

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 10-Nov-2022

Revision Number 3

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

### Product identifier

**Product Name** SODIUM NITRATE 50-65% SOLUTIONS

**Product Code(s)** 000000050298

### Other means of identification

**UN number** 1498

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Recommended use** Water treatment chemical.

**Uses advised against** No information available.

### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### **Supplier**

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia)  
NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street  
Mt Maunganui South  
New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700

Facimile: +64 9 368 2710

### For further information, please contact

**Contact Point** Product Safety Department

### Emergency telephone number

**Emergency Telephone** 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

### GHS Classification

#### **SIGNAL WORD**

Warning

Water Treatment Chemicals (Oxidising Liquids and Solids) Group Standard 2020

Approval Number: HSR002683

<b>Oxidizing liquids</b>	Category 3
<b>Acute toxicity - Oral</b>	Category 4

Label elements**Hazard statements**

H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Wear eye/face protection

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish.

**Precautionary Statements - Storage**

No storage statements

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Hazardous to terrestrial vertebrates.

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Sodium nitrate	7631-99-4	50-65
Water	7732-18-5	to 100

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**Description of first aid measures**General advice**

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

**Emergency telephone number**Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766  
Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26**Inhalation**

Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

**Eye contact**

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.

**Skin contact**

Wash off immediately with plenty of water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

**Symptoms** No information available.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Note to physicians**

Treat symptomatically. May cause methemoglobinemia.

Clinical findings: The smooth muscle relaxant effect of nitrate salts may lead to headache, dizziness and marked hypotension. Cyanosis is clinically detectable when approximately 15% of the haemoglobin has been converted to methaemoglobin (ferric iron). Symptoms such as headache, dizziness, weakness and dyspnoea occur when methemoglobin concentrations are 30% to 40%; at levels of about 60% stupor, convulsions, coma and respiratory paralysis occur and the blood is a chocolate brown colour. At higher levels death may result. Spectrophotometric analysis can determine the presence and concentration of methemoglobin in the blood.

**Treatment:**

1. Give 100% oxygen.
2. In cases of (a) ingestion: use gastric lavage, (b) contamination of skin (unburnt or burnt): continue washing to remove salts.
3. Observe blood pressure and treat hypotension if necessary.
4. When methaemoglobin concentrations exceed 40% or when symptoms are present, give methylene blue 1 or 2 mg/kg body weight in a 1% solution by slow intravenous injection. If cyanosis has not been resolved within one hour a second dose of 2 mg/kg body weight may be given. The total dose should not exceed 7 mg/kg body weight as unwanted effects such as dyspnoea, chest pain, vomiting, diarrhoea, mental confusion and cyanosis may occur. Without treatment methaemoglobin levels of 20-30% revert to normal within 3 days.
5. Bed rest is required for methaemoglobin levels in excess of 40%.
6. Continue to monitor and give oxygen for at least two hours after treatment with methylene blue.
7. Consider transfer to centre where haemoperfusion can be performed to remove the nitrates from the blood if the condition of the patient is unstable.
8. Following inhalation of oxides of nitrogen the patient should be observed in hospital for 24 hours for delayed onset of pulmonary oedema.

Further observation for 2-3 weeks may be required to detect the onset of the inflammatory changes of bronchiolitis fibrosa obliterans.

## **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** Water. Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray or regular foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** No information available.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** Promotes the combustion (oxidizer). Can cause fire and explosion when in contact with flammable substances. Any material contaminated with the product (e.g. clothes) ignites easily and burns vigorously - increased fire hazard.

A major fire may involve a risk of explosion. An adjacent detonation may also involve the risk of explosion.

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** Decomposes on heating emitting irritating white fumes and/or brown fumes. Brown fumes indicate the presence of toxic oxides of nitrogen. On detection of fire the compartment(s) should be opened up to provide maximum ventilation. Fire-fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if there is a risk of exposure to products of combustion/decomposition. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. If safe to do so, prevent molten material from being confined in drains, pipes, etc.

**Hazchem code** 1Z

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**Personal precautions** Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapors. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**For emergency responders** Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

**Environmental precautions**

**Environmental precautions** See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

**Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

**Methods for containment** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

**Methods for cleaning up** Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal.

**Precautions to prevent secondary hazards**

**Prevention of secondary hazards** Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE****Precautions for safe handling**

**Advice on safe handling** Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

**Storage Conditions** Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect from freezing. Keep container closed when not in use.

**Incompatible materials** Reducing agents. Water reactive chemical.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Control parameters**

**Exposure Limits** No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

**Engineering controls** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.



<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Glasses.
<b>Hand protection</b>	Impervious gloves.
<b>Skin and body protection</b>	Overalls. Wear suitable protective clothing. Boots.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	No information available.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid
<b>Appearance</b>	No information available.
<b>Color</b>	Colourless
<b>Odor</b>	Odourless
<b>Odor threshold</b>	No information available.

<b><u>Property</u></b>	<b><u>Values</u></b>	<b><u>Remarks • Method</u></b>
<b>pH</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Melting point / freezing point</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Boiling point / boiling range</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Flash point</b>	Not applicable	None known
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	No data available	None known
<b>Flammability Limit in Air</b>		None known
<b>Upper flammability or explosive limits</b>	Not applicable	
<b>Lower flammability or explosive</b>	Not applicable	

<b>limits</b>		
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	1.6-1.8	None known
Water solubility	Miscible in water	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	Not applicable	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**Reactivity

Reactivity Oxidizer.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions May react with reducing agents.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat. Avoid freezing temperatures.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Reducing agents. Water reactive chemical.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Nitrogen oxides. Disodium oxide.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Acute toxicityInformation on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information** No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

**Inhalation** May cause irritation.

**Eye contact** May cause irritation.

**Skin contact** May cause irritation. Nitrates can be absorbed through cut, burnt or broken skin.

**Ingestion** Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Harmful if swallowed.

**Symptoms** No information available.

### Acute toxicity

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

Refer to component information below.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Sodium nitrate	= 1267 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

#### **Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**

**Skin corrosion/irritation** No information available.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** No information available.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** No information available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No information available.

**Carcinogenicity** Refer to 'Chronic effects' section below.

**Reproductive toxicity** No information available.

**STOT - single exposure** No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure** No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** No information available.

**Chronic effects:** NITRATES: Absorption of nitrates by ingestion, inhalation or through burnt or broken skin may cause dilation of the blood vessels by direct smooth muscle relaxation with a subsequent lowering of blood pressure and may also cause breathing difficulties, blueness of the skin (cyanosis) and methaemoglobinaemia. If nitrosating agents are used with this product, nitrosamines may form. Some nitrosamines have been shown to be carcinogenic in tests with laboratory animals. NITRATES: Ingestion of large quantities will cause methaemoglobinemia with headaches, heart beat irregularities, blood pressure loss, cramps and breathing difficulties. Cyanosis will occur. Nephritis can result from chronic exposure.

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Ecotoxicity

**Ecotoxicity** Keep out of waterways.

**Terrestrial ecotoxicity** Hazardous to terrestrial vertebrates.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Sodium nitrate	-	LC50: =2000mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 994.4 - 1107mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	-

**Persistence and degradability**

**Persistence and degradability** No information available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility**

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

**Component Information**

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Sodium nitrate	-3.8

**Other adverse effects**

**Other adverse effects** No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste treatment methods****Waste from residues/unused products**

Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste. Class 2, 3 and 4 chemicals - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility. They may only be burnt in certain situations. Class 2.1.1, 3.1 and 4.1.1 chemicals may only be discharged into the environment as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with class 1 or class 5 substances; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation.

**Contaminated packaging**

Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical). Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION****ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT**

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN number** 1498  
**Proper shipping name** SODIUM NITRATE SOLUTION  
**Hazard class** 5.1  
**Packing group** III



<b>Hazchem code</b>	1Z
<b><u>IATA</u></b>	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.
<b>UN number</b>	1498
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	SODIUM NITRATE SOLUTION
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	5.1
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b><u>IMDG</u></b>	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.
<b>UN number</b>	1498
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	SODIUM NITRATE SOLUTION
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	5.1
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>IMDG EMS Fire</b>	F-A
<b>IMDG EMS Spill</b>	S-Q

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### New Zealand

**National regulations** See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

#### International Inventories

<b>NZIoC</b>	All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.
<b>TSCA</b>	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
<b>DSL/NDSL</b>	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
<b>EINECS/ELINCS</b>	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
<b>ENCS</b>	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
<b>IECSC</b>	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
<b>KECL</b>	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
<b>PICCS</b>	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
<b>AIIC</b>	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

#### **Legend:**

**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**AIIC** - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

#### International Regulations

**The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer** Not applicable

**The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Prepared By** This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

**Issuing Date:** 10-Nov-2022

**Reason(s) For Issue:** 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

### Revision Note:

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

#### Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
C	Carcinogen		

### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)  
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database  
 European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)  
 EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)  
 Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))  
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act  
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals  
 Food Research Journal  
 Hazardous Substance Database  
 International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)  
 Japan GHS Classification  
 Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)  
 NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)  
 National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)  
 National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)  
 National Toxicology Program (NTP)  
 New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)  
 Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications  
 Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program  
 Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set  
 RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)  
 World Health Organization

### Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**