that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from.
 Packages may only be reused or recycled if:
 - the substance has a physical hazard other than corrosive to metal, and has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance;
 - or for substances that have a health or environmental hazard, or corrosive to metal, the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Section 14: Transport information

<u>ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT</u>	Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.
<u>IATA</u>	Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.
<u>IMDG</u>	Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

Special precautions for user

Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard HSR002503 - Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard)

National regulations There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain explosives, vertebrate toxic agents and fumigants. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017 for more information

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

International Inventories

NZIoC	All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.
TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
KECL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
AIIC	All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

TCSI Chemicals.
Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances**AIIC** **AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals****TCSI** - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory**Section 16: Other information**

Prepared By This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).
Revision date: 24-Jul-2024
Reason(s) For Issue: Revised Primary SDS
Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification
First Issue Primary SDS NZ

Revision Note:

***Indicates updated data since last publication.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet**Legend**

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances

vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
**	Hazard Designation	+	Sensitizers
C	Carcinogen		

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set
World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet