# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 20-Mar-2024 Revision Number 6

# Section 1: Identification

**Product identifier** 

Product Name PHENOXYETHANOL

**Product Code(s)** 000000030047

Other means of identification

**CAS No.** 122-99-6

Synonyms Phenoxetol; Phenoxyethyl alcohol; Sepicide LD; AFPHE02000; Saliethanol BP

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Antioxidant.

Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia Street Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 309 2528 Facsimile: +64 9 0508 366 364

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

# Section 2: Hazard identification

Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020. GHS Classification

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3

### Label elements



### Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H318 - Causes serious eye damage H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS).

### **Eyes**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

#### Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Rinse mouth.

# **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

No information available.

# Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
2-phenoxyethanol	122-99-6	>99

# Section 4: First-aid measures

### **Description of first aid measures**

#### **General advice**

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

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Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur. IF exposed or

concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open

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while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce

vomiting. Call a physician.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear personal protective clothing (see section 8). Self-protection of the first aider

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation. **Symptoms** 

**Effects of Exposure** No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

## Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** 

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam. Fine water spray.

No information available. Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray, Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Combustible

liquid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon.

**Hazardous combustion products** Oxides of carbon.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and

precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

Use personal protection equipment.

# Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure adequate

ventilation. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use

personal protective equipment as required.

Other information Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Ventilate the area. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. For emergency responders

**Environmental precautions** 

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. See Section 12 for additional Ecological

Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not touch or walk through spilled

material. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation.

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Methods for cleaning up Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled

containers. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

**Prevention of secondary hazards** Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

# Section 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with

skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Ensure adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static

discharges.

**General hygiene considerations** Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do

not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling

the product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight.

Keep out of the reach of children. Store locked up. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from foodstuffs and sources of heat or ignition. Store below 35°C. Store away

from incompatible materials described in Section 10.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.

## Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety

Authority.

Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering controls** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

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### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES.



Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Overalls. Boots.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic

vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

None known

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No information available. **Environmental exposure controls** 

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid **Appearance** Clear

Color Colourless to Pale Yellow

Odor Faint. Aromatic.

**Odor threshold** No information available

**Property Values** Remarks • Method 5.5 - 7.0 11 - 13 °C 244 - 246 °C solution (1 %) pН Melting point / freezing point None known Boiling point / boiling range None known 121 °C Flash point CC (closed cup) **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known

Flammability Limit in Air Upper flammability or explosive 9

limits

Lower flammability or explosive 1.4

limits

No data available None known Vapor pressure Vapor density 4.77 None known Relative density 1.105 - 1.11 None known Water solubility No data available None known Solubility(ies) Immiscible in water. Miscible in alcohol, None known

ether and sodium hydroxide.

Partition coefficient No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** No data available None known **Decomposition temperature** 

None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known **Dynamic viscosity** No data available None known

No information available. **Explosive properties** No information available. **Oxidizing properties** 

Other information

Softening point
Molecular weight
VOC Content (%)
Liquid Density
Bulk density
No information available

# Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

**Reactivity** No information available.

Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Direct sunlight. Do not

contaminate food or feed stuffs.

Incompatible materials

**Incompatible materials** Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous decomposition products** 

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

# Section 11: Toxicological information

### **Acute toxicity**

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety

Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is

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mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

**Inhalation** May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.

**Skin contact** May cause irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Harmful if

swallowed.

Symptoms Burning. May cause blindness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
2-phenoxyethanol	= 1850 mg/kg (Rat)	= 5 mL/kg (Rabbit)	> 0.057 mg/L (Rat) 8 h

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Skin corrosion/irritation** No information available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes burns. Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

**Carcinogenicity** No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

**STOT - single exposure** May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT - repeated exposure**No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** No information available.

Data used to identify the health

effects

Refer to Section 16 for Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the

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SDS.

# Section 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

Aquatic ecotoxicity Avoid contaminating waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
2-phenoxyethanol	EC50: >500mg/L (72h,	LC50: 337 - 352mg/L (96h,	EC50: >500mg/L (48h,
	Desmodesmus subspicatus)	Pimephales promelas)	Daphnia magna)
		LC50: =366mg/L (96h,	
		Pimephales promelas)	

**Terrestrial ecotoxicity** There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability No information available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### **Bioaccumulation**

**Component Information** 

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
2-phenoxyethanol	1.2

### Mobility in soil

**Mobility** No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

# Section 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021 of the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act.

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Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste.

Contaminated packaging

For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous substances, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the substance that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from

Packages may only be reused or recycled if:

- the substance has a physical hazard other than corrosive to metal, and has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance;
- or for substances that have a health or environmental hazard, or corrosive to metal, the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

# Section 14: Transport information

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

IATA Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport

Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air: NON-DANGEROUS

GOODS.

<u>IMDG</u>
Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

## Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

### Special precautions for user

Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information

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# Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard

HSR002503 - Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard)

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**National regulations** 

There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits

according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check

the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain explosives, vertebrate toxic agents and fumigants. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017 for more information

### **International Regulations**

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

International Inventories

NZIoC This material is listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

TSCA

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

DSL/NDSL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

KECL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

AllC This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

TCSI Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AIIC AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

# Section 16: Other information

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Prepared By This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

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SDS Services).

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Reason(s) For Issue: Revised Primary SDS

Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification

### **Revision Note:**

\*\*\*Indicates updated data since last publication.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

#### Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation \* Sensitizers

C Carcinogen

### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

**Environmental Protection Agency** 

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

**End of Safety Data Sheet** 

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