

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 11-Jul-2023

Revision Number 2

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

### Product identifier

**Product Name** CLEANIX ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL SURFACE SANITISER 75%

**Product Code(s)** 000000051844

### Other means of identification

**UN number** 1219

**Synonyms** CIXSSIPA75

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Recommended use** Surface sanitiser.

**Uses advised against** No information available

### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia)  
NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street  
Mt Maunganui South  
New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700

Facsimile: +64 9 368 2710

### For further information, please contact

**Contact Point** Product Safety Department

### Emergency telephone number

**Emergency Telephone** 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

### GHS Classification

#### **SIGNAL WORD**

Danger

Cleaning Products (Flammable) Group Standard 2020

Approval Number: HSR002528

**Flammable liquids**

Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3

**Label elements**



**Hazard statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking  
Keep container tightly closed  
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment  
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment  
Use only non-sparking tools  
Take precautionary measures against static discharge  
Avoid breathing vapors or mists  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area  
Wash hands thoroughly after handling  
Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention  
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing  
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell  
In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish.

**Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed  
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool  
Store locked up

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**Mixture**

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	75
Non hazardous component(s)	-	to 100

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

**Description of first aid measures**

**General advice** For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

<b>Emergency telephone number</b>	Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766 Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash skin with soap and water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediate medical attention is required.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

**Symptoms** Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Drowsiness. Dizziness.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Note to physicians** Treat symptomatically.

**5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** High volume water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** Highly flammable. Containers may explode when heated. May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Most vapors are heavier than air. Vapors may spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Pay attention to flashback.

**Hazardous combustion products** Carbon oxides.

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

**Hazchem code** •2YE

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**Personal precautions** Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Pay attention to

flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protective equipment as required.

**For emergency responders** Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

**Environmental precautions**

**Environmental precautions** See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

**Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

**Methods for containment** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

**Methods for cleaning up** Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use non-sparking tools.

**Precautions to prevent secondary hazards**

**Prevention of secondary hazards** Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling**

**Advice on safe handling** Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Remove all sources of ignition. Ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with product system. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

**Storage Conditions** Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.

**Packaging materials** Do not store in aluminium containers.

**Incompatible materials** Oxidizing agents. Acids. Alkalis. Halogens. Aldehydes. Amines. Ammonia. Ethylene oxide. Isocyanates.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Control parameters**

**Exposure Limits** No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Isopropyl alcohol: WES-TWA 400 ppm, 983 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; WES-STEL 500 ppm, 1,230 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

WES - STEL (Workplace Exposure Standard - Short Term Exposure Limits) - The 15 minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15 minute period in the working day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue change, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both short-term and eight-hour, time-weighted average exposures should be determined.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

**Engineering controls** Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.



<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Goggles.
<b>Hand protection</b>	Impervious gloves.
<b>Skin and body protection</b>	Antistatic boots. Wear suitable protective clothing. Overalls.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	No information available.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid
<b>Appearance</b>	Clear
<b>Color</b>	Not specified
<b>Odor</b>	Alcohol
<b>Odor threshold</b>	No information available

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
pH	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	
Boiling point / boiling range	80°C	
Flash point	12°C	
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	12% (for IPA)	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	2% (for IPA)	
Vapor pressure	No data available	
Vapor density	>1 (air=1)	
Relative density	0.891	
Water solubility	Miscible in water	
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents. Acids. Alkalis. Halogens. Aldehydes. Amines. Ammonia. Ethylene oxide. Isocyanates.

Hazardous decomposition products

**Hazardous decomposition products** Carbon oxides.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute toxicity

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Product Information</b>	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Skin contact</b>	May cause irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause central nervous system depression.
<b>Symptoms</b>	Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Drowsiness. Dizziness.

### Acute toxicity

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

Refer to component information below.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Isopropyl alcohol	= 1870 mg/kg ( Rat )	= 4059 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	= 72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ( Rat ) 4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Not classified.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>	Not classified.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	Not classified.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Not classified.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Not classified.
<b>STOT - single exposure</b>	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not classified.

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity**

**Ecotoxicity** Keep out of waterways.

**Terrestrial ecotoxicity**

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Isopropyl alcohol	EC50: >1000mg/L (96h, Desmodosmus subspicatus) EC50: >1000mg/L (72h, Desmodosmus subspicatus)	LC50: =9640mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =11130mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: >1400000µg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50: =13299mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

**Persistence and degradability**

**Persistence and degradability** No information available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility**

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

**Component Information**

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05

**Other adverse effects**

**Other adverse effects** No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste treatment methods**

**Waste from residues/unused products**

Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste. Class 2, 3 and 4 chemicals - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility. They may only be burnt in certain situations. Class 2.1.1, 3.1 and 4.1.1 chemicals may only be discharged into the environment as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with class 1 or class 5 substances; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation.

**Contaminated packaging**

For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous chemicals, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any chemical. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the chemical that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove



any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT** Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN number** 1219  
**Proper shipping name** ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL) MIXTURE  
**Hazard class** 3  
**Packing group** II  
**Hazchem code** •2YE

**IATA** Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN number** 1219  
**UN proper shipping name** ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL) MIXTURE  
**Transport hazard class(es)** 3  
**Packing group** II

**IMDG** Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN number** 1219  
**UN proper shipping name** ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL) MIXTURE  
**Transport hazard class(es)** 3  
**Packing group** II  
**IMDG EMS Fire** F-E  
**IMDG EMS Spill** S-D  
**Marine pollutant** No

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### New Zealand

**National regulations** See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

#### International Inventories

**NZIoC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  
**TSCA** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  
**DSL/NDL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  
**EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  
**ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  
**IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  
**KECL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  
**PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.  
**AIIC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

**NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals**

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**DSL/NDL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**AIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals**

**International Regulations**

**The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer** Not applicable

**The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** Not applicable

**The Rotterdam Convention** Not applicable

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 06/ 2023

**Prepared By** This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

**Issuing Date:** 11-Jul-2023

**Reason(s) For Issue:** 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS  
Change to Product Name  
Addition/Change of synonymous name(s)

**Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

**Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet**

**Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
C	Carcinogen		

**Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS**

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)  
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications  
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program  
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set  
RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)  
World Health Organization

**Disclaimer**

**This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.**

**If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.**

**Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.**

**End of Safety Data Sheet**