SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 20-May-2024 Revision Number 5

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name SEPINOV EMT 10

Product Code(s) 000000039045

Other means of identification

CAS No. 111286-86-3

Synonyms FVC 90

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended useCosmetics applications.

Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia

Street Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 309 2528 Facsimile: +64 9 0508 366 364

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

Section 2: Hazard identification

Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Based on available information, not classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classification

Label elements

Signal word

None

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form combustible dust concentrations in air. May be harmful if swallowed.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
2-propenoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with	111286-86-3	100
2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulf		
onic acid monosodium salt		

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Emergency telephone number Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. (Call a physician if symptoms occur).

Eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Skin contact Wash skin with soap and water. (Call a physician if symptoms occur).

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No information available.

Effects of Exposure No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media High volume water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Combustible solid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulfur and metal oxides. Dusts or fumes may form explosive mixtures in air. Avoid generation of dust. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous combustion products

Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur. Metal oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid

breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid generation of dust. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use personal protective

equipment as required.

Other information Ventilate the area.

For emergency responders Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection

recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. See Section 12 for additional Ecological

Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate

ventilation. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Do not touch or walk through

spilled material. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways.

Methods for cleaning up

Use personal protective equipment as required. Cover with damp absorbent (inert material,

sand or soil). Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container. Avoid generation

of dust. Use non-sparking tools. Collect in properly labelled containers for disposal.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. May form

flammable dust clouds in air. Avoid generation of dust. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use personal protection equipment. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good

industrial hygiene and safety practice.

General hygiene considerations

Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Store

under cover in a dry place. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agent.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituents and particulates:.

Particulates not otherwise classified: 8hr WES-TWA 10 mg/m3 (inhalable dust) or 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust)

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

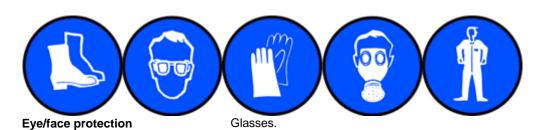
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.



Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Skin and body protection Overalls. Wear suitable protective clothing. Boots.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a dust mask/respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Powder

Appearance No information available

Color White

Odor Characteristic

Odor threshold No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH 4-5.5 (@ 1.5% w/w in aqueous None known

solution]

>250 °C None known Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known Flash point Not Applicable None known No data available **Evaporation rate** None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressureNo data availableNone knownVapor densityNo data availableNone knownRelative densityNo data availableNone known

Water solubility No data available

Solubility(ies)Soluble in waterNone knownPartition coefficientNo data availableNone knownAutoignition temperatureNo data availableNone knownDecomposition temperatureNone known

Kinematic viscosityNo data availableNone knownDynamic viscosityNo data availableNone known

Other information Particle characteristics

Minimum Ignition Energy (mJ) >1000 mJ

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Fine dust dispersed in air, in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition

source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Hygroscopic - absorbs moisture from surrounding air.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Direct sunlight. Keep away

from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. dust formation. static discharge

(electrostatic discharge).

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agent.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur. Metal oxides.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product InformationNo adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety

Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is

mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation. Breathing in dust may result in respiratory irritation. Breathing in dust

may result in respiratory irritation.

Eye contact May cause irritation. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Skin contact May cause irritation.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if consumed in large

amounts.

Symptoms No information available.

Acute toxicity .

Numerical measures of toxicity

Page 6/10

.D50 Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
g/kg (1) -	-
ng	ng/kg (1) -

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Non-irritating to the skin. (1).

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Moderately irritating to eyes. Not categorised. (1).

Respiratory or skin sensitization Non-sensitiser to skin. (1).

Germ cell mutagenicity No mutagenic effect. (1).

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposureNo information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Data used to identify the health effects

Refer to Section 16 for Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the

SDS.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity Avoid contaminating waterways.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
2-propenoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester,	>100 mg/l (Acute)(1)	>100 mg/l (Acute))(1)	>100 mg/l (Acute))(1)
polymer with			
2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-			
1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium			
salt			

Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability Inherently ultimate biodegradable (93%- inherent-28days).

OECD 302B(Zahn-Wellens/EVPA test), 50mg/l DOC, 200 mg/l Activated sludge, (1).

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

Mobility in soil

No information available. **Mobility**

Other adverse effects

No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld Contaminated packaging

containers..

Section 14: Transport information

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport IATA

Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS

GOODS.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous **IMDG**

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea: NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

Special precautions for user

Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval

code or group standard

Not applicable

There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits **National regulations**

according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license

requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further

information

Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain explosives, vertebrate toxic agents and fumigants. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017 for

more information

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

International Inventories

NZIOC This material is listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

TSCA

DSL/NDSL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

KECL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

AllC This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

TCSI Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AIIC AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

Section 16: Other information

SEPINOV is a registered trademark. Supplier Safety Data Sheet 12/2020

Prepared By This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Revision date: 20-May-2024

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

Addition/Change of synonymous name(s) Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification

Change to AICS status

Revision Note:

***Indicates updated data since last publication.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

** Hazard Designation + Sensitizers

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

End of Safety Data Sheet