# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 09-Aug-2022

**Revision Number** 4

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name PERMETHYL 99A

**Product Code(s)** 000000039103

Other means of identification

UN number 2286

**CAS No.** 13475-82-6

**Synonyms** Pentamethylheptane; Isododecane

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Cosmetics applications

**Uses advised against** No information available.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Bronson & Jacobs division) - incorporated in Australia

Street Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 309 2528 Facsimile: +64 9 0508 366 364

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classification

**SIGNAL WORD** 

#### Danger

Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Flammable) Group Standard 2020

Approval Number: HSR002495

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 4

#### Label elements



#### **Hazard statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H413 - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment

Use non-sparking tools

Take action to prevent static discharges

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Avoid release to the environment

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish.

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Substance

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl-	13475-82-6	100

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

**Emergency telephone number** Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is

irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

Eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

**Skin contact** Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. Call a physician

immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Aspiration risk: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Treat symptomatically.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Flammable liquid. On burning will emit toxic fumes, including those of oxides of carbon. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous combustion products Oxides of carbon.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code 3Y

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Evacuate

personnel to safe areas. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use personal

protective equipment as required.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Shut off ignition sources. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection

recommended in Section 8.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. See Section 12 for additional

Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor

suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Remove ignition sources. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material

and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Take precautionary measures

against static discharges. Dam up. Use non-sparking tools. Soak up with inert absorbent

material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

**Prevention of secondary hazards** Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away

from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use personal protection equipment. Use according to

package label instructions.

**General hygiene considerations** Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid

contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store locked up. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away

from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Keep in properly labelled containers. Protect from sunlight. Store in accordance

with local regulations. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control parameters**

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety

Authority.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Vapour heavier than air - prevent

concentration in hollows or sumps. DO NOT enter confined spaces where vapour may have

collected.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.



Eye/face protection Glasses.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

**Skin and body protection** Wear suitable protective clothing. Antistatic boots. Overalls.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour

respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance No information available.

Color Colourless
Odor Odourless

Odor threshold No information available.

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

Not Applicable None known pН -81 °C None known Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range 176 - 192 °C None known Flash point 45 °C CC (closed cup) **Evaporation rate** None known No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive 4.0

limits

Lower flammability or explosive 0.5

limits

0.1 kPa @ 20°C Vapor pressure None known Vapor density 5.9 (air=1) None known 0.747 @ 20°C Relative density None known Water solubility No data available None known None known Solubility(ies) Immiscible in water **Partition coefficient** No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** 410 °C None known **Decomposition temperature** No data available None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known Dynamic viscosity No data available None known

Other information

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

**Reactivity** No information available.

**Chemical stability** 

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Heating can cause expansion or decomposition of the material, which can lead to the

containers exploding.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Avoid contact with

combustible substances. Direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

**Incompatible materials** Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Acute toxicity**

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

**Inhalation** May cause irritation.

**Eye contact** May cause irritation.

**Skin contact** May cause irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May be fatal

if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

**Symptoms** Aspiration risk: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

**Acute toxicity** 

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl-	>5000 mg/kg (based on similar	-	-
	product(s))(1)		

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritationNo information available.Serious eye damage/eye irritationNo information available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No information available.

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure

No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure

No information available.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by

aspiration).

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Ecotoxicity** May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. Avoid contaminating waterways.

**Terrestrial ecotoxicity** 

There is no data for this product.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Heptane, 2,2,4,6,6-pentamethyl-	72hr IC50 (algae): >0.04 mg/L (1)	LC50: >2.8mg/L (96h, Danio rerio)	48hr EC50 (Daphnia magna): >0.04 mg/L (1)

Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** Expected to have a low biodegradation rate.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

<u>Mobility</u>

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste. Class 2, 3 and 4 chemicals - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility. They may only be burnt in certain situations. Class 2.1.1, 3.1 and 4.1.1 chemicals may only be discharged into the environment as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with class 1 or class 5 substances; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation.

#### Contaminated packaging

For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous chemicals, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any chemical. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the chemical that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 2286

Proper shipping name PENTAMETHYLHEPTANE

Hazard class 3
Packing group III

00000039103 - PERMETHYL 99A

A Revision date: 09-Aug-2022 Revision Number 4

Hazchem code 3Y

IATA Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air: DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 2286

UN proper shipping name PENTAMETHYLHEPTANE

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group III

IMDG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 2286

UN proper shipping name PENTAMETHYLHEPTANE

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group III
IMDG EMS Fire F-E
IMDG EMS Spill S-D
Marine pollutant No

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **New Zealand**

National regulations See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

.

**International Inventories** 

NZIOC This material is listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

TSCA

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

KECL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

AllC This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

### Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

#### **International Regulations**

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

(1) Supplier Safety Data Sheet 09/2016

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and **Prepared By** 

SDS Services).

**Issuing Date:** 09-Aug-2022

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

**Revision Note:** 

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA (time-weighted average) STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) TWA STEL

Ceilina Maximum limit value Skin designation

Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Bronson & Jacobs representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

Bronson and Jacobs incorporating the businesses of Woods and Woods and Keith Harris and Australian Botanical Products.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**