# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 30-May-2022

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

AMIPEEL-OFF

00000035451

Product identifier Product Name Product Code(s)

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Cosmetics applications

Uses advised against No information available.

## Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

### **Supplier**

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia Street Address: 166 Totara Street Mt Maunganui South New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 309 2528 Facsimile: +64 9 0508 366 364

### For further information, please contact

**Contact Point** 

Product Safety Department

### Emergency telephone number

**Emergency Telephone** 

### 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

#### GHS Classification

#### SIGNAL WORD Warning

Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 Approval Number: HSR002503

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2



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Revision Number 4
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## Label elements



Hazard statements H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

## Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray **Precautionary Statements - Response** Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell **Precautionary Statements - Storage** No storage statements **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form combustible dust concentrations in air Dust can form an explosive mixture with air

# **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## <u>Mixture</u>

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Diatomaceous earth	61790-53-2	51
Sodium alginate	9005-38-3	30
Calcium sulfate	7778-18-9	15
Tetrasodium pyrophosphate	7722-88-5	4

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.
Emergency telephone number	Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766 Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES			
Suitable Extinguishing Media			
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.		
Chould be extinguishing mould			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Combustible solid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon, oxides of phosphorus, oxides of silicon, oxides of sulfur, oxides of calcium and oxides of sodium. Dust can form an explosive mixture with air.		
Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon. Oxides of sulfur. Oxides of silicon. Oxides of phosphorus. oxides of sodium. Oxides of calcium.		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters			
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.		

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Avoid generation of dust. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Wash thoroughly after handling.		
For emergency responders	Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.		
Environmental precautions			
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.		
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation.		
Methods for cleaning up	Slippery when wet. Use personal protective equipment as required. Cover with damp absorbent(inert material, sand or soil). Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container. Avoid generation of dust. Use non-sparking tools. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.		

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

**Prevention of secondary hazards** Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling			
Advice on safe handling	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Avoid generation of dust. Use personal protection equipment. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.		
General hygiene considerations	Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.		
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities			
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from incompatible materials (refer to SDS). Keep container closed when not in use.		
Incompatible materials	Incompatible with hydrogen halides, halogen oxides, alkali hydroxides, sodium, xenon hexafluoride.		

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Silica-Amorphous Diatomaceous earth (not calcined): WES-TWA 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Calcium sulphate (Gypsum; Plaster of Paris): WES-TWA 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> and Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for particulate(s): Particulates not otherwise classified: 8hr WES-TWA 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (inhalable dust) or 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.
	If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal

Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.

Eye/face protection	Glasses.
Hand protection	Impervious gloves.
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing. Overalls. Boots.
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a dust mask/respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and o	homical proportios	
Physical state	Powder	
Appearance	No information available.	
Color	White	
Odor	Odourless	
Odor threshold	No information available.	
Cubi threshold	No information available.	
Property	Values	Remarks • Method
H	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	No data available	None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive	No data available	
limits		
Lower flammability or explosive	No data available	
limits		
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	0.1 - 0.5 (bulk density)	None known
Water solubility	No data available	
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature	>200 °C	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known

**Dynamic viscosity** 

No data available

None known

Other information

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY** Reactivity No information available. Reactivity Chemical stability Stability Stable under normal conditions. Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition Sensitivity to static discharge source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Possibility of hazardous reactions Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Dust formation. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Incompatible materials Incompatible with hydrogen halides, halogen oxides, alkali hydroxides, sodium, xenon Incompatible materials hexafluoride. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon. Oxides of sulfur. Oxides of silicon. Oxides of phosphorus. oxides of sodium. Oxides of calcium.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute toxicity

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation. Breathing in dust may result in respiratory irritation.
Eye contact	May cause irritation. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. May cause physical irritation to the eyes.
Skin contact	May cause irritation. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to irritation.
Ingestion	May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large amounts.
Symptoms	No information available.

## Acute toxicity

## Numerical measures of toxicity

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Sodium alginate	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Calcium sulfate	> 3000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Tetrasodium pyrophosphate	1000 - 3000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	No information available.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No information available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No data available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Chemical name		New Zealand	IARC	
Diatomaceous earth - 61790-53-2			Group 3	
Reproductive toxicity	No informatio	No information available.		
STOT - single exposure	No information available.			
STOT - repeated exposure	May cause d	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Aspiration hazard	No information available.			
Chronic effects:	This product contains diatomaceous earth that could be at risk for health in case of repeated exposure by inhalation .Activated burnt out diatomaceous earth likely containing hazardous impurities: breathable cristobalite <10µm- concentration 1-10%.			

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Ecotoxicity Av	void contaminating waterways.
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Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Diatomaceous earth	-	LC50: >10000mg/L (72h, Cyprinus	-
		carpio)	
Calcium sulfate	-	LC50: =2980mg/L (96h, Lepomis	EC50: =3200mg/L (120h, Nitscheria
		macrochirus) LC50: >1970mg/L	linearis)
		(96h, Pimephales promelas)	

The material is biodegradable.			
No information available.			
No information available.			
No information available.			
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste.
Contaminated packaging	For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous chemicals, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any chemical. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the chemical that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

# **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT	Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.
<u>IATA</u>	Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.
IMDG	Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### New Zealand

**National regulations** 

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Chemical name	New Zealand HSNO Chemical Classification	
Tetrasodium pyrophosphate - 7722-88-5	6.1E (All),6.1E (O),6.3A,6.4A	

International Inventories This material is listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals. NZIOC **TSCA** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. DSL/NDSL Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. ENCS **IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. KECL Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. PICCS Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. AIIC

Legend:

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

### International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 11/2015 AMIPEEL-OFF is a registered trademark.

Prepared By	This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).	
Issuing Date:	30-May-2022	
Reason(s) For Issue:	5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS	

#### **Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legena Se	ection 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL	PROTECTION	
TŴA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
С	Carcinogen		

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet