# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 12-Nov-2020

# **1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

Product identifier	
Product Name	POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL STEARATE
Product Code(s)	00000031364
Other means of identification	
CAS No.	9004-99-3
Synonyms	Lipopeg 4-S; Lipopeg 10-S; Lipopeg 39-S; Lipopeg 100-S; Lumulse POE (4) MS
Recommended use of the chemical	and restrictions on use
Recommended use	Emulsifier.
Uses advised against	No information available.
Details of the supplier of the safety	data sheet
<u>Supplier</u> Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Ja Street Address: 166 Totara Street Mt Maunganui South New Zealand	acobs division) - incorporated in Australia
Telephone Number: +64 9 309 2528 Facsimile: +64 9 0508 366 364	
For further information, please contained	act
Contact Point	Product Safety Department
Emergency telephone number	
Emergency Telephone	0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Based on available information, not classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and the Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017.

#### **GHS Classification**

### Label elements



#### Hazard statements

Other hazards which do not result in classification Dust can form an explosive mixture with air

### **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### Substance

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),	9004-99-3	100
.alpha(1-oxooctadecyl)omegahydroxy-		

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

Emergency telephone number	Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766 Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	No information available.	
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.	
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASU	RES	

Suitable Extinguishing Media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Combustible material. Dusts or fumes may form explosive mixtures in air. Avoid generation of dust.	

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for<br/>fire-fightersFirefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout<br/>gear. Use personal protection equipment.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid generation of dust. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.		
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.		
Environmental precautions			
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.		
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.		
Methods for cleaning up	Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generation of dust.		
Precautions to prevent secondary hazards			
Prevention of secondary hazards	Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.		

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
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Precautions for safe handling			
Advice on safe handling	Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Avoid generation of dust. Ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with product system. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.		
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities			
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.		
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.		

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for particulate(s):

Particulates not otherwise classified: 8hr WES-TWA 10 mg/m3 (inhalable dust) or 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust)

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering controls** Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.



### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical propertiesPhysical stateSolidAppearanceNo information available.ColorWhite to Off-whiteOdorMild, CharacteristicOdor thresholdNo information available.

Property pH	Values No data available	Remarks • Method None known
Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range	137 - 140 ℃ > 100 ℃	
Flash point	> 149 °C	
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	0.95 - 1.10	
Water solubility	No data available	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	
Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Explosion data	
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Dust formation. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge).
Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	<u>8</u>
Hazardous decomposition products	s Carbon oxides.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute toxicity

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	Inhalation of dust in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.
Eye contact	Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Skin contact	Not expected to cause skin irritation.
Ingestion	May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large amounts.
Symptoms	No information available.
Acute toxicity	

## Numerical measures of toxicity

No information available.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),	= 53 mL/kg (Rat)	-	-
.alpha(1-oxooctadecyl)omeg	> 20 g/kg (Rat)		
ahydroxy-			

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	No information available.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No information available.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.	
Carcinogenicity	No information available.	
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.	
STOT - single exposure	No information available.	
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.	
Aspiration hazard	No information available.	

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity	There is no data for this product.				
Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable.				
Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation Mobility	Material does not bioaccumulate.				
Mobility in soil	No information available.				
Other adverse effects Other adverse effects	No information available.				
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDER	ATIONS				
Waste treatment methods					
Waste from residues/unused products	Landfill or incineration in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.				
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.				
14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION					
ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT	Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.				
<u>IATA</u>	Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.				
IMDG	Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.				

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

New Zealand	
National regulations	See section 8 for national exposure control parameters
International Inventories NZIoC	This material is listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

TSCA DSL/NDSL EINECS/ELINCS ENCS IECSC KECL DICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
AICS	This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

#### Legend:

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

#### International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 11/ 2020LIPO is a trademark. Lumulse is a trademark.Issuing Date:17-Nov-2020

Reason(s) For Issue:

5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

**Revision Note:** 

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section	8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSON/	AL PROTECTION	
TŴA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		

#### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

End of Safety Data Sheet