# SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Revision date: 01-Mar-2024

# B

# Product identifier **Product Name** SUGAR GUM 00000027223 Product Code(s) Other means of identification IMB-C; Liquid Smoke; Smoke Concentrate; Natural Smoke Flavouring. Synonyms Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use As a food ingredient or flavouring to produce smoke flavour notes in various applications. Recommended use Primary use is for internal flavouring of meat products. No information available Uses advised against Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia Street Address: 166 Totara Street Mt Maunganui South New Zealand Telephone Number: +64 9 309 2528 Facsimile: +64 9 0508 366 364 For further information, please contact **Contact Point** Product Safety Department Emergency telephone number **Emergency Telephone** 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS) Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet. 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classification

Signal word Warning

#### **Revision Number** 1

Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 Approval number: HSR002503

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2

#### Label elements



Hazard statements H315 - Causes skin irritation H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Wear eye/face protection Wear protective gloves Wash hands thoroughly after handling IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse **Precautionary Statements - Storage** Not applicable **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

## **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### <u>Mixture</u>

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Hickory smoke, distillate	74113-74-9	30-80
Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monooleate	9005-65-6	<10
Carbonic acid, monosodium salt	144-55-8	<10
Non hazardous component(s)	-	to 100

#### Additional information

Acetic Acid is a minor component of Smoke Condensates

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

General advice	This product presents no hazards under normal conditions of use
Emergency telephone number	Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. (Call a physician if symptoms occur).	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician if irritation persists.	
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. (Call a physician if symptoms occur).	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness).	
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEAS	URES
Suitable Extinguishing Media	
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the Non-combustible. chemical

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

**Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters** Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. See section 8 for more information.
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.	
Methods for cleaning up	Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.	
Precautions to prevent secondary hazards		
Prevention of secondary hazards	Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.	

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protection equipment. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.	
General hygiene considerations	Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		

 Storage Conditions
 Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Bases.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control parameters

**Exposure Limits** 

Acetic acid: WES-TWA 10 ppm, 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; WES-STEL 15 ppm, 37 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

WES - STEL (Workplace Exposure Standard - Short Term Exposure Limits) - The 15 minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15 minute period in the working day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue change, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both short-term and eight-hour, time-weighted average exposures should be determined.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

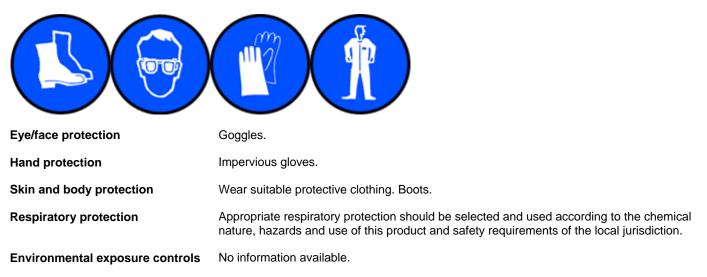
#### Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering controls** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

No information available Amber to Dark brown

Strong Wood Smoke No information available

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties Physical state Liquid

Physical state Appearance Color Odor Odor threshold

Property_	Values
рН	3.5-5.0
Melting point / freezing point	No data available
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available
Flash point	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Flammability Limit in Air	
Upper flammability or explosive	No data available
limits	
Lower flammability or explosive	No data available
limits	

#### Remarks • Method None known

None known None known None known None known None known None known

Vapor pressure
Vapor density
Relative density
Water solubility
Solubility(ies)
Partition coefficient
Autoignition temperature
Hyphen
Kinematic viscosity
Dynamic viscosity

No data available No data available 1.070-1.090 @25°C No data available None known None known

Other information

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity_		
Reactivity	Non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.	
Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.	
Explosion data		
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	None.	
Sensitivity to static discharge	None.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.	
Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Heat.	
Incompatible materials		
Incompatible materials	Bases.	
Hazardous decomposition products		
Hazardous decomposition products Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2).		
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		

#### Acute toxicity

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information		Product does not present an acute toxicity hazard based on known or supplied information
	Inhalation	May cause irritation. May cause sensitization in susceptible persons.
	Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.
	Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause sensitization in susceptible persons.

Ingestion

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Symptoms

May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness).

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity No information available

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monooleate	= 34500 µL/kg (Rat)	-	-
Carbonic acid, monosodium salt	= 4220 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	May cause sensitization in susceptible persons.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.	
Carcinogenicity	No information available.	
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.	
STOT - single exposure	No information available.	
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.	
Aspiration hazard	No information available.	

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Ecotoxicit	Keep out of waterways.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

There is no data for this product

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monooleate	-	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): ca. 471 mg/l(96h)(1)	LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia): 165 mg/l(1)
Carbonic acid, monosodium salt	-	LC50: 8250 - 9000mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50: =2350mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability		
Persistence and degradability	No information available.	
<b>Discoursulative notantial</b>		
Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulation	No information available.	
Mobility		
Mobility in soil	No information available.	
Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	No information available.	
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDER	ATIONS	
Waste treatment methods		
Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste.	
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.	
14. TRANSPORT INFORM	ATION	
ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT	Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.	
IATA	Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS	
	GOODS.	

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

New Zealand

National regulations

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

International Inventories NZIoC	All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals or are regulated through the Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ).
TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
KECL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
AIIC	All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Legend:

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

- **ENCS** Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
- **IECSC** China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
- **KECL** Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals** 

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 02/2021

Prepared By	This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).
Issuing Date:	11-Feb-2022
Reason(s) For Issue:	First Issue Primary SDS

**Revision Note:** 

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend	Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONA	L PROTECTION	
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		-

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet