# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 25-May-2022

**Revision Number 4** 

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Product identifier** 

Product Name CARBOPOL 934P NF POLYMER

**Product Code(s)** 000000035273

Other means of identification

**CAS No.** 9003-01-4

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Cosmetics applications

**Uses advised against** No information available.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia

Street Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 309 2528 Facsimile: +64 9 0508 366 364

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classification

**SIGNAL WORD** 

Warning

Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020

Approval Number: HSR002503

Skin sensitization Category 1

#### Label elements



#### **Hazard statements**

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Wear protective gloves

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS) IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

No storage statements

### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form combustible dust concentrations in air

Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixtures

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

	Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Ī	Acrylic acid	79-10-7	0.1-0.9
ſ	2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	9003-01-4	to 100

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Emergency telephone number Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

Eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

**Skin contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Note to physicians**May cause sensitization by skin contact. Treat symptomatically.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** 

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media Carbon dioxide (CO2) may be ineffective on large fires.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Combustible solid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon.

Dust can form an explosive mixture with air. Avoid generation of dust.

Hazardous combustion products Oxides of carbon. Aldehydes.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin,

eyes, and clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. Work up wind or

increase ventilation. Avoid generation of dust.

For emergency responders Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection

recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for containment**Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate

ventilation.

Methods for cleaning up Slippery when wet. Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container. Avoid

generation of dust. Use personal protective equipment as required. Pick up and transfer to

properly labelled containers.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid generation of dust. Use personal

protection equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good

industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**General hygiene considerations** Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands

before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes,

and clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Store

away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from incompatible materials (refer to

SDS). Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Strong bases.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety

Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Acrylic acid: WES-TWA 2 ppm, 5.9 mg/m³, dsen, skin

Particulates not otherwise classified: 8hr WES-TWA 10 mg/m³ (inhalable dust) or 3 mg/m³ (respirable dust)

Supplier recommended Exposure Standard: PEL: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

(dsen) - Dermal sensitiser.

`Skin' Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

#### PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

#### **Engineering controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.



Eye/face protection Glasses.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Overalls. Boots.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a dust mask/respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Powder

**Appearance** No information available.

Color White Odor Slight Acetic

No information available. **Odor threshold** 

Remarks • Method **Property** Values

2.5 - 3.0 (1% in water) None known Melting point / freezing point No data available None known Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known Not Applicable Flash point None known No data available None known **Evaporation rate** None known No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive

limits

No data available

Vapor pressure No data available None known Vapor density No data available None known

None known

Relative density 1.4 @ 20°C

Water solubility
Solubility(ies)
No data available
Swells in water.

Solubility(ies)Swells in water.None knownPartition coefficientNo data availableNone knownAutoignition temperature520 °CNone known

Decomposition temperatureNo data availableNone knownKinematic viscosityNo data availableNone knownDynamic viscosityNo data availableNone known

Other information

VOC Content (%) <2.0% (moisture)

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

**Reactivity** No information available.

**Chemical stability** 

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition

source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Heat may be generate if the material comes into contact with strong basic materials.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Avoid contact with combustible

substances. Dust formation. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Direct sunlight.

**Incompatible materials** 

Incompatible materials Strong bases.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon. Aldehydes.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Acute toxicity**

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

**Inhalation** Breathing in dust may result in respiratory irritation.

**Eye contact** May cause irritation. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

**Skin contact** May cause irritation. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to irritation. May cause

sensitization by skin contact.

**Ingestion** May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large amounts.

Symptoms May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.

Acute toxicity

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

No LD50 data available for the product. However, based on similar product(s):

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) >10000 mg/kg ATEmix (dermal) >2000 mg/kg

**Component Information** 

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Acrylic acid	= 193 mg/kg(Rat) = 33500 μg/kg (Rat)	= 280 μL/kg (Rabbit)= 295 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 3.6 mg/L (Rat)4 h = 11.1 mg/L (Rat)1 h
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	= 2500 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 1.71 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Skin corrosion/irritation**No information available.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** No information available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause sensitization by skin contact. Classification is based on mixture calculation

methods based on component data.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No information available.

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	New Zealand	IARC
Acrylic acid - 79-10-7		Group 3
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer - 9003-01-4		Group 3

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure**No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** No information available.

Other adverse effects Contact dermatitis may occur in sensitive individuals under extreme conditions of prolonged

and repeated contact such as high exposure accompanied by elevated temperature and occlusion (held onto the skin) by clothing. A two-year inhalation study in rats exposed to a respirable, water-absorbent sodium polyacrylate dust resulted in lung effects such as inflammation, hyperplasia and tumors. There were no observed adverse effects at exposures of 0.05mg/m³. In addition, long-term medical monitoring of potentially exposed

workers has not revealed lung effects such as those observed in the rat. However, the inhalation of respirable dusts should be avoided by implementing respiratory protection measures and observing the recommended permissible exposure limit of 0.05 mg/m³. Pre-existing skin problems may be aggravated by prolonged or repeated contact. Persons with sensitive airways (e.g. ,asthmatics) may react to vapours. This material readily absorbs moisture and may become thick and gelatinous up on contact with mucous membranes of the eye, or upon inhalation into the nasal passages.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Ecotoxicity** Avoid contaminating waterways.

**Terrestrial ecotoxicity** There is no data for this product.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Acrylic acid		LC50: =222mg/L (96h, Brachydanio	
	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	rerio)	magna) LC50: =270mg/L (24h,
	EC50: =0.04mg/L (72h,		Daphnia magna)
	Desmodesmus subspicatus)		
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	-	LC50: =580mg/L (96h, Lepomis	EC50: =168mg/L (96h, water flea)
		macrochirus)	

### Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability 25% or greater of the components show limited biodegradation based on OECD301- type

test data.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

Mobility

Mobility in soil No information available.

Component Information

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Chemical name		Partition coefficient	
Ī	Acrylic acid	0.38 - 0.46	

#### Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste.

Contaminated packaging For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous chemicals, the person must

ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any chemical. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the chemical that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

IATA Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport

Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air;

NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

IMDG Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**New Zealand** 

National regulations See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

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**International Inventories** 

NZIOC All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

TSCA

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals** 

#### International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

CARBOPOL is a registered trademark. Supplier Safety Data Sheet 05/2012

Prepared By This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Issuing Date: 25-May-2022

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification

#### **Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

# Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

C Carcinogen

# Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

### Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom

Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**