

# **1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

Product Name:

## CARBOPOL ULTREZ 20 POLYMER

**Recommended Use of the Chemical** Cosmetic applications. and Restrictions on Use

Supplier: Street Address:	Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia 166 Totara Street Mt Maunganui South New Zealand
Telephone Number:	+64 9 309 2528
Facsimile:	+64 9 0508 366 364
Emergency Telephone:	<b>0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)</b>

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and the Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017.

### SIGNAL WORD: WARNING

#### Subclasses:

Subclass 6.4 Category A - Substances that are irritating to the eye. Subclass 9.1 Category D - Substances that are slightly harmful to the aquatic environment or are otherwise designed for biocidal action.

Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017 Approval Number: HSR002503



Hazard Statement(s): H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

### Precautionary Statement(s):

### **Prevention:**

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.P273 Avoid release to the environment.



#### **Response:**

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Storage:

No storage statements.

#### Disposal:

P501 In case of a substance that is in compliance with a HSNO approval other than a Part 6A (Group Standards) approval, a label must provide a description of one or more appropriate and achievable methods for the disposal of a substance in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017. This may also include any method of disposal that must be avoided.

## **3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Product Description: Contains 1-10% ethoxylated alcohols.

Components	CAS Number	Proportion	Hazard Codes
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	0.1-1%	H225 H304 H315 H336 H400 H410
Other component(s)	-	to 100%	-

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

### Inhalation:

Remove victim from area of exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Seek medical advice if effects persist.

### Skin Contact:

If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin and hair with soap and water. If irritation occurs seek medical advice.

### Eye Contact:

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

### Ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. Seek medical advice.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically.

### **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Fine water spray, normal foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).



### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Not determined.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Combustible solid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon and aldehydes . May form flammable dust clouds in air. For precautions necessary refer to Safety Data Sheet "Dust Explosion Hazards".

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion. Keep containers cool with water spray.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### **Emergency procedures/Environmental precautions:**

Shut off all possible sources of ignition. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

### Personal precautions/Protective equipment/Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact and breathing in dust. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Cover with damp absorbent (inert material, sand or soil). Sweep or vacuum up, but avoid generating dust. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. Wash area down with detergent and excess water. Material is slippery when wet.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in dust.

Avoid handling which leads to dust formation. May form flammable dust clouds in air. For precautions necessary refer to Safety Data Sheet "Dust Explosion Hazards". Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Electrostatic discharges may occur when pumping/transferring/pouring the dry powder. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for spills.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Workplace Exposure Standards:** No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Cyclohexane: WES-TWA 100 ppm, 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; WES-STEL 300 ppm, 1050 mg/m<sup>3</sup>



As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

WES - STEL (Workplace Exposure Standard - Short Term Exposure Limits) - The 15 minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15 minute period in the working day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue change, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both short-term and eight-hour, time-weighted average exposures should be determined.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

### Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure ventilation is adequate and that air concentrations of components are controlled below quoted Workplace Exposure Standards. Keep containers closed when not in use.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

### Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.



Wear overalls, chemical goggles and impervious gloves. Avoid generating and inhaling dusts. If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a dust mask/respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:	Powder
Colour:	White
Odour:	Slight Acrylic

Product Name: CARBOPOL ULTREZ 20 POLYMER Substance No: 00000035212 Issued: 30/09/2019 Version: 4



Odour Threshold:	Not available
Solubility:	Swells in water.
Specific Gravity:	1.4 @ 20°C
Relative Vapour Density (air=1):	Not available
Vapour Pressure (20 °C):	Not available
Flash Point (°C):	Not applicable
Flammability Limits (%):	Not available
Autoignition Temperature (°C):	~480 (dust cloud)
Explosive properties:	Minimum explosive concentration: 115 g/m <sup>3</sup>
Melting Point/Range (°C):	Not available
Decomposition Point (°C):	Not available
pH:	2.5 - 3 (1% in water)
Partition Coefficient:	Not available

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity:	No information available.
Chemical stability:	Stable under normal conditions of use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Dust explosion hazard. Heat may be generated if the material comes into contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia , sodium hydroxide , potassium hydroxide or strongly basic amines . Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Avoid dust generation. Avoid exposure to moisture.
Incompatible materials:	Incompatible with alkalis, strong bases.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Oxides of carbon.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Ingestion:	Swallowing may result in irritation of the gastrointestinal tract. Swallowing may result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and abdominal pain.	
Eye contact:	An eye irritant.	
Skin contact:	Contact with skin may result in irritation.	
Inhalation:	Breathing in dust may result in respiratory irritation.	
Acute toxicity: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.		

Skin corrosion/irritation:	Non-irritant (rabbit).
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Irritant (rabbit).



Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Not a skin sensitiser.

Chronic effects: No information available for the product.

**Mutagenicity:** No information available. Carcinogenicity: Not listed as carcinogenic according to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). **Reproductive toxicity:** No information available. No information available. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - single exposure: Specific Target Organ Toxicity No information available. (STOT) - repeated exposure: Aspiration hazard:

No information available.

A two-year inhalation study in rats exposed to a respirable, water-absorbent sodium polyacrylate dust resulted in lung effects such as inflammation, hyperplasia and tumors. There were no observed adverse effects at exposures of 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. In addition, long-term medical monitoring of potentially exposed workers has not revealed lung effects such as those observed in the rat. However, the inhalation of respirable dusts should be avoided by implementing respiratory protection measures and observing the recommended permissible exposure limit of 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Contact dermatitis may occur in sensitive individuals under extreme conditions of prolonged and repeated contact such as high exposure accompanied by elevated temperature and occlusion (held onto the skin) by clothing.

This material readily absorbs moisture and may become thick and gelatinous upon contact with mucous membranes of the eye, or upon inhalation into the nasal passages.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	Avoid contaminating waterways.
Persistence/degradability:	No information available for the product.
Bioaccumulative potential:	No information available.
Mobility in soil:	No information available.
Aquatic toxicity:	Harmful to aquatic organisms.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **Disposal methods:**

Refer to local government authority for disposal recommendations. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Road and Rail Transport

Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.



### Marine Transport

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

### Air Transport

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### Classification:

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and the Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017.

#### Subclasses:

Subclass 6.4 Category A - Substances that are irritating to the eye. Subclass 9.1 Category D - Substances that are slightly harmful to the aquatic environment or are otherwise designed for biocidal action.

Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017 Approval Number: HSR002503

### Hazard Statement(s):

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Supplier Safety Data Sheet; 03/ 2019. CARBOPOL is a registered trademark.

This safety data sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology & SDS Services).

### Reason(s) for Issue:

Reissue of an obsolete SDS

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris.